

**TECHNICAL REPORT IN SUPPORT  
OF SITE PLAN APPROVAL**

**501 & 600 GRIFFIN BROOK DRIVE  
METHUEN, MASSACHUSETTS**

**SEPTEMBER 3, 2024**

**REVISED ON OCTOBER 22, 2024**

**SUBMITTED TO:**

**CITY OF METHUEN  
PLANNING BOARD  
CITY HALL  
SEARLES BUILDING  
41 PLEASANT STREET  
METHUEN, MA 01844**

**APPLICANT:**

**GRIFFIN BROOK DRIVE OWNER LLC  
55 CAMBRIDGE STREET  
BURLINGTON, MA 01803**



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## TECHNICAL REPORT NARRATIVE

### I. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Griffin Brook Drive Owner LLC., the 'Applicant', proposes to develop a portion of the property located at 501 & 600 Griffin Brook Drive to an allowed industrial use in the Limited Industrial Zoning District. The site consists of approximately 22.27 acres of land and has 212.15± feet (ft.) of frontage along Griffin Brook Drive. Vehicular access to the new 95,700 ± square foot ("SF") industrial facility will be provided by modifying the existing parking and driveways at the former 3M Touch Systems site located at 501 Griffin Brook Drive to accommodate new site driveways. Parking, loading and utility infrastructure will also be constructed to support of the new building. The existing building parking area will be improved with new stormwater best management practices and to minimize impervious surface area. The project previously received a variance from the Methuen Board of Appeals, dated February 23, 2022, to modify building height. The project has also received previously a Site Plan Approval from the City of Methuen on June 10, 2002 and an Order of Conditions from MassDEP, the file number is #219-1271. Due to shifts on the market and demand, the project has been modified to include a smaller building footprint and height, and therefore smaller number of parking spaces. The project will be subject to a new Site Plan Plan Review from the Community Development Board and to a modification to the Order of Conditions from the Conservation Commission. The project has applied for a variance from the Methuen Board of Appeals to increase the total lot coverage of the site. The site will be subject to the EPA/NPDES Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan during construction.

### II. EXISTING SITE DESCRIPTION

The existing site consists of two parcels located at 501 & 600 Griffin Brook Drive, which encompasses a total area of 22.27 acres (970,081± sf). The property located at 501 Griffin Brook Drive was developed for manufacturing use by 3M Touch Systems. Refer to Figure 1: USGS Map and Figure 2: 2019 Ortho Map for the parcel location. The site is identified by the Methuen Assessor's Department on Map 220 Lot 9E & Lot 9D and sits within the Limited Industrial District (IL). The existing building extends into 600 Griffin Brook Drive as the lots are under single ownership. However, they exist as separate lots due to their commercial zoning designation. The developed area consists of the 59,918± sf building, paved driveways, parking areas, loading zones and landscaped areas which consists of lawn and intermittent trees. The rear portion of the lot consists of undeveloped, wooded land.

The property is abutted to the south by Griffin Brook Drive and a developed, industrial building. To the north and east by Hickory Hill Golf Course and to the west by undeveloped, limited industrial zoned land.

In 1995, Methuen granted permits for the development of the entire tract for a 112,400 sf building of industrial use, parking, loading, and supporting infrastructure. Only a portion of that

project was constructed. However, portions of the utility infrastructure were installed including a sewer main which extends north and west of the parking area. The land was also partially cleared near the westerly wetland system for the construction of parking and an access drive that were ultimately not constructed. Please see attached Exhibit Plan prepared by Symmes Maini and McKee Associates, Inc. on February 6, 1995.

The existing building is serviced by fire supply, domestic water, sanitary sewer, gas, electric and communications. Stormwater is primarily managed by a closed drainage system consisting of catch basins, conveyance pipes and manholes. There are no apparent mitigation measures on the site. However, a hydrodynamic stormwater treatment system, V2B1, was installed prior to the stormwater discharge to the westerly wetland. The majority of the front parking area, half of the existing roof and other tributary landscape areas receive treatment from this proprietary technology. Stormwater runoff from the existing loading dock, half of the existing roof and a portion of the parking area drain to catch basins before discharging to a common drainage system southeast of the site.

Existing grades on site are moderately flat in the developed portions of the property with a high elevation of around 70 feet (NAVD88) at Griffin Brook Drive to a low elevation of 60 feet near the westerly wetland system. The undeveloped portions of the property contain steep slopes with elevations ranging from 88 feet near the northern part of the property to 58 feet in the easterly wetland. The United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Natural Resources Conservation Services (NRCS) has the soils on site mapped as:

- 40% Rock outcrop and 30% Charlton soil, 3 to 15 percent slopes (717C);
- 50% Ridgebury, 3 to 8% extremely stony (715B);
- 85% birdsall, 0 to 3% slopes (9A)

See Figure 3: SCS Soils Map and Appendix J for detailed soil descriptions).

In situ soil testing performed by MCG on February 7 & 8, 2022 confirmed that soils throughout the development area consist of well drained, A-type loamy sands with gravel and cobbles. The depth of soil extended below the reach of the 12-foot excavator around the perimeter of the development area. Near the high elevation of the property, a shallower bedrock ridge was identified at approximately an elevation of 78 to 80 feet (NAVD88) or about 6 to 8 feet below grade. Surface cobbles and boulders can be observed throughout the wooded area.

Wetland resource areas were delineated by LEC Environmental, LLC in May 2021. The wetland boundaries were affirmed by the Methuen Conservation Commission through the issuance of an Order of Resource Area Delineation, MassDEP File No. 219-1265. There is a large bordering vegetated wetland ('BVW') on the east side of the property. Another BVW is situated at the west of the property. The BVW's have a jurisdictional buffer zone which extends 100' from the edge of the BVW. A perennial stream is situated offsite and has an associated 200 ft. Riverfront Area



zone of jurisdiction with the Conservation Commission that encroaches into the site at the southwestern property corner.

The property is not within a Zone A to a surface water drinking supply or a Zone II or Interim Wellhead Protection Zone to a groundwater drinking supply. The property is not within priority or estimate habitats of rare or endangered species. The property is not within an Area of Critical Environmental Concern.

Most of the site and the entire developable area is situated within the FEMA Zone X as shown on the FEMA Federal Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) #25009C0203F with an effective date of July 3, 2012. A small portion of the site in the south westerly corner contains a Zone AE 100-year flood survey mapping. This flood zone will not be impacted by the project but does have a 100' buffer zone under the Methuen Wetlands Ordinance. See Figure 4: FEMA Map.

### **III. PROPOSED SITE DESCRIPTION**

#### ***A. Building***

The development of 501 & 600 Griffin Brook Drive will include construction of a 95,700 s.f. industrial building generally situated in the northeastern part of the property that is currently undeveloped woodland area. The building will have recessed loading docks, parking for employees and visitors, emergency vehicle access around all sides of the building and supporting infrastructure. The building will be of steel frame construction, Type IIA and fully sprinklered. The roof will consist of a rubber membrane with downspouts plumped to a retention basin to the north of the building. The building will be a single story with a height of 42'-0" from the mean finished grade around the building to the peak of the roof ridge, complying with the height limitation as measured from mean grade. However, a variance was required and obtained to extend the height to 66' since the definition of height in the Methuen Zoning Ordinance requires the measurement of height to occur from the average grade at the abutting street. The street, as noted previously, occurs at elevation 58 feet whereas the slab of the proposed building is at elevation 82 feet.

#### ***B. Driveways, Parking and Loading***

The site will be primarily accessed from Griffin Brook Drive through a new 28-foot wide driveway. The driveway is situated almost entirely within the existing parking area or previously developed portions of the site. These existing parking areas will be modified to accommodate the new driveway. Heading north along the new drive, delivery trucks up to a WB-65 (53' trailer) will be able to access the loading docks on the southern side of the building. Employees and guests will be able to access the parking area through a separate entrance located at the existing driveway heading east and then heading north to the frontage of the building. Emergency vehicles will be able to access all sides of the building with the construction of a 20-foot wide gravel driveway on the western side of the building. A swept path analysis is included herewith illustrating the truck movements utilizing the Methuen Ladder truck.

### ***C. Earthwork and Land Disturbance***

The site has been designed to balance earth cuts and fills to the maximum extent practicable. The majority of the excavation work will occur in the footprint of the proposed building. Some bedrock extending to a depth of approximately 4 feet will need to be removed. However, most of the site is expected to be within excavatable, sandy soils. Excavated rock will be utilized on site to stabilize slopes or construct short walls. Other excavated soils will be compacted in fill areas to minimize the need for importing or exporting ordinary fill. Select structural fill will need to be imported as required by Mass Building Code or general best practices for utility and stormwater management construction. Land clearing will consist of approximately 7.5 acres in the northerly portion of the site. A vegetated buffer of mature trees is expected to remain with the limit of work generally following the building setback line along the northerly boundary. East and west of the building/limit of work, extensive wooded buffers within protected wetland systems exist on-site and offsite.

### ***D. Stormwater Management Overview***

The stormwater management system was designed in full compliance with the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook and consists of a variety of best management practices including retention basins and proprietary hydrodynamic particle and oil separators. A small portion of the existing site near Griffin Brook Drive will be retrofitted to include stormwater mitigation and renovation measures to improve existing conditions to the maximum extent practicable. Further explanation of the stormwater management system and design methodology can be found later in this report. The closed drainage system pipes were sized using the rational method and Darcy's Law. The tributary watersheds for each catch basin are illustrated in the attached rational method calculation areas plan.

### ***E. Open Space and Preservation of Natural Features***

The project will be situated primarily within areas of previously developed land or upland, dry areas and therefore it will not require any alteration to wetland resource areas. Throughout the entire new development area, the Methuen Wetlands Ordinance 50' wetland no-disturb setback was respected. The work nearest the westerly wetland resource areas and riverfront area will occur entirely within previously developed land and will not require the removal of any trees. While work is necessary within the no-disturb setbacks in this area due to the existing site constraints, a 9,600 SF portion of previously developed land will be restored to offset the impacts of this work. Further, a portion of the existing parking area will be retrofitted with a new infiltration basin that will provide mitigation of runoff and groundwater recharge where it does not exist today. This will improve water quality and the sites ability to retain water on site.

The property will preserve a natural open space around the property perimeter and landscape throughout the development. This land primarily occurs to the west of the site although wooded buffers have been provided on all sides of the development except the southerly lot line which consists of a shared driveway. The parking areas will have at least 5% of the space dedicated to landscaping islands and shade trees.



#### ***F. Utilities***

The property will be serviced by a new fire and water service extended from the main in Griffin Brook Drive and across the existing parking field. Hydrants will be situated at key locations around the front and side of the building to the satisfaction of the Methuen Fire Department. Sanitary Sewer will be extended from the existing sewer main within the site and will have a new manhole connection. The sewer was previously constructed as part of the originally, permitted site development effort. Electric and gas will be coordinated with National Grid as will individual communications services with their respective providers.

#### ***G. Schedule***

A construction start date has not been determined as it is contingent upon tenant agreements not yet established. Construction of the site and building is expected to take approximately 18 months to complete.

### **IV. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT**

The proposed stormwater management system for the project will consist of various Best Management Practice (BMP) techniques in both mitigating and renovating stormwater runoff. The entire stormwater system was designed in accordance with the Massachusetts Stormwater Management Handbook. A comprehensive Grading and Drainage Plan is included in the plan set illustrating these measures. The existing watershed characteristics, flow paths and drainage patterns were matched to the extent practicable in the proposed condition to ensure that there are no adverse impacts to adjacent properties or wetland resource areas. The following is a detailed description of the stormwater management system design and documentation of compliance with the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook.

#### ***A. Existing Watershed Description***

Drainage on site has been divided into 6 (six) distinct sub-catchment areas, as shown on the Existing Watershed Plan attached hereto. The table below shows the total area for each subcatchment.

<b>Existing Drainage Area (E)</b>	<b>Total Area (SF)</b>	<b>% Impervious</b>	<b>Composite Curve Number</b>
<b>ES1</b>	208,519	00.03	31
<b>ES2</b>	84,210	60.57	76
<b>ES3</b>	15,025	74.58	83
<b>ES4</b>	164,415	00.57	37
<b>ES5</b>	126,089	68.99	79
<b>ES6</b>	15,714	73.77	85
<b>Total</b>	<b>613,972</b>	<b>26.35</b>	<b>51</b>

#### ***B. Evaluation of Design Points***

To assess the impacts of developing a site on adjacent property, stormwater runoff is evaluated at a single point which is representative of the aggregation of various subcatchments,



conveyances and stormwater mitigation ponds. The design point is typically measured where stormwater runoff exits the site at its lowest point or where an area is identified of concern for stormwater impacts. The subject site was evaluated at four (4) design points. Design point 1 was modelled as the northeast wetland. Design point 2 is the southeast wetland. Design point 3 was evaluated as the catch basin located on the access driveway, adjacent to the end of Griffin Brook Drive. Design point 4 was evaluated as the westerly wetland. The design points were verified in the field by the design engineer.

### ***C. Proposed Watershed Description***

The proposed post development drainage analysis was performed by matching existing design points and drainage patterns to the extent practicable as shown in the Proposed Watershed Plan. The table below shows the total area for each subcatchment.

<b>Proposed Drainage Area</b>	<b>Total Area (SF)</b>	<b>% Impervious</b>	<b>Composite Curve Number</b>
<b>PS1</b>	66,965	00.58	32
<b>PS2</b>	64,619	69.03	81
<b>PS3</b>	15,025	74.58	83
<b>PS4</b>	73,572	0.00	45
<b>PS5</b>	73,797	88.63	91
<b>PS5a</b>	26,443	78.52	86
<b>PS6</b>	7,113	98.52	97
<b>PS7</b>	93,672	87.03	90
<b>PS8</b>	33,950	51.39	69
<b>PS9</b>	63,129	62.83	76
<b>4S (Roof)</b>	65,996	100.00	98
<b>6S (Roof)</b>	29,691	100.00	98
<b>TOTALS</b>	<b>613,972</b>	<b>61.13</b>	<b>76</b>

### ***D. Hydrologic Analysis***

The purpose of the stormwater analysis is to demonstrate that the proposed development will not adversely impact either the on-site or surrounding land. The industry standard for stormwater management design in Massachusetts is governed by the Massachusetts Stormwater Management Handbook ("Handbook") published by the Mass Department of Environmental Protection, January 2008. The Regulations require applicants to comply with the Handbook standards for development projects. The Handbook lists 10 standards covering among other things mitigation (retention-detention) and renovation (treatment) of stormwater runoff. A full discussion on the project compliance with the standards can be found at the end of this report. However, the following section will summarize the project's compliance with the mitigation standards 1 and 2 of the Handbook relating to reducing peak rates of runoff and creating no adverse down gradient impacts.

To demonstrate that there will be no downstream impacts because of developing the site, a stormwater analysis was performed using the U.S. Soil Conservation Service (S.C.S) method of analysis contained in Technical Release #20 (TR-20) published by the U.S. Conservation Service, along with the extreme precipitation values published by the Northeast Regional Climate Center (NRCC 24-Hr D Rainfall for Methuen Massachusetts). The software application HydroCAD was utilized to analyze the pre- and post-development watershed conditions. This analysis allows the engineer to verify that a given drainage system is adequate for the area under consideration, and further allows the engineer to predict where flooding or erosion are most likely to occur. The HydroCAD model was used to analyze the storm drainage system designed for the development to demonstrate that the drainage system complies with the State's Stormwater Management Standards. To more accurately represent the runoff generated from the variety of surface covers and hydrologic soil groups, the HydroCAD analysis was performed using a weighted curve number generated from each subcatchment.

The HydroCAD analysis was performed by examining the stormwater runoff peak discharge rates and volume at four (4) design points that were previously described. The following is a listing of the total pre-and post-development rates and volume of stormwater runoff for the proposed development for the 2, 10, 25 and 100-year rainfall events:

DP1 Peak Discharge Rates (CFS)				
Storm Event		Existing Conditions	Proposed Conditions	Change in Peak
2-yr	Outflow	0	0	0
10-yr	Outflow	0	0	0
25-yr	Outflow	0.1	0	-0.1
100-yr	Outflow	0.2	0.1	-0.1

DP2 Peak Discharge Rates (CFS)				
Storm Event		Existing Conditions	Proposed Conditions	Change in Peak
2-yr	Outflow	3.3	3.3	0
10-yr	Outflow	7.3	6.7	-0.6
25-yr	Outflow	9.9	8.9	-1
100-yr	Outflow	14.1	12.2	-1.9

DP3 Peak Discharge Rates (CFS)				
Storm Event		Existing Conditions	Proposed Conditions	Change in Peak
2-yr	Outflow	0.9	0.5	-0.4
10-yr	Outflow	1.7	0.8	-0.9
25-yr	Outflow	2.1	1	-1.1
100-yr	Outflow	2.9	1.3	-1.6



DP4 Peak Discharge Rates (CFS)				
Storm Event		Existing Conditions	Proposed Conditions	Change in Peak
2-yr	Outflow	4.5	4.5	0
10-yr	Outflow	9.7	9.1	-0.6
25-yr	Outflow	13	12.7	-0.3
100-yr	Outflow	18.7	17.4	-1.3

DP1 Volume (CF)				
Storm Event		Existing Conditions	Proposed Conditions	Change in Volume
2-yr	Outflow	0	0	0
10-yr	Outflow	154	108	-46
25-yr	Outflow	1,794	759	-1,035
100-yr	Outflow	7,355	2,747	-4,608

DP2 Volume (CF)				
Storm Event		Existing Conditions	Proposed Conditions	Change in Volume
2-yr	Outflow	9,629	9,506	-123
10-yr	Outflow	21,078	19,462	-1,616
25-yr	Outflow	28,987	26,158	-2,829
100-yr	Outflow	41,713	40,912	-801

DP3 Volume (CF)				
Storm Event		Existing Conditions	Proposed Conditions	Change in Volume
2-yr	Outflow	2,212	1,646	-482
10-yr	Outflow	4,290	2,696	-1,458
25-yr	Outflow	5,659	3,357	-2,132
100-yr	Outflow	7,808	4,375	-3,212

DP4 Volume (CF)				
Storm Event		Existing Conditions	Proposed Conditions	Change in Volume
2-yr	Outflow	13,417	13,644	227
10-yr	Outflow	30,188	28,351	-1,837
25-yr	Outflow	43,620	39,183	-4,437
100-yr	Outflow	67,386	67,219	-167

As shown in the tables above the proposed development will maintain, reduce or match peak flow rates at all design points for the 2, 10, 25 and 100-year design storms as required by the Massachusetts Stormwater Management Handbook. The volume will be reduced on all storm events, except for the 2-yr storm on DP4, which has an increase of 227 cubic feet. This increase is diminimus and should not cause any impact to the bordering vegetated wetlands.

### ***E. Stormwater Management Standards***

The proposed site development will comply with all Stormwater Management Standards 1 through 10. The following is an assessment of each Standard:

1. **STANDARD:** No stormwater conveyance system discharges untreated stormwater directly to or cause erosion in wetlands or waters of the Commonwealth.

**SUMMARY OF MITIGATING MEASURES:** The project meets this standard as there are no untreated discharges from the new project site. The existing drainage patterns will be maintained to the extent practicable, and the stormwater discharge locations will generally be maintained. Treatment of stormwater is proposed through the use of best management practices (BMPs) including deep-sump, hooded catch basins, hydrodynamic separators, surface retention ponds and subsurface retention galleys. The outfalls of all the systems will be reinforced with rip rap outlet protection to prevent erosion.

**CONCLUSION:** The proposed development meets this standard.

2. **STANDARD:** The stormwater management system shall be designed such that post-development peak rates of stormwater runoff and volumes do not exceed pre-development rates for the 2- and 10-year storm events. Cannot cause downstream flooding in the 100-year storm event.

**SUMMARY OF MITIGATING MEASURES:** The project will utilize surface and subsurface retention basins to control the rate and volume of release of stormwater. As a result, the peak rate of stormwater runoff in the post-development condition will match or reduce the rate under existing conditions at all design points. The 100-year storm rate of runoff will also be mitigated at all design points.

Of note, the site will provide mitigation for a portion of the existing parking area. This system was not added due to an increase in impervious area as would ordinarily be required. This basin was added to address the increase in the subcatchment CN by reducing the overall area of the subcatchment, a large portion of that removed area consisted of pervious surface areas. This commonly occurs in hydrologic modelling in HSG A type soils. The retention system has the added benefit of providing stormwater treatment for a portion of the existing parking area.

**CONCLUSION:** The proposed development meets this standard.

3. **STANDARD:** Loss of annual recharge to groundwater shall be eliminated or minimized through the use of infiltration measures including environmentally sensitive site design, low impact development techniques, stormwater best management practices, and good operation and maintenance. At a minimum, the annual recharge from the post-development site shall approximate the annual recharge from pre-development conditions based on soil type. This Standard is met when the stormwater management system is designed to infiltrate the required recharge volume as determined in accordance with the Massachusetts Stormwater handbook.

**SUMMARY OF MITIGATING MEASURES:** To promote groundwater recharge, the site has been designed to include surface and subsurface retention basins spread out around the development site. Treated stormwater runoff entering the retention basins will be infiltrated back into the groundwater where native soils confirmed by soil testing, are



capable of receiving the water. The infiltration measures were placed away from areas of shallow bedrock. A portion of the existing parking area will be retrofitted with a shallow retention basin providing mitigation where none exists today.

**CONCLUSION:** The proposed development meets this standard.

4. **STANDARD:** Stormwater management systems shall be designed to remove 80% of the average annual post-construction load of Total Suspended Solids (TSS). In addition, 44% pretreatment must be provided for this site which qualifies as a land use subject to higher potential pollutant load due to the pavement area.

**SUMMARY OF MITIGATING MEASURES:** The stormwater management system will use treatment trains of deep-sump, hooded catch basins, proprietary hydrodynamic separators, retention basins, prior to discharge into the retention/detention systems or directly to daylight. Pre-treatment of stormwater is provided for all new mitigation systems.

**Redevelopment waiver request:**

A portion of the existing eastern loading and parking area currently drains untreated to the stormwater system and wetlands at the eastern portion of the site. As a part of this development. A new infiltration basin will be added to capture this runoff. This basin includes a pretreatment, peastone filter strip in accordance with the Stormwater Handbook. However, 44% TSS removal is not possible ahead of the retention basin due to the elevation of the existing parking area relative to the existing closed drainage system and adjacent wetland. This retention basin complies with the setback requirements to the wetland per the stormwater handbook and in all other respects will provide 80% TSS removal prior to recharge. The overflow from the basin passes through the existing hydrodynamic separator so that all stormwater discharges fully meet the treatment requirement prior to discharge to the wetland. A waiver is hereby requested to reduce the 44% pretreatment requirement down to 25% on the existing retrofit where all other treatment standards are fully met for the project.

**CONCLUSION:** The proposed development meets this standard for all new development work and complies with the redevelopment standard to the maximum extent practicable under a minor waiver request from 44% to 25% pretreatment.

5. **STANDARD:** For land uses with higher potential pollutant loads (LUHPPL), source control and pollution prevention shall be implemented in accordance with the Massachusetts Stormwater handbook to eliminate or reduce the discharge of stormwater runoff from such land uses to the maximum extent practicable.

**SUMMARY OF MITIGATING MEASURES:** The project is not considered a land use with a higher potential pollutant load.

**CONCLUSION:** The proposed development meets this standard.

6. **STANDARD:** Stormwater discharges within the Zone II or Interim Wellhead Protection Area of a public water supply, and stormwater discharges near or to any other critical area, require the use of the specific source control and pollution prevention measures and the specific structural stormwater best management practices determined by the



Department to be suitable for managing discharges to such areas, as provided in the Massachusetts Stormwater Management handbook.

**SUMMARY OF MITIGATING MEASURES:** The site is not within a MassDEP Zone II or interim wellhead protection zone. It is not within a Zone A surface water supply watershed. There are no rapidly draining soils with infiltration rates greater than 2.4 inches per hour.

**CONCLUSION:** The proposed development meets this standard.

7. **STANDARD:** A redevelopment project is required to meet the following Stormwater Management Standards only to the maximum extent practicable: Standard 2, Standard 3, and the pretreatment and structural best management practice requirements of Standards 4, 5 and 6. Existing stormwater discharges shall comply with Standard 1 only to the maximum extent practicable. A redevelopment project shall also comply with all other requirements of the Stormwater Management Standards and improve existing conditions.

**SUMMARY OF MITIGATING MEASURES:** See standard 4, redevelopment waiver request. The site fully complies with all stormwater management standards with the exception of the pretreatment waiver request.

**CONCLUSION:** The proposed development meets this standard.

8. **STANDARD:** A plan to control construction-related impacts including erosion, sedimentation and other pollutant sources during construction and land disturbance activities (construction period erosion, sedimentation, and pollution prevention plan) shall be developed and implemented).

**SUMMARY OF MITIGATING MEASURES:** Refer to the Construction Phase Best Management Practices prepared by MCG, dated September 3, 2024. Since the project will disturb greater than one acre of land a SWPPP will be prepared and a NPDES Construction General Permit will be obtained prior to commencement of land disturbing activities on site.

**CONCLUSION:** The proposed development meets this standard.

9. **STANDARD:** A long-term operation and maintenance plan shall be developed and implemented to ensure that stormwater management systems function as designed.

**SUMMARY OF MITIGATING MEASURES:** Refer to the Long-Term Best Management Practices Operation and Maintenance Plan prepared by MCG, dated September 3, 2024.

**CONCLUSION:** The proposed development meets this standard.

10. **STANDARD:** There shall be no new illicit discharges created as a result of the project.

**SUMMARY OF MITIGATING MEASURES:** To the best of our knowledge and belief there are no illicit discharges being created as a result of the proposed project. An illicit discharge statement is included herein.

**CONCLUSION:** The proposed development meets this standard.

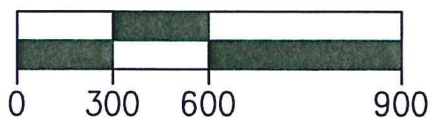
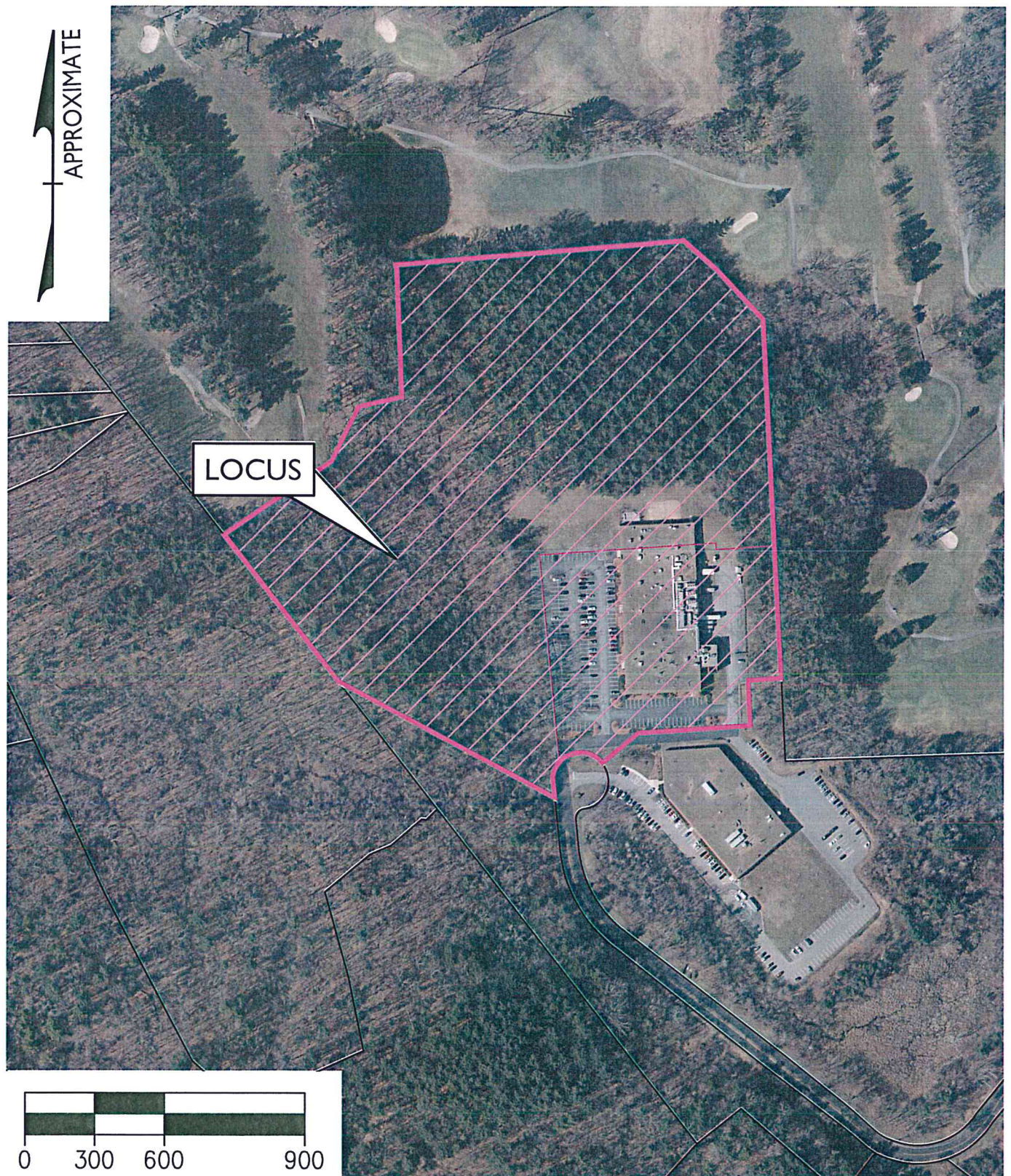
## **V. CONCLUSION**

The proposed site development project for 501 and 600 Griffin Brook Drive, as proposed, is in full compliance with the MassDEP Stormwater Management Handbook and Methuen Ordinances with the exception of a minor redevelopment waiver request to required to retrofit an existing parking area with stormwater mitigation where none exists today. Peak rates of stormwater runoff and volumes leaving the site under proposed conditions are no greater than under existing conditions at all design points. Recharge to groundwater will be increased by adding surface infiltration systems distributed around the property. All stormwater leaving the proposed development will be fully treated and there are no illicit discharges to the waters of the Commonwealth.

For questions regarding this report, please contact The Morin-Cameron Group, Inc. between the hours of 7:30am to 4:30pm at (978) 777-8586.

## FIGURES





**THE MORIN-CAMERON GROUP, INC.**

25 KENOZA AVENUE, HAVERHILL, MA 01830

P | 978.373.0310

[WWW.MORINCAMERON.COM](http://WWW.MORINCAMERON.COM)

**2019 ORTHO MAP**

501 & 600 GRIFFIN BROOK DRIVE

IN

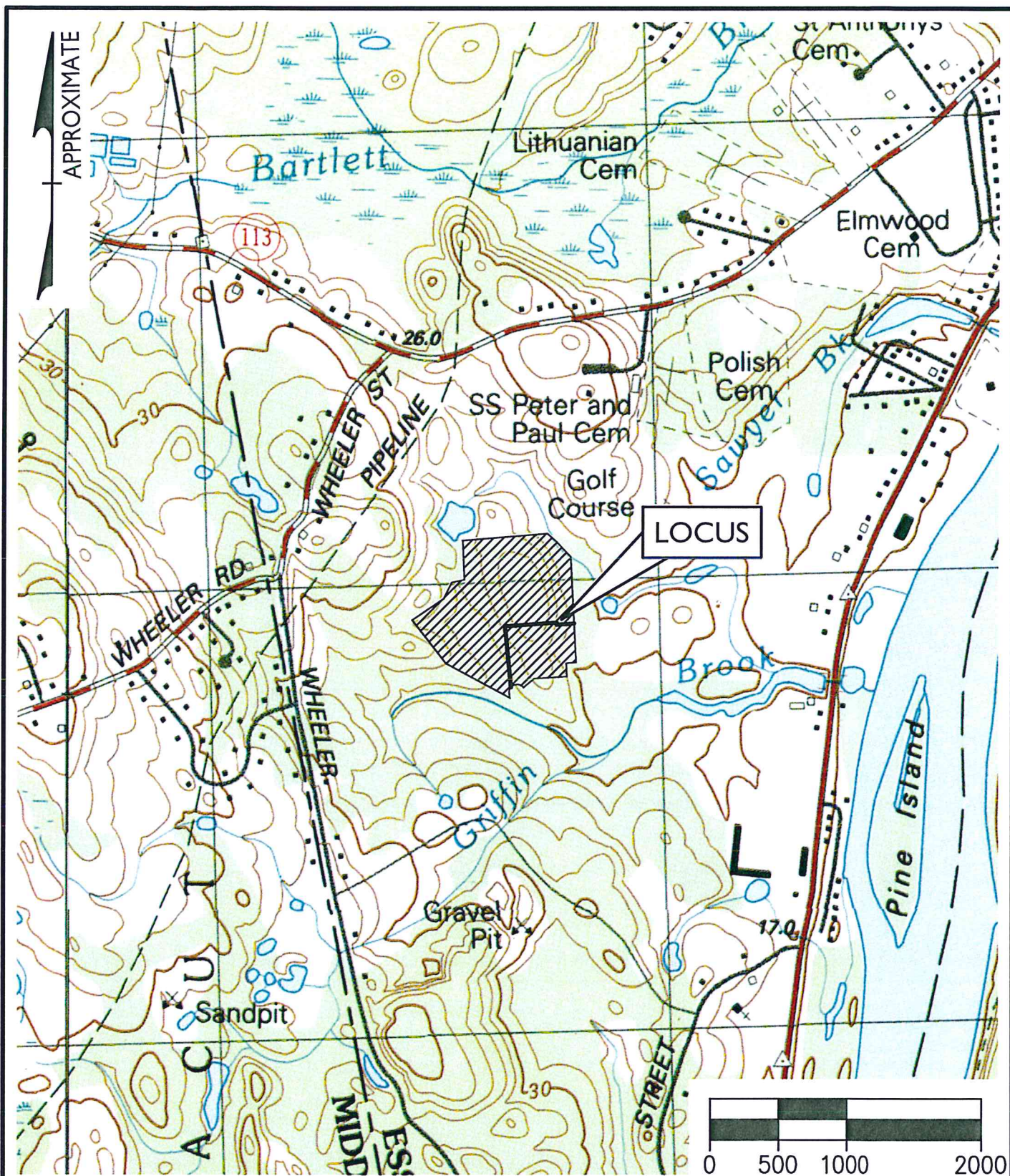
**METHUEN, MA**

DATE: APRIL 6, 2022

Scale: 1" = 300'

**FIGURE #1**





## THE MORIN-CAMERON GROUP, INC.

25 KENOZA AVENUE, HAVERHILL, MA 01830

P | 978.373.0310

[WWW.MORINCAMERON.COM](http://WWW.MORINCAMERON.COM)

## USGS MAP

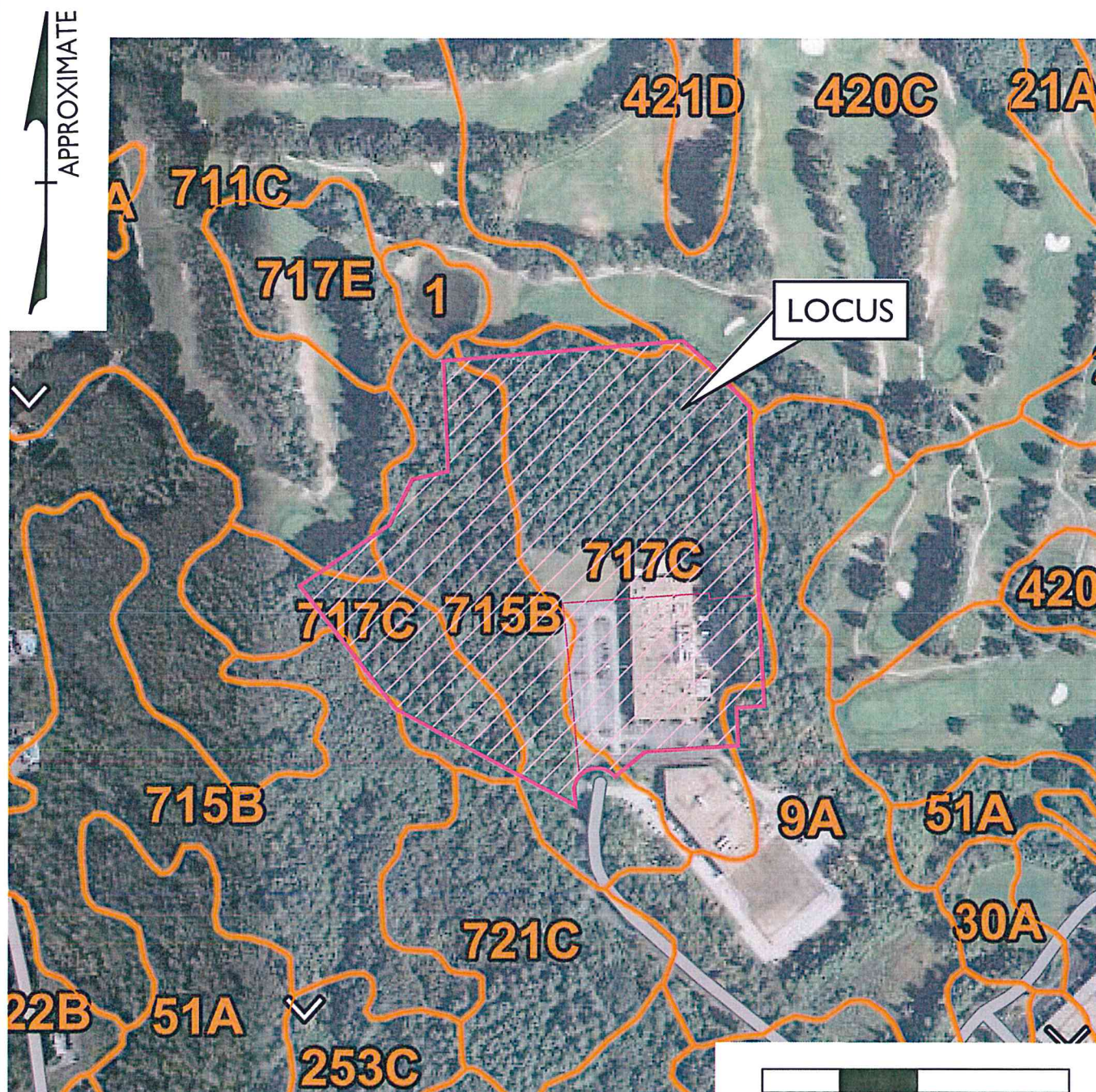
501 & 600 GRIFFIN BROOK DRIVE  
IN  
METHUEN, MA

DATE: APRIL 6, 2022

SCALE: 1" = 1,000'

**FIGURE #2**





**LEGEND:**

- 9A BIRDSALL SILT LOAM, 0-3% SLOPES
- 420C CANTON FINE SANDY LOAM, 8-15% SLOPES
- 711C CHARLTON-ROCK OUTCROP-HOLLIS COMPLEX, 8-15% SLOPES
- 715B RIDGEBURY AND LEICESTER FINE SANDY LOAMS, 3-8% SLOPES, EXTREMELY STONY
- 717C ROCK OUTCROP-CHARLTON-HOLLIS COMPLEX, 3-15% SLOPES
- ✓✓ ROCK OUTCROP

**THE MORIN-CAMERON GROUP, INC.**

25 KENOZA AVENUE, HAVERHILL, MA 01830

P | 978.373.0310

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**SCS SOILS MAP**

501 & 600 GRIFFIN BROOK DRIVE  
IN

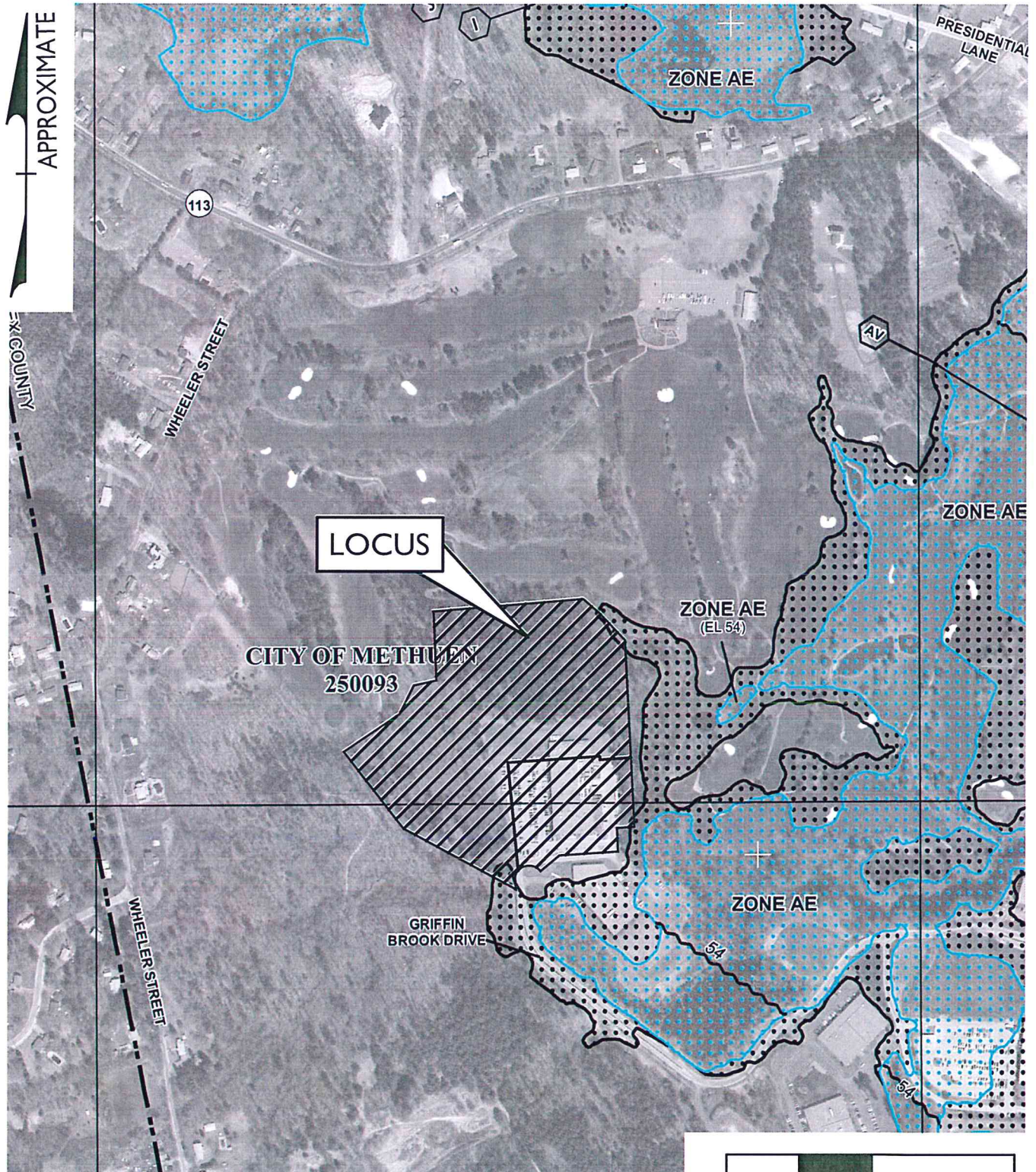
**METHUEN, MA**

DATE: APRIL 6, 2022

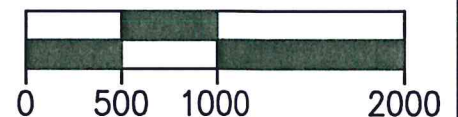
SCALE: 1" = 400'

**FIGURE #3**





FEMA MAP No: 25009C0203F  
EFFECTIVE DATE: JULY 3, 2012



# **THE MORIN-CAMERON GROUP, INC.**

25 KENOZA AVENUE, HAVERHILL, MA 01830

P | 978.373.0310

[WWW.MORINCAMERON.COM](http://WWW.MORINCAMERON.COM)

FEMA MAP  
ADDRESS  
IN  
METHUEN, MA

DATE: APRIL 6, 2022

Scale: 1" = 1,000'

**FIGURE #4**



WATERSHED LEGEND

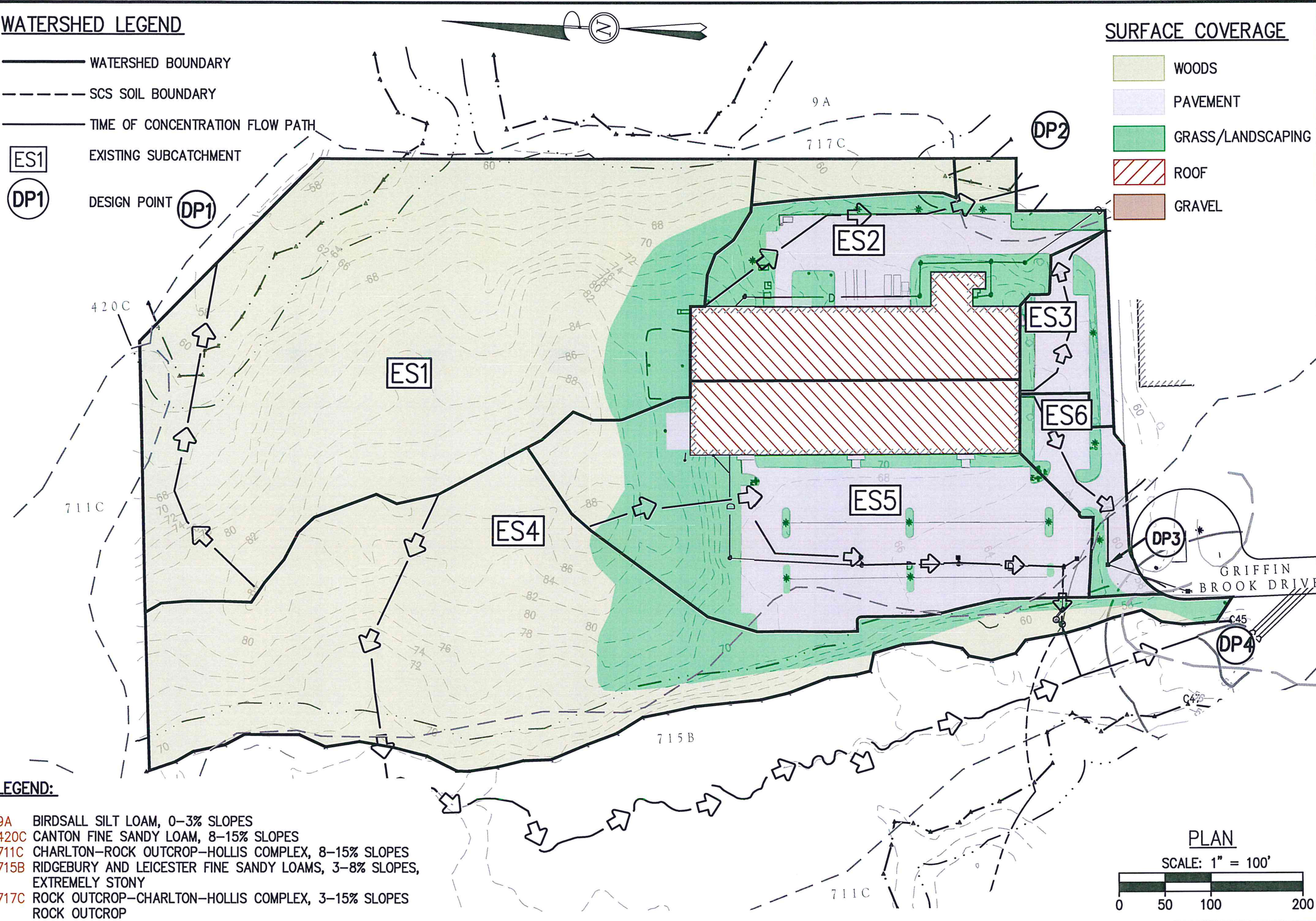
- WATERSHED BOUNDARY
- SCS SOIL BOUNDARY
- TIME OF CONCENTRATION FLOW PATH
- EXISTING SUBCATCHMENT
- DESIGN POINT

SURFACE COVERAGE

- WOODS
- PAVEMENT
- GRASS/LANDSCAPING
- ROOF
- GRAVEL

LEGEND:

- 9A BIRDSALL SILT LOAM, 0-3% SLOPES
- 420C CANTON FINE SANDY LOAM, 8-15% SLOPES
- 711C CHARLTON-ROCK OUTCROP-HOLLIS COMPLEX, 8-15% SLOPES
- 715B RIDGEBURY AND LEICESTER FINE SANDY LOAMS, 3-8% SLOPES, EXTREMELY STONY
- 717C ROCK OUTCROP-CHARLTON-HOLLIS COMPLEX, 3-15% SLOPES
- ROCK OUTCROP



The Morin-Cameron GROUP, INC.

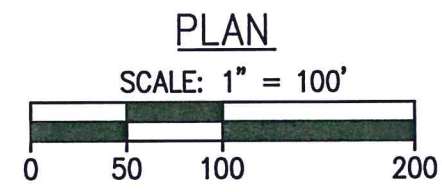
CIVIL ENGINEERS | ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTANTS  
LAND SURVEYORS | LAND USE PLANNERS  
66 ELM STREET, DANVERS, MASSACHUSETTS 01923  
P: 978-777-8586, W: WWW.MORINCAMERON.COM

DATE: SEPTEMBER 3, 2024  
SCALE: 1" = 100'

EXISTING WATERSHED PLAN

AT:  
501 & 600 GRIFFIN BROOK DRIVE  
METHUEN, MASSACHUSETTS

PREPARED FOR  
GRIFFIN BROOK DRIVE OWNER LLC



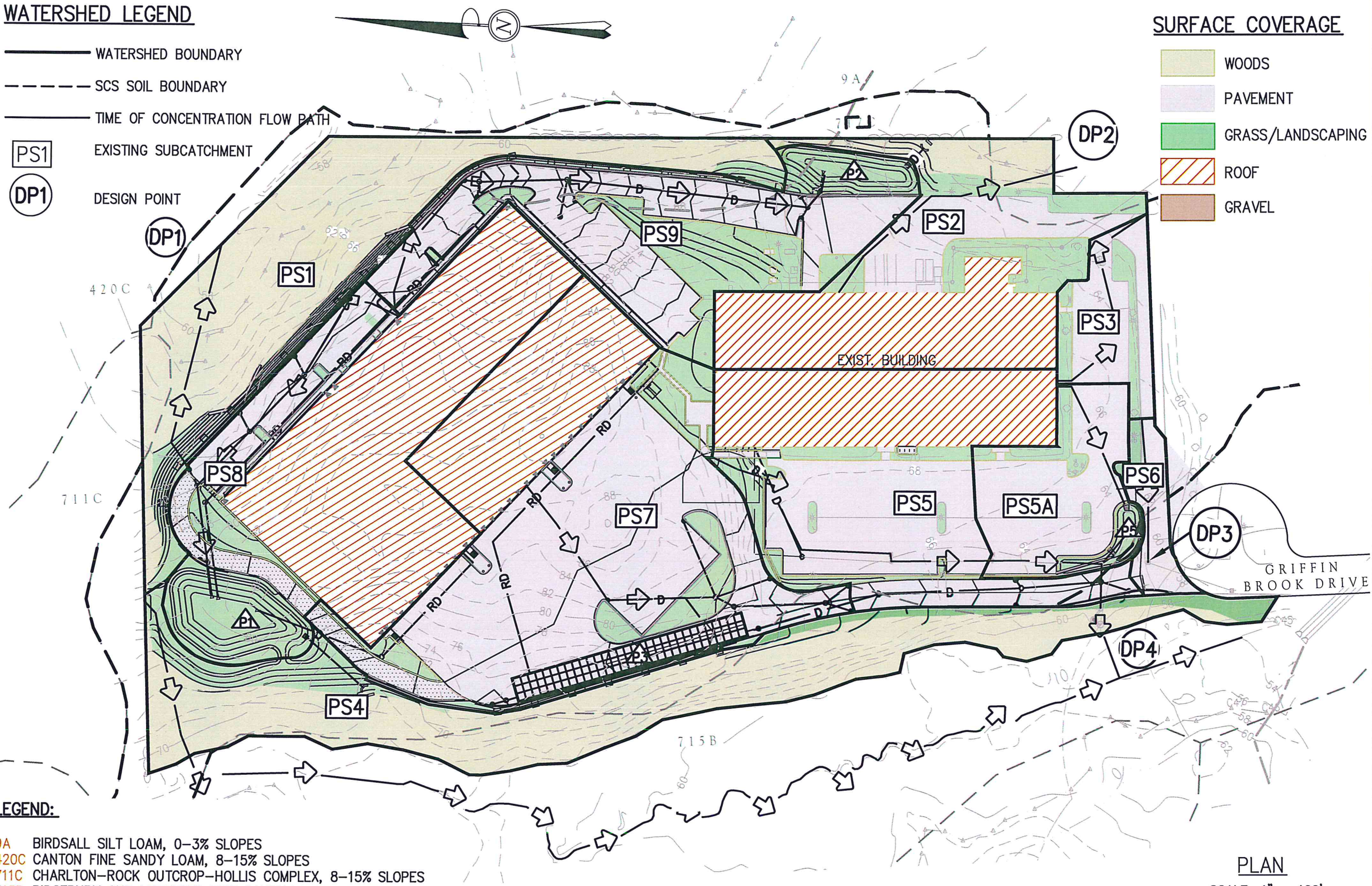


WATERSHED LEGEND

- WATERSHED BOUNDARY
- SCS SOIL BOUNDARY
- TIME OF CONCENTRATION FLOW PATH
- EXISTING SUBCATCHMENT
- DESIGN POINT

SURFACE COVERAGE

- WOODS
- PAVEMENT
- GRASS/LANDSCAPING
- ROOF
- GRAVEL

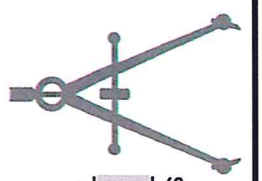
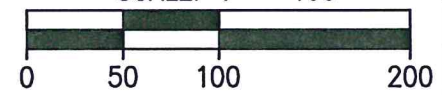


LEGEND:

- 9A BIRDSALL SILT LOAM, 0-3% SLOPES
- 420C CANTON FINE SANDY LOAM, 8-15% SLOPES
- 711C CHARLTON-ROCK OUTCROP-HOLLIS COMPLEX, 8-15% SLOPES
- 715B RIDGEBURY AND LEICESTER FINE SANDY LOAMS, 3-8% SLOPES, EXTREMELY STONY
- 717C ROCK OUTCROP-CHARLTON-HOLLIS COMPLEX, 3-15% SLOPES
- ROCK OUTCROP

PLAN

SCALE: 1" = 100'



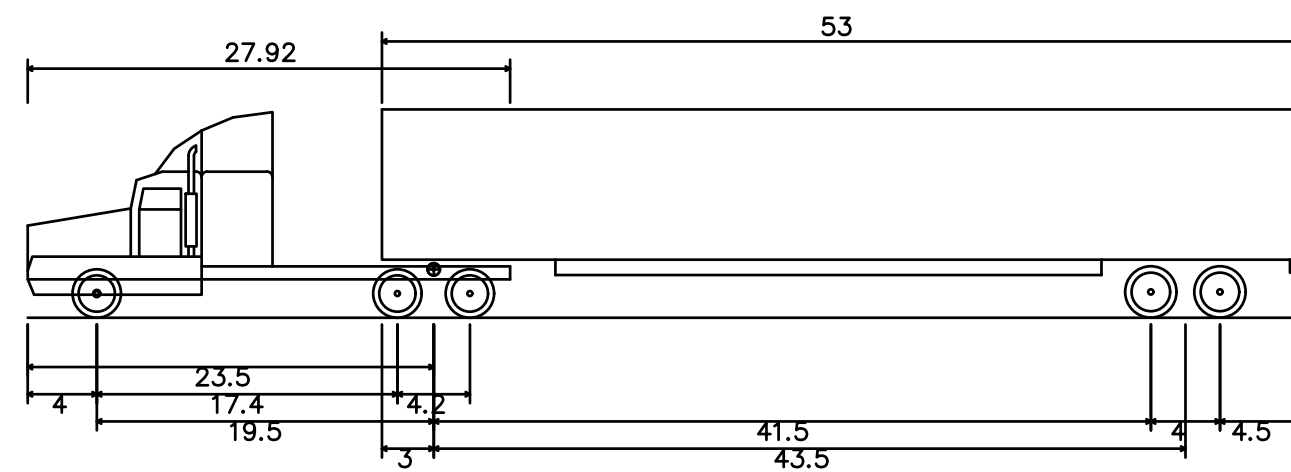
The Morin-Cameron GROUP, INC.  
CIVIL ENGINEERS | ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTANTS  
LAND SURVEYORS | LAND USE PLANNERS  
66 ELM STREET, DANVERS, MASSACHUSETTS 01923  
P: 978-777-8586, W: WWW.MORINCAMERON.COM

DATE: SEPTEMBER 3, 2024  
REVISED: OCTOBER 22, 2024  
SCALE: 1" = 100'

PROPOSED WATERSHED PLAN

AT:  
501 & 600 GRIFFIN BROOK DRIVE  
METHUEN, MASSACHUSETTS  
PREPARED FOR  
GRIFFIN BROOK DRIVE OWNER LLC





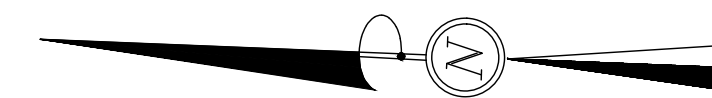
WB-65 - INTERSTATE SEMI TRAILER 53 FT  
NOT TO SCALE

OVERALL LENGHT 73.50 FT  
OVERALL WIDTH 8.50 FT  
OVERALL BODY HEIGHT 12.05 FT  
MAX TRACK WIDTH 8.50 FT  
LOCK-TO-LOCK TIME 6.00 SEC  
MAX STEERING ANGLE 28.40

LEGEND:

PATH DIRECTION  
TRUCK OVERHANG PATH  
TRUCK OUTSIDE WHEEL PATH

DESIGN SPEED: 5 MPH



# WB-65 TRUCK SWEEP PATH ANALYSIS SKETCH

AT

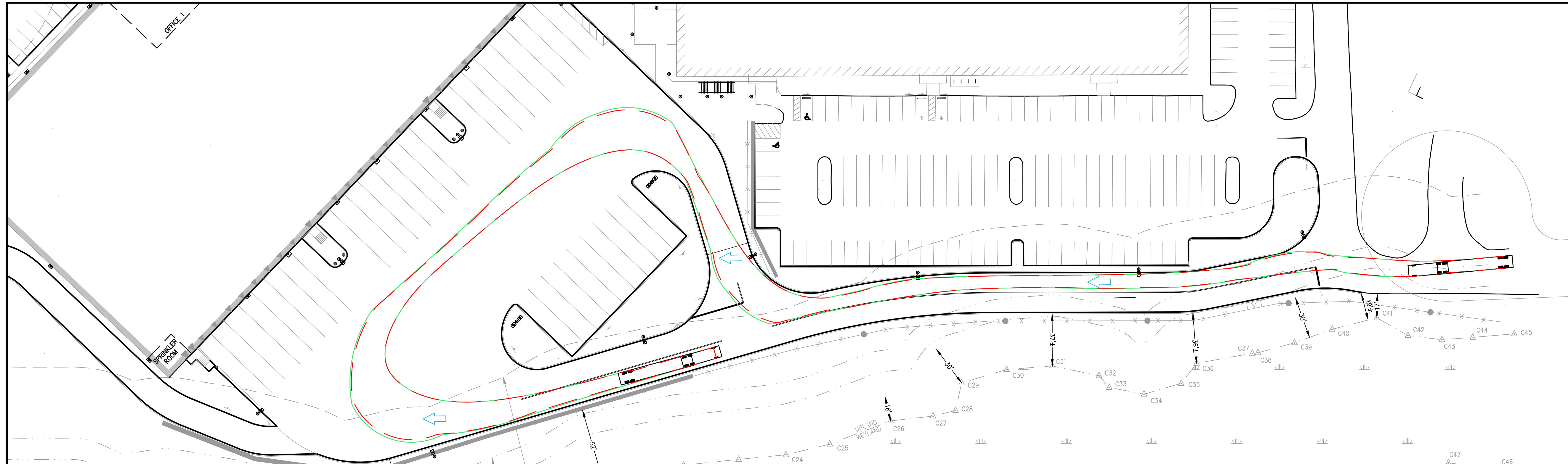
501 & 600 GRIFFIN BROOK DRIVE  
METHUEN, MASSACHUSETTS

PREPARED FOR

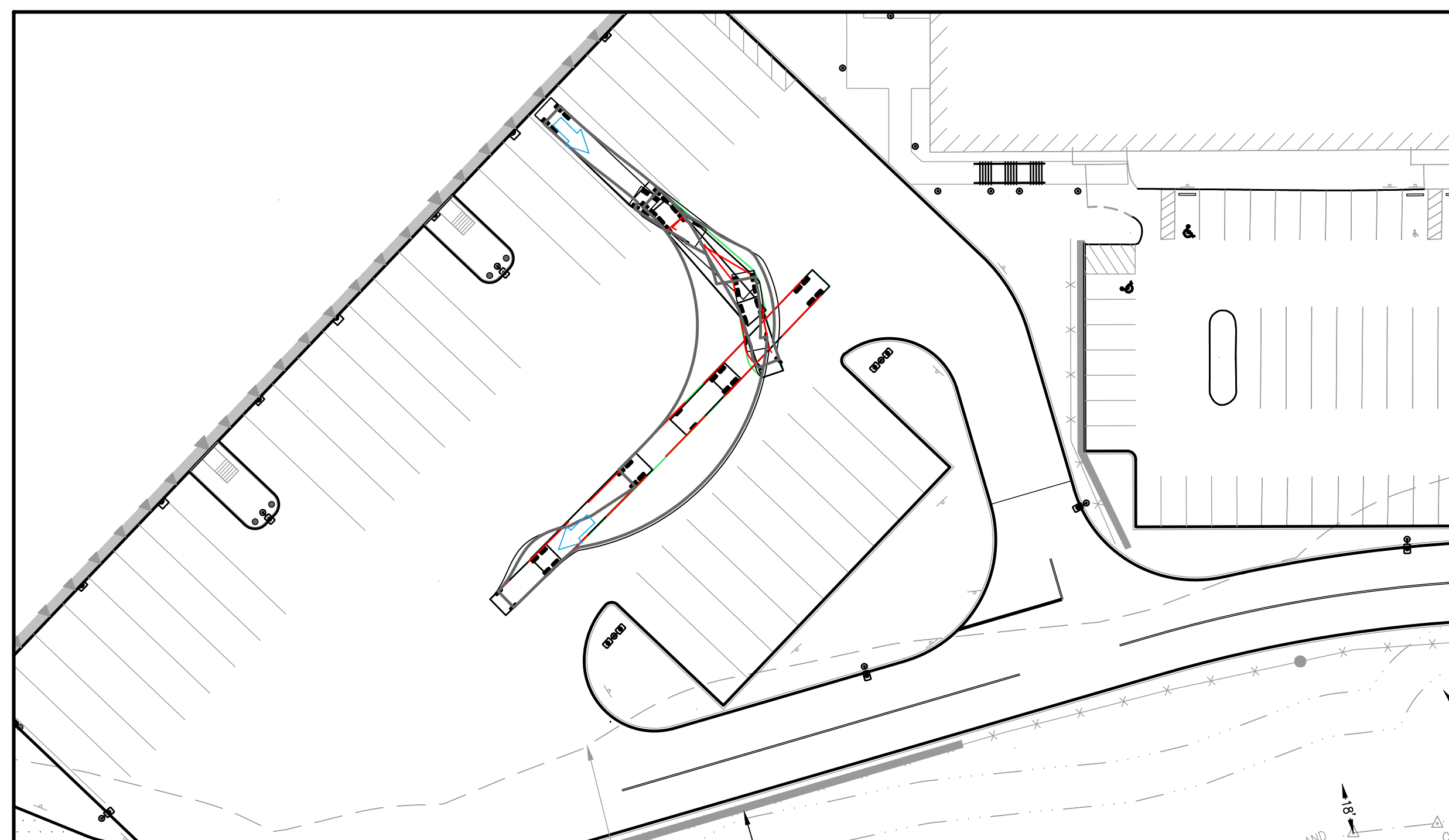
GRIFFIN BROOK DRIVE OWNER LLC

DATE: SEPTEMBER 3, 2024

REVISED: OCTOBER 22, 2024



WB-65 PATH THROUGH DRIVEWAY



WB-65 BACKING UP TO LOADING DOCK



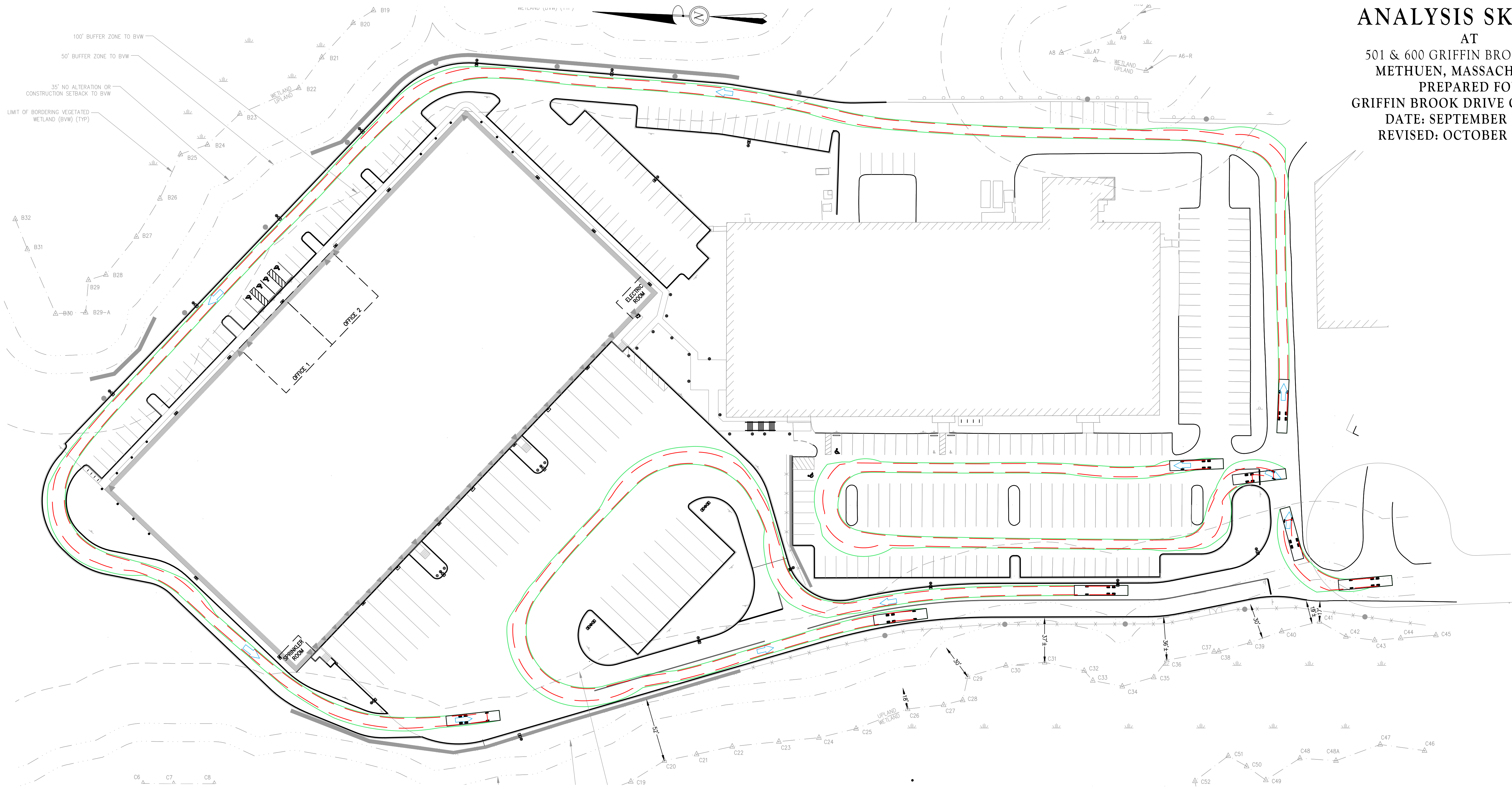
WB-65 BACKING UP TO LOADING DOCK

PLAN  
SCALE: 1" = 60'  
0 30 60 120



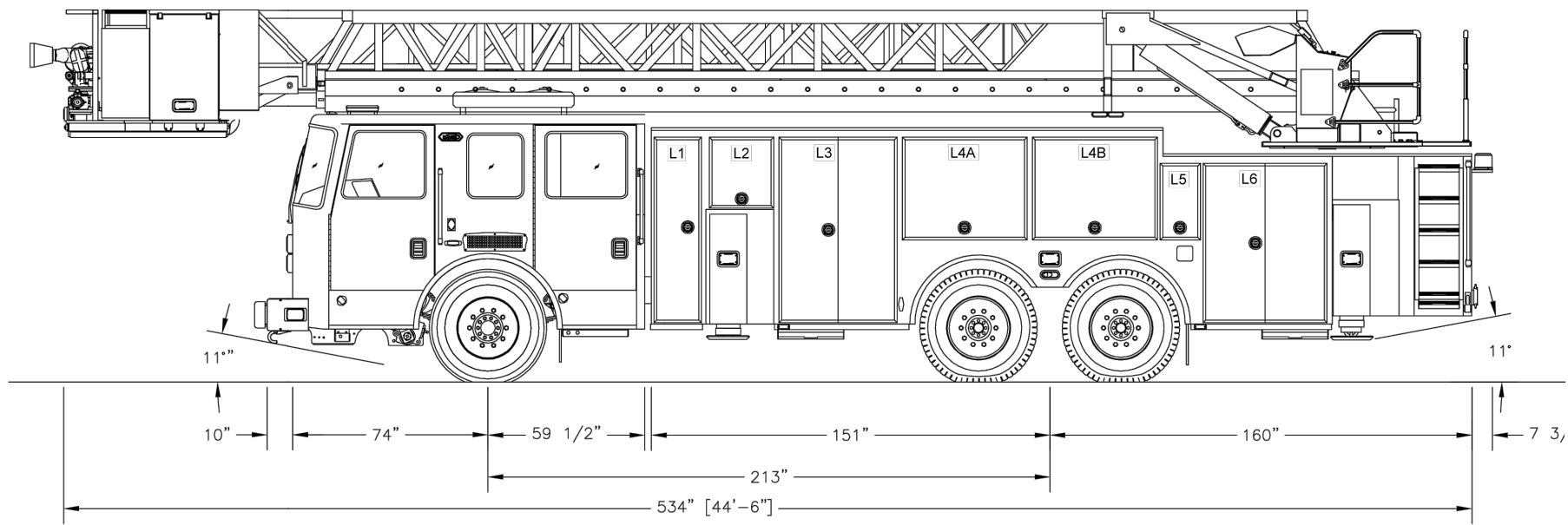
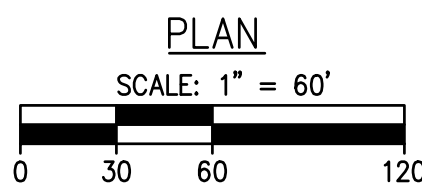
FIRE TRUCK SWEEP PATH  
ANALYSIS SKETCH

AT  
501 & 600 GRIFFIN BROOK DRIVE  
METHUEN, MASSACHUSETTS  
PREPARED FOR  
GRIFFIN BROOK DRIVE OWNER LLC  
DATE: SEPTEMBER 3, 2024  
REVISED: OCTOBER 23, 2024



DESIGN SPEED: 5 MPH

LEGEND:  
→ PATH DIRECTION  
— TRUCK OVERHANG PATH  
— TRUCK OUTSIDE WHEEL PATH



METHUEN FIRE TRUCK

**APPENDIX A:**  
**MASSDEP STORMWATER**  
**MANANGEMENT REPORT**  
**CHECKLIST**

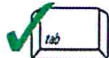




# Checklist for Stormwater Report

## A. Introduction

**Important:** When filling out forms on the computer, use only the tab key to move your cursor - do not use the return key.



A Stormwater Report must be submitted with the Notice of Intent permit application to document compliance with the Stormwater Management Standards. The following checklist is NOT a substitute for the Stormwater Report (which should provide more substantive and detailed information) but is offered here as a tool to help the applicant organize their Stormwater Management documentation for their Report and for the reviewer to assess this information in a consistent format. As noted in the Checklist, the Stormwater Report must contain the engineering computations and supporting information set forth in Volume 3 of the [Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook](#). The Stormwater Report must be prepared and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer (RPE) licensed in the Commonwealth.

The Stormwater Report must include:

- The Stormwater Checklist completed and stamped by a Registered Professional Engineer (see page 2) that certifies that the Stormwater Report contains all required submittals.<sup>1</sup> This Checklist is to be used as the cover for the completed Stormwater Report.
- Applicant/Project Name
- Project Address
- Name of Firm and Registered Professional Engineer that prepared the Report
- Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan required by Standards 4-6
- Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan required by Standard 8<sup>2</sup>
- Operation and Maintenance Plan required by Standard 9

In addition to all plans and supporting information, the Stormwater Report must include a brief narrative describing stormwater management practices, including environmentally sensitive site design and LID techniques, along with a diagram depicting runoff through the proposed BMP treatment train. Plans are required to show existing and proposed conditions, identify all wetland resource areas, NRCS soil types, critical areas, Land Uses with Higher Potential Pollutant Loads (LUHPPL), and any areas on the site where infiltration rate is greater than 2.4 inches per hour. The Plans shall identify the drainage areas for both existing and proposed conditions at a scale that enables verification of supporting calculations.

As noted in the Checklist, the Stormwater Management Report shall document compliance with each of the Stormwater Management Standards as provided in the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. The soils evaluation and calculations shall be done using the methodologies set forth in Volume 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook.

To ensure that the Stormwater Report is complete, applicants are required to fill in the Stormwater Report Checklist by checking the box to indicate that the specified information has been included in the Stormwater Report. If any of the information specified in the checklist has not been submitted, the applicant must provide an explanation. The completed Stormwater Report Checklist and Certification must be submitted with the Stormwater Report.

<sup>1</sup> The Stormwater Report may also include the Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement required by Standard 10. If not included in the Stormwater Report, the Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement must be submitted prior to the discharge of stormwater runoff to the post-construction best management practices.

<sup>2</sup> For some complex projects, it may not be possible to include the Construction Period Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan in the Stormwater Report. In that event, the issuing authority has the discretion to issue an Order of Conditions that approves the project and includes a condition requiring the proponent to submit the Construction Period Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan before commencing any land disturbance activity on the site.



# Checklist for Stormwater Report

## B. Stormwater Checklist and Certification

The following checklist is intended to serve as a guide for applicants as to the elements that ordinarily need to be addressed in a complete Stormwater Report. The checklist is also intended to provide conservation commissions and other reviewing authorities with a summary of the components necessary for a comprehensive Stormwater Report that addresses the ten Stormwater Standards.

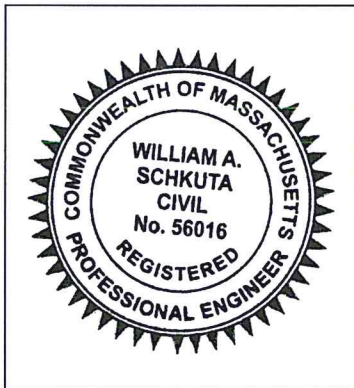
*Note:* Because stormwater requirements vary from project to project, it is possible that a complete Stormwater Report may not include information on some of the subjects specified in the Checklist. If it is determined that a specific item does not apply to the project under review, please note that the item is not applicable (N.A.) and provide the reasons for that determination.


A complete checklist must include the Certification set forth below signed by the Registered Professional Engineer who prepared the Stormwater Report.

### Registered Professional Engineer's Certification

I have reviewed the Stormwater Report, including the soil evaluation, computations, Long-term Pollution Prevention Plan, the Construction Period Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan (if included), the Long-term Post-Construction Operation and Maintenance Plan, the Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement (if included) and the plans showing the stormwater management system, and have determined that they have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Stormwater Management Standards as further elaborated by the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. I have also determined that the information presented in the Stormwater Checklist is accurate and that the information presented in the Stormwater Report accurately reflects conditions at the site as of the date of this permit application.

Registered Professional Engineer Block and Signature



 9/3/2024  
Signature and Date

## Checklist

**Project Type:** Is the application for new development, redevelopment, or a mix of new and redevelopment?

- ☐ New development
- ☐ Redevelopment
- ☒ Mix of New Development and Redevelopment





# Checklist for Stormwater Report

---

## Checklist (continued)

**LID Measures:** Stormwater Standards require LID measures to be considered. Document what environmentally sensitive design and LID Techniques were considered during the planning and design of the project:

- ☒ No disturbance to any Wetland Resource Areas
- ☐ Site Design Practices (e.g. clustered development, reduced frontage setbacks)
- ☒ Reduced Impervious Area (Redevelopment Only)
- ☐ Minimizing disturbance to existing trees and shrubs
- ☐ LID Site Design Credit Requested:
  - ☐ Credit 1
  - ☐ Credit 2
  - ☐ Credit 3
- ☐ Use of "country drainage" versus curb and gutter conveyance and pipe
- ☐ Bioretention Cells (includes Rain Gardens)
- ☐ Constructed Stormwater Wetlands (includes Gravel Wetlands designs)
- ☐ Treebox Filter
- ☐ Water Quality Swale
- ☐ Grass Channel
- ☐ Green Roof
- ☒ Other (describe): Buffer Zone Restoration

## Standard 1: No New Untreated Discharges

- ☒ No new untreated discharges
- ☒ Outlets have been designed so there is no erosion or scour to wetlands and waters of the Commonwealth
- ☒ Supporting calculations specified in Volume 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook included.



# Checklist for Stormwater Report

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## Checklist (continued)

### Standard 2: Peak Rate Attenuation

- ☐ Standard 2 waiver requested because the project is located in land subject to coastal storm flowage and stormwater discharge is to a wetland subject to coastal flooding.
- ☒ Evaluation provided to determine whether off-site flooding increases during the 100-year 24-hour storm.
- ☒ Calculations provided to show that post-development peak discharge rates do not exceed pre-development rates for the 2-year and 10-year 24-hour storms. If evaluation shows that off-site flooding increases during the 100-year 24-hour storm, calculations are also provided to show that post-development peak discharge rates do not exceed pre-development rates for the 100-year 24-hour storm.

### Standard 3: Recharge

- ☒ Soil Analysis provided.
- ☒ Required Recharge Volume calculation provided.
- ☐ Required Recharge volume reduced through use of the LID site Design Credits.
- ☒ Sizing the infiltration, BMPs is based on the following method: Check the method used.
  - ☒ Static
  - ☐ Simple Dynamic
  - ☐ Dynamic Field<sup>1</sup>
- ☒ Runoff from all impervious areas at the site discharging to the infiltration BMP.
- ☐ Runoff from all impervious areas at the site is *not* discharging to the infiltration BMP and calculations are provided showing that the drainage area contributing runoff to the infiltration BMPs is sufficient to generate the required recharge volume.
- ☒ Recharge BMPs have been sized to infiltrate the Required Recharge Volume.
- ☐ Recharge BMPs have been sized to infiltrate the Required Recharge Volume *only* to the maximum extent practicable for the following reason:
  - ☐ Site is comprised solely of C and D soils and/or bedrock at the land surface
  - ☐ M.G.L. c. 21E sites pursuant to 310 CMR 40.0000
  - ☐ Solid Waste Landfill pursuant to 310 CMR 19.000
  - ☐ Project is otherwise subject to Stormwater Management Standards only to the maximum extent practicable.
- ☒ Calculations showing that the infiltration BMPs will drain in 72 hours are provided.
- ☐ Property includes a M.G.L. c. 21E site or a solid waste landfill and a mounding analysis is included.

---

<sup>1</sup> 80% TSS removal is required prior to discharge to infiltration BMP if Dynamic Field method is used.





# Checklist for Stormwater Report

---

## Checklist (continued)

### Standard 3: Recharge (continued)

- ☐ The infiltration BMP is used to attenuate peak flows during storms greater than or equal to the 10-year 24-hour storm and separation to seasonal high groundwater is less than 4 feet and a mounding analysis is provided.
- ☒ Documentation is provided showing that infiltration BMPs do not adversely impact nearby wetland resource areas.

### Standard 4: Water Quality

The Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan typically includes the following:

- Good housekeeping practices;
  - Provisions for storing materials and waste products inside or under cover;
  - Vehicle washing controls;
  - Requirements for routine inspections and maintenance of stormwater BMPs;
  - Spill prevention and response plans;
  - Provisions for maintenance of lawns, gardens, and other landscaped areas;
  - Requirements for storage and use of fertilizers, herbicides, and pesticides;
  - Pet waste management provisions;
  - Provisions for operation and management of septic systems;
  - Provisions for solid waste management;
  - Snow disposal and plowing plans relative to Wetland Resource Areas;
  - Winter Road Salt and/or Sand Use and Storage restrictions;
  - Street sweeping schedules;
  - Provisions for prevention of illicit discharges to the stormwater management system;
  - Documentation that Stormwater BMPs are designed to provide for shutdown and containment in the event of a spill or discharges to or near critical areas or from LUHPPL;
  - Training for staff or personnel involved with implementing Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan;
  - List of Emergency contacts for implementing Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan.
- ☒ A Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan is attached to Stormwater Report and is included as an attachment to the Wetlands Notice of Intent.
  - ☒ Treatment BMPs subject to the 44% TSS removal pretreatment requirement and the one inch rule for calculating the water quality volume are included, and discharge:
    - ☐ is within the Zone II or Interim Wellhead Protection Area
    - ☐ is near or to other critical areas
    - ☒ is within soils with a rapid infiltration rate (greater than 2.4 inches per hour)
    - ☐ involves runoff from land uses with higher potential pollutant loads.
  - ☐ The Required Water Quality Volume is reduced through use of the LID site Design Credits.
  - ☒ Calculations documenting that the treatment train meets the 80% TSS removal requirement and, if applicable, the 44% TSS removal pretreatment requirement, are provided.



# Checklist for Stormwater Report

---

## Checklist (continued)

### Standard 4: Water Quality (continued)

- ☒ The BMP is sized (and calculations provided) based on:
  - ☒ The ½" or 1" Water Quality Volume or
  - ☐ The equivalent flow rate associated with the Water Quality Volume and documentation is provided showing that the BMP treats the required water quality volume.
- ☒ The applicant proposes to use proprietary BMPs, and documentation supporting use of proprietary BMP and proposed TSS removal rate is provided. This documentation may be in the form of the propriety BMP checklist found in Volume 2, Chapter 4 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook and submitting copies of the TARP Report, STEP Report, and/or other third party studies verifying performance of the proprietary BMPs.
- ☐ A TMDL exists that indicates a need to reduce pollutants other than TSS and documentation showing that the BMPs selected are consistent with the TMDL is provided.

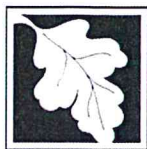
### Standard 5: Land Uses With Higher Potential Pollutant Loads (LUHPPLs)

- ☐ The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit covers the land use and the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) has been included with the Stormwater Report.
- ☐ The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit covers the land use and the SWPPP will be submitted **prior to** the discharge of stormwater to the post-construction stormwater BMPs.
- ☒ The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit does **not** cover the land use.
- ☐ LUHPPLs are located at the site and industry specific source control and pollution prevention measures have been proposed to reduce or eliminate the exposure of LUHPPLs to rain, snow, snow melt and runoff, and been included in the long term Pollution Prevention Plan.
- ☐ All exposure has been eliminated.
- ☐ All exposure has **not** been eliminated and all BMPs selected are on MassDEP LUHPPL list.
- ☐ The LUHPPL has the potential to generate runoff with moderate to higher concentrations of oil and grease (e.g. all parking lots with >1000 vehicle trips per day) and the treatment train includes an oil grit separator, a filtering bioretention area, a sand filter or equivalent.

### Standard 6: Critical Areas

- ☐ The discharge is near or to a critical area and the treatment train includes only BMPs that MassDEP has approved for stormwater discharges to or near that particular class of critical area.
- ☒ Critical areas and BMPs are identified in the Stormwater Report.





# Checklist for Stormwater Report

---

## Checklist (continued)

### Standard 7: Redevelopments and Other Projects Subject to the Standards only to the maximum extent practicable

- ☒ The project is subject to the Stormwater Management Standards only to the maximum Extent Practicable as a:
- ☐ Limited Project
  - ☐ Small Residential Projects: 5-9 single family houses or 5-9 units in a multi-family development provided there is no discharge that may potentially affect a critical area.
  - ☐ Small Residential Projects: 2-4 single family houses or 2-4 units in a multi-family development with a discharge to a critical area
  - ☐ Marina and/or boatyard provided the hull painting, service and maintenance areas are protected from exposure to rain, snow, snow melt and runoff
  - ☐ Bike Path and/or Foot Path
  - ☐ Redevelopment Project
  - ☒ Redevelopment portion of mix of new and redevelopment.
- ☒ Certain standards are not fully met (Standard No. 1, 8, 9, and 10 must always be fully met) and an explanation of why these standards are not met is contained in the Stormwater Report.
- ☒ The project involves redevelopment and a description of all measures that have been taken to improve existing conditions is provided in the Stormwater Report. The redevelopment checklist found in Volume 2 Chapter 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook may be used to document that the proposed stormwater management system (a) complies with Standards 2, 3 and the pretreatment and structural BMP requirements of Standards 4-6 to the maximum extent practicable and (b) improves existing conditions.

### Standard 8: Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control

A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan must include the following information:

- Narrative;
  - Construction Period Operation and Maintenance Plan;
  - Names of Persons or Entity Responsible for Plan Compliance;
  - Construction Period Pollution Prevention Measures;
  - Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan Drawings;
  - Detail drawings and specifications for erosion control BMPs, including sizing calculations;
  - Vegetation Planning;
  - Site Development Plan;
  - Construction Sequencing Plan;
  - Sequencing of Erosion and Sedimentation Controls;
  - Operation and Maintenance of Erosion and Sedimentation Controls;
  - Inspection Schedule;
  - Maintenance Schedule;
  - Inspection and Maintenance Log Form.
- ☒ A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan containing the information set forth above has been included in the Stormwater Report.



# Checklist for Stormwater Report

---

## Checklist (continued)

### Standard 8: Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control (continued)

- ☐ The project is highly complex and information is included in the Stormwater Report that explains why it is not possible to submit the Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan with the application. A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control has **not** been included in the Stormwater Report but will be submitted **before** land disturbance begins.
- ☐ The project is **not** covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit.
- ☐ The project is covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit and a copy of the SWPPP is in the Stormwater Report.
- ☒ The project is covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit but no SWPPP been submitted. The SWPPP will be submitted BEFORE land disturbance begins.

### Standard 9: Operation and Maintenance Plan

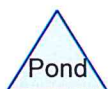
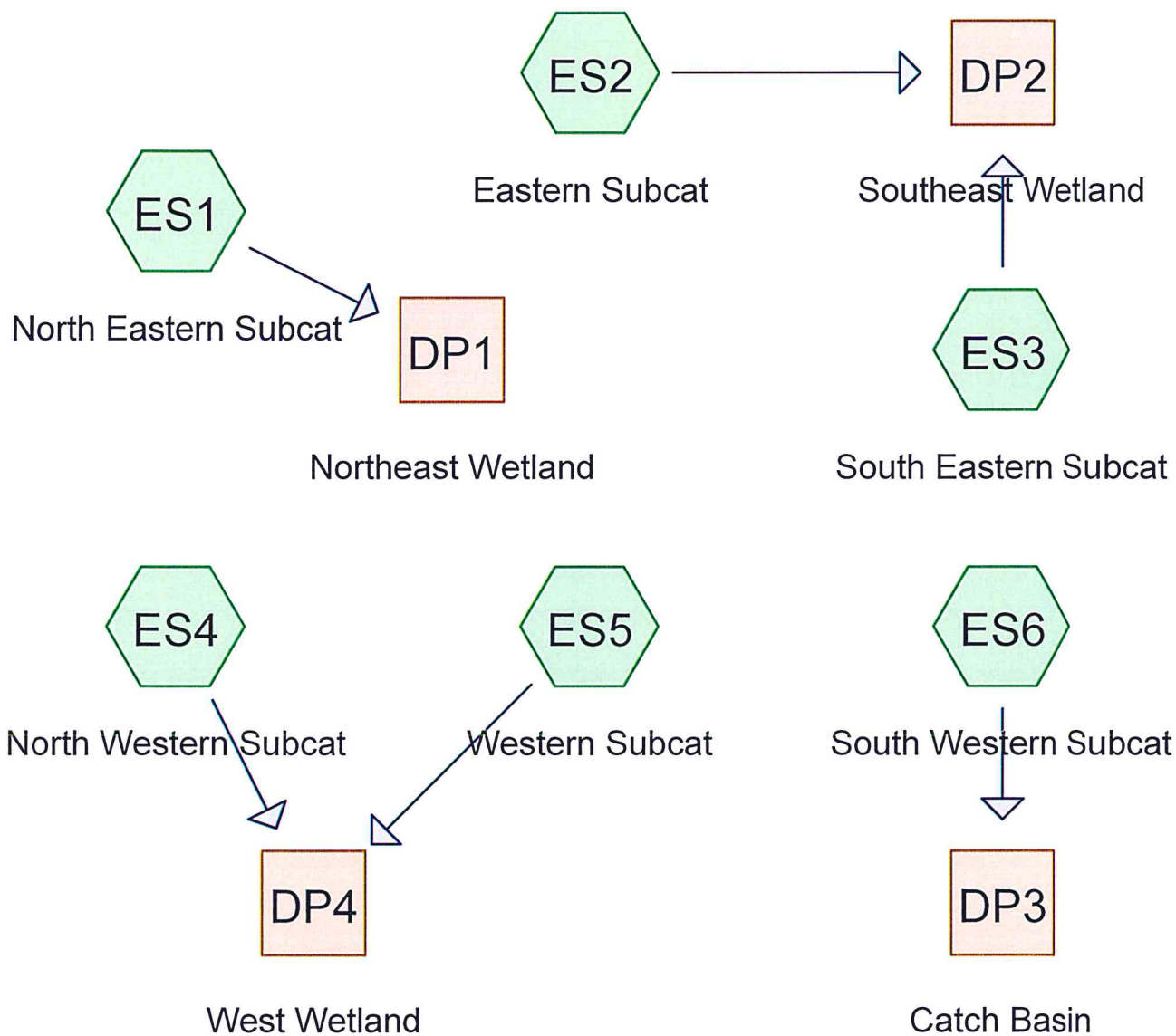
- ☒ The Post Construction Operation and Maintenance Plan is included in the Stormwater Report and includes the following information:
  - ☒ Name of the stormwater management system owners;
  - ☒ Party responsible for operation and maintenance;
  - ☒ Schedule for implementation of routine and non-routine maintenance tasks;
  - ☒ Plan showing the location of all stormwater BMPs maintenance access areas;
  - ☒ Description and delineation of public safety features;
  - ☒ Estimated operation and maintenance budget; and
  - ☒ Operation and Maintenance Log Form.
- ☐ The responsible party is **not** the owner of the parcel where the BMP is located and the Stormwater Report includes the following submissions:
  - ☐ A copy of the legal instrument (deed, homeowner's association, utility trust or other legal entity) that establishes the terms of and legal responsibility for the operation and maintenance of the project site stormwater BMPs;
  - ☐ A plan and easement deed that allows site access for the legal entity to operate and maintain BMP functions.

### Standard 10: Prohibition of Illicit Discharges

- ☒ The Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan includes measures to prevent illicit discharges;
- ☒ An Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement is attached;
- ☐ NO Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement is attached but will be submitted **prior to** the discharge of any stormwater to post-construction BMPs.



**APPENDIX B:**  
**EXISTING CONDITIONS**  
**HYDROLOGIC ANALYSIS**



#### Routing Diagram for 4046 Existing

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## 4046 Existing

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### Rainfall Events Listing

Event#	Event Name	Storm Type	Curve	Mode	Duration (hours)	B/B	Depth (inches)	AMC
1	2-Year	NOAA10 24-hr	D	Default	24.00	1	3.12	2
2	10-Year	NOAA10 24-hr	D	Default	24.00	1	4.90	2
3	25-Year	NOAA10 24-hr	D	Default	24.00	1	6.02	2
4	100-Year	NOAA10 24-hr	D	Default	24.00	1	7.74	2

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### Area Listing (all nodes)

Area (sq-ft)	CN	Description (subcatchment-numbers)
87,616	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A (ES1, ES2, ES3, ES4, ES5, ES6)
14,245	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B (ES4, ES5, ES6)
2,635	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C (ES2)
90,559	98	Paved parking, HSG A (ES1, ES2, ES3, ES4, ES5, ES6)
9,541	98	Paved parking, HSG B (ES5, ES6)
1,775	98	Paved parking, HSG C (ES2)
59,918	98	Roofs, HSG A (ES2, ES5)
320,111	30	Woods, Good, HSG A (ES1, ES2, ES4, ES5)
24,401	55	Woods, Good, HSG B (ES1, ES4)
3,171	70	Woods, Good, HSG C (ES2)
<b>613,972</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>TOTAL AREA</b>



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### Soil Listing (all nodes)

Area (sq-ft)	Soil Group	Subcatchment Numbers
558,204	HSG A	ES1, ES2, ES3, ES4, ES5, ES6
48,187	HSG B	ES1, ES4, ES5, ES6
7,581	HSG C	ES2
0	HSG D	
0	Other	
<b>613,972</b>		<b>TOTAL AREA</b>

4046 Existing

Ground Covers (all nodes)						
HSG-A (sq-ft)	HSG-B (sq-ft)	HSG-C (sq-ft)	HSG-D (sq-ft)	Other (sq-ft)	Total (sq-ft)	Ground Cover
87,616	14,245	2,635	0	0	104,496	>75% Grass cover, Good
90,559	9,541	1,775	0	0	101,875	Paved parking
59,918	0	0	0	0	59,918	Roofs
320,111	24,401	3,171	0	0	347,683	Woods, Good
558,204	48,187	7,581	0	0	613,972	TOTAL AREA



**4046 Existing**

NOAA10 24-hr D 2-Year Rainfall=3.12"

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Time span=0.00-36.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 3601 points

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN

Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

**Subcatchment ES1: North Eastern Subcat** Runoff Area=208,519 sf 0.03% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.00"  
Flow Length=388' Tc=10.1 min CN=31 Runoff=0.0 cfs 0 cf

**Subcatchment ES2: Eastern Subcat** Runoff Area=84,210 sf 60.57% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.10"  
Flow Length=400' Tc=6.0 min CN=76 Runoff=2.6 cfs 7,696 cf

**Subcatchment ES3: South Eastern Subcat** Runoff Area=15,025 sf 74.58% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.54"  
Flow Length=228' Tc=6.0 min CN=83 Runoff=0.7 cfs 1,933 cf

**Subcatchment ES4: North Western Subcat** Runoff Area=164,415 sf 0.57% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.00"  
Flow Length=1,386' Tc=15.8 min CN=37 Runoff=0.0 cfs 0 cf

**Subcatchment ES5: Western Subcat** Runoff Area=126,089 sf 68.99% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.28"  
Flow Length=875' Tc=6.4 min CN=79 Runoff=4.5 cfs 13,417 cf

**Subcatchment ES6: South Western Subcat** Runoff Area=15,714 sf 73.77% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.69"  
Flow Length=226' Tc=6.0 min CN=85 Runoff=0.8 cfs 2,212 cf

**Reach DP1: Northeast Wetland** Inflow=0.0 cfs 0 cf  
Outflow=0.0 cfs 0 cf

**Reach DP2: Southeast Wetland** Inflow=3.3 cfs 9,629 cf  
Outflow=3.3 cfs 9,629 cf

**Reach DP3: Catch Basin** Inflow=0.8 cfs 2,212 cf  
Outflow=0.8 cfs 2,212 cf

**Reach DP4: West Wetland** Inflow=4.5 cfs 13,417 cf  
Outflow=4.5 cfs 13,417 cf

**Total Runoff Area = 613,972 sf Runoff Volume = 25,259 cf Average Runoff Depth = 0.49"**  
**73.65% Pervious = 452,179 sf 26.35% Impervious = 161,793 sf**

**4046 Existing**

NOAA10 24-hr D 2-Year Rainfall=3.12"

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**Summary for Subcatchment ES1: North Eastern Subcat**

Runoff = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf, Depth= 0.00"  
 Routed to Reach DP1 : Northeast Wetland

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 2-Year Rainfall=3.12"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
60	98	Paved parking, HSG A
190,891	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
111	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
17,457	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
208,519	31	Weighted Average
208,459		99.97% Pervious Area
60		0.03% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
8.7	50	0.0500	0.10		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b> Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.12"
0.6	176	0.0994	5.08		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
0.8	162	0.0402	3.23		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
10.1	388	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment ES2: Eastern Subcat**

Runoff = 2.6 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 7,696 cf, Depth= 1.10"  
 Routed to Reach DP2 : Southeast Wetland

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 2-Year Rainfall=3.12"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
18,272	98	Paved parking, HSG A
18,322	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
9,078	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
1,775	98	Paved parking, HSG C
2,635	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
3,171	70	Woods, Good, HSG C
30,957	98	Roofs, HSG A
84,210	76	Weighted Average
33,206		39.43% Pervious Area
51,004		60.57% Impervious Area



**4046 Existing**

NOAA10 24-hr D 2-Year Rainfall=3.12"

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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
2.9	50	0.1100	0.29		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow</b> Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"
0.1	47	0.1311	5.83		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
0.9	183	0.0283	3.41		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
0.5	120	0.0657	4.13		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
1.6					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment for 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	400	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment ES3: South Eastern Subcat**

Runoff = 0.7 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 1,933 cf, Depth= 1.54"  
 Routed to Reach DP2 : Southeast Wetland

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 2-Year Rainfall=3.12"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
11,205	98	Paved parking, HSG A
3,820	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
15,025	83	Weighted Average
3,820		25.42% Pervious Area
11,205		74.58% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
1.1	16	0.1313	0.25		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow</b> Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"
0.3	34	0.0853	1.96		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b> Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.12"
0.8	178	0.0337	3.73		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
3.8					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment for 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	228	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment ES4: North Western Subcat**

Runoff = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf, Depth= 0.00"  
 Routed to Reach DP4 : West Wetland

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 2-Year Rainfall=3.12"

**4046 Existing**

NOAA10 24-hr D 2-Year Rainfall=3.12"

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Area (sf)	CN	Description
938	98	Paved parking, HSG A
14,830	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
111,641	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
12,716	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
24,290	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
164,415	37	Weighted Average
163,477		99.43% Pervious Area
938		0.57% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
9.9	50	0.0360	0.08		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow</b> Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.12"
0.2	46	0.0867	4.74		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
0.2	79	0.1259	5.71		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
0.8	153	0.0392	3.19		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
4.7	1,058	0.0113	3.77	25.43	<b>Trap/Vee/Rect Channel Flow, Stream Channel</b> Bot.W=3.00' D=1.50' Z= 1.0 ' Top.W=6.00' n= 0.040 Earth, cobble bottom, clean sides
15.8	1,386	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment ES5: Western Subcat**

Runoff = 4.5 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 13,417 cf, Depth= 1.28"  
Routed to Reach DP4 : West Wetland

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
NOAA10 24-hr D 2-Year Rainfall=3.12"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
51,222	98	Paved parking, HSG A
30,492	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
8,501	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
6,810	98	Paved parking, HSG B
103	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
28,961	98	Roofs, HSG A
126,089	79	Weighted Average
39,096		31.01% Pervious Area
86,993		68.99% Impervious Area



**4046 Existing**

NOAA10 24-hr D 2-Year Rainfall=3.12"

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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
3.3	50	0.0800	0.25		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow</b> Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"
0.2	52	0.0763	4.45		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
0.2	64	0.1871	6.96		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
0.9	165	0.0226	3.05		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
0.7	276	0.0148	6.94	8.51	<b>Pipe Channel, Pipe (CB to DMH)</b> 15.0" Round Area= 1.2 sf Perim= 3.9' r= 0.31' n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished
0.2	75	0.0104	7.16	12.66	<b>Pipe Channel, Pipe (DMH to water treatment unit)</b> 18.0" Round Area= 1.8 sf Perim= 4.7' r= 0.38' n= 0.011 Concrete pipe, straight & clean
0.4	59	0.0300	2.79		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
0.5	134	0.0140	4.19	28.31	<b>Trap/Vee/Rect Channel Flow, Stream Channel</b> Bot.W=3.00' D=1.50' Z= 1.0 ' / ' Top.W=6.00' n= 0.040 Earth, cobble bottom, clean sides
6.4	875	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment ES6: South Western Subcat**

Runoff = 0.8 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 2,212 cf, Depth= 1.69"  
Routed to Reach DP3 : Catch Basin

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
NOAA10 24-hr D 2-Year Rainfall=3.12"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
8,862	98	Paved parking, HSG A
2,695	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
2,731	98	Paved parking, HSG B
1,426	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
15,714	85	Weighted Average
4,121		26.23% Pervious Area
11,593		73.77% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
1.0	15	0.1313	0.24		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow</b> Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"
0.3	35	0.0571	1.68		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b> Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.12"
0.7	176	0.0392	4.02		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
4.0					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment for 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	226	Total			

**Summary for Reach DP1: Northeast Wetland**

Inflow Area = 208,519 sf, 0.03% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.00" for 2-Year event  
Inflow = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
Outflow = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

**Summary for Reach DP2: Southeast Wetland**

Inflow Area = 99,235 sf, 62.69% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.16" for 2-Year event  
Inflow = 3.3 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 9,629 cf  
Outflow = 3.3 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 9,629 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

**Summary for Reach DP3: Catch Basin**

Inflow Area = 15,714 sf, 73.77% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.69" for 2-Year event  
Inflow = 0.8 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 2,212 cf  
Outflow = 0.8 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 2,212 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

**Summary for Reach DP4: West Wetland**

Inflow Area = 290,504 sf, 30.27% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.55" for 2-Year event  
Inflow = 4.5 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 13,417 cf  
Outflow = 4.5 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 13,417 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs



**4046 Existing**

NOAA10 24-hr D 10-Year Rainfall=4.90"

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Time span=0.00-36.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 3601 points  
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN  
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

<b>Subcatchment ES1: North Eastern Subcat</b>	Runoff Area=208,519 sf 0.03% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.01" Flow Length=388' Tc=10.1 min CN=31 Runoff=0.0 cfs 154 cf
<b>Subcatchment ES2: Eastern Subcat</b>	Runoff Area=84,210 sf 60.57% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.45" Flow Length=400' Tc=6.0 min CN=76 Runoff=5.9 cfs 17,216 cf
<b>Subcatchment ES3: South Eastern Subcat</b>	Runoff Area=15,025 sf 74.58% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.08" Flow Length=228' Tc=6.0 min CN=83 Runoff=1.3 cfs 3,861 cf
<b>Subcatchment ES4: North Western Subcat</b>	Runoff Area=164,415 sf 0.57% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.12" Flow Length=1,386' Tc=15.8 min CN=37 Runoff=0.0 cfs 1,652 cf
<b>Subcatchment ES5: Western Subcat</b>	Runoff Area=126,089 sf 68.99% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.72" Flow Length=875' Tc=6.4 min CN=79 Runoff=9.7 cfs 28,536 cf
<b>Subcatchment ES6: South Western Subcat</b>	Runoff Area=15,714 sf 73.77% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.28" Flow Length=226' Tc=6.0 min CN=85 Runoff=1.4 cfs 4,290 cf
<b>Reach DP1: Northeast Wetland</b>	Inflow=0.0 cfs 154 cf Outflow=0.0 cfs 154 cf
<b>Reach DP2: Southeast Wetland</b>	Inflow=7.3 cfs 21,078 cf Outflow=7.3 cfs 21,078 cf
<b>Reach DP3: Catch Basin</b>	Inflow=1.4 cfs 4,290 cf Outflow=1.4 cfs 4,290 cf
<b>Reach DP4: West Wetland</b>	Inflow=9.7 cfs 30,188 cf Outflow=9.7 cfs 30,188 cf

**Total Runoff Area = 613,972 sf Runoff Volume = 55,709 cf Average Runoff Depth = 1.09"**  
**73.65% Pervious = 452,179 sf 26.35% Impervious = 161,793 sf**

**4046 Existing**

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NOAA10 24-hr D 10-Year Rainfall=4.90"

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**Summary for Subcatchment ES1: North Eastern Subcat**

Runoff = 0.0 cfs @ 23.56 hrs, Volume= 154 cf, Depth= 0.01"  
 Routed to Reach DP1 : Northeast Wetland

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 10-Year Rainfall=4.90"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
60	98	Paved parking, HSG A
190,891	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
111	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
17,457	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
208,519	31	Weighted Average
208,459		99.97% Pervious Area
60		0.03% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
8.7	50	0.0500	0.10		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b> Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.12"
0.6	176	0.0994	5.08		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
0.8	162	0.0402	3.23		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
10.1	388	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment ES2: Eastern Subcat**

Runoff = 5.9 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 17,216 cf, Depth= 2.45"  
 Routed to Reach DP2 : Southeast Wetland

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 10-Year Rainfall=4.90"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
18,272	98	Paved parking, HSG A
18,322	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
9,078	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
1,775	98	Paved parking, HSG C
2,635	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
3,171	70	Woods, Good, HSG C
30,957	98	Roofs, HSG A
84,210	76	Weighted Average
33,206		39.43% Pervious Area
51,004		60.57% Impervious Area



**4046 Existing**

NOAA10 24-hr D 10-Year Rainfall=4.90"

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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
2.9	50	0.1100	0.29		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow</b> Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"
0.1	47	0.1311	5.83		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
0.9	183	0.0283	3.41		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
0.5	120	0.0657	4.13		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
1.6					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment for 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	400	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment ES3: South Eastern Subcat**

Runoff = 1.3 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 3,861 cf, Depth= 3.08"  
 Routed to Reach DP2 : Southeast Wetland

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 10-Year Rainfall=4.90"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
11,205	98	Paved parking, HSG A
3,820	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
15,025	83	Weighted Average
3,820		25.42% Pervious Area
11,205		74.58% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
1.1	16	0.1313	0.25		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow</b> Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"
0.3	34	0.0853	1.96		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b> Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.12"
0.8	178	0.0337	3.73		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
3.8					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment for 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	228	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment ES4: North Western Subcat**

Runoff = 0.0 cfs @ 19.33 hrs, Volume= 1,652 cf, Depth= 0.12"  
 Routed to Reach DP4 : West Wetland

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 10-Year Rainfall=4.90"

**4046 Existing**

NOAA10 24-hr D 10-Year Rainfall=4.90"

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Area (sf)	CN	Description
938	98	Paved parking, HSG A
14,830	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
111,641	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
12,716	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
24,290	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
164,415	37	Weighted Average
163,477		99.43% Pervious Area
938		0.57% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
9.9	50	0.0360	0.08		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow</b> Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.12"
0.2	46	0.0867	4.74		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
0.2	79	0.1259	5.71		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
0.8	153	0.0392	3.19		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
4.7	1,058	0.0113	3.77	25.43	<b>Trap/Vee/Rect Channel Flow, Stream Channel</b> Bot.W=3.00' D=1.50' Z= 1.0 ' Top.W=6.00' n= 0.040 Earth, cobble bottom, clean sides

15.8 1,386 Total

**Summary for Subcatchment ES5: Western Subcat**

Runoff = 9.7 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 28,536 cf, Depth= 2.72"  
Routed to Reach DP4 : West Wetland

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
NOAA10 24-hr D 10-Year Rainfall=4.90"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
51,222	98	Paved parking, HSG A
30,492	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
8,501	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
6,810	98	Paved parking, HSG B
103	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
28,961	98	Roofs, HSG A
126,089	79	Weighted Average
39,096		31.01% Pervious Area
86,993		68.99% Impervious Area



**4046 Existing**

NOAA10 24-hr D 10-Year Rainfall=4.90"

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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
3.3	50	0.0800	0.25		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow</b> Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"
0.2	52	0.0763	4.45		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
0.2	64	0.1871	6.96		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
0.9	165	0.0226	3.05		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
0.7	276	0.0148	6.94	8.51	<b>Pipe Channel, Pipe (CB to DMH)</b> 15.0" Round Area= 1.2 sf Perim= 3.9' r= 0.31' n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished
0.2	75	0.0104	7.16	12.66	<b>Pipe Channel, Pipe (DMH to water treatment unit)</b> 18.0" Round Area= 1.8 sf Perim= 4.7' r= 0.38' n= 0.011 Concrete pipe, straight & clean
0.4	59	0.0300	2.79		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
0.5	134	0.0140	4.19	28.31	<b>Trap/Vee/Rect Channel Flow, Stream Channel</b> Bot.W=3.00' D=1.50' Z= 1.0 '/' Top.W=6.00' n= 0.040 Earth, cobble bottom, clean sides
6.4	875	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment ES6: South Western Subcat**

Runoff = 1.4 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 4,290 cf, Depth= 3.28"  
Routed to Reach DP3 : Catch Basin

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
NOAA10 24-hr D 10-Year Rainfall=4.90"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
8,862	98	Paved parking, HSG A
2,695	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
2,731	98	Paved parking, HSG B
1,426	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
15,714	85	Weighted Average
4,121		26.23% Pervious Area
11,593		73.77% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
1.0	15	0.1313	0.24		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow</b> Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"
0.3	35	0.0571	1.68		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b> Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.12"
0.7	176	0.0392	4.02		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
4.0					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment for 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	226	Total			

**Summary for Reach DP1: Northeast Wetland**

Inflow Area = 208,519 sf, 0.03% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.01" for 10-Year event  
Inflow = 0.0 cfs @ 23.56 hrs, Volume= 154 cf  
Outflow = 0.0 cfs @ 23.56 hrs, Volume= 154 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

**Summary for Reach DP2: Southeast Wetland**

Inflow Area = 99,235 sf, 62.69% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.55" for 10-Year event  
Inflow = 7.3 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 21,078 cf  
Outflow = 7.3 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 21,078 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

**Summary for Reach DP3: Catch Basin**

Inflow Area = 15,714 sf, 73.77% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.28" for 10-Year event  
Inflow = 1.4 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 4,290 cf  
Outflow = 1.4 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 4,290 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

**Summary for Reach DP4: West Wetland**

Inflow Area = 290,504 sf, 30.27% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.25" for 10-Year event  
Inflow = 9.7 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 30,188 cf  
Outflow = 9.7 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 30,188 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs



**4046 Existing**

NOAA10 24-hr D 25-Year Rainfall=6.02"

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Time span=0.00-36.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 3601 points

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN

Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

**Subcatchment ES1: North Eastern Subcat** Runoff Area=208,519 sf 0.03% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.10"  
Flow Length=388' Tc=10.1 min CN=31 Runoff=0.1 cfs 1,794 cf

**Subcatchment ES2: Eastern Subcat** Runoff Area=84,210 sf 60.57% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.40"  
Flow Length=400' Tc=6.0 min CN=76 Runoff=8.2 cfs 23,841 cf

**Subcatchment ES3: South Eastern Subcat** Runoff Area=15,025 sf 74.58% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.11"  
Flow Length=228' Tc=6.0 min CN=83 Runoff=1.7 cfs 5,146 cf

**Subcatchment ES4: North Western Subcat** Runoff Area=164,415 sf 0.57% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.35"  
Flow Length=1,386' Tc=15.8 min CN=37 Runoff=0.2 cfs 4,769 cf

**Subcatchment ES5: Western Subcat** Runoff Area=126,089 sf 68.99% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.70"  
Flow Length=875' Tc=6.4 min CN=79 Runoff=13.0 cfs 38,851 cf

**Subcatchment ES6: South Western Subcat** Runoff Area=15,714 sf 73.77% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.32"  
Flow Length=226' Tc=6.0 min CN=85 Runoff=1.9 cfs 5,659 cf

**Reach DP1: Northeast Wetland** Inflow=0.1 cfs 1,794 cf  
Outflow=0.1 cfs 1,794 cf

**Reach DP2: Southeast Wetland** Inflow=9.9 cfs 28,987 cf  
Outflow=9.9 cfs 28,987 cf

**Reach DP3: Catch Basin** Inflow=1.9 cfs 5,659 cf  
Outflow=1.9 cfs 5,659 cf

**Reach DP4: West Wetland** Inflow=13.0 cfs 43,620 cf  
Outflow=13.0 cfs 43,620 cf

**Total Runoff Area = 613,972 sf Runoff Volume = 80,060 cf Average Runoff Depth = 1.56"**  
**73.65% Pervious = 452,179 sf 26.35% Impervious = 161,793 sf**

**4046 Existing**

NOAA10 24-hr D 25-Year Rainfall=6.02"

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**Summary for Subcatchment ES1: North Eastern Subcat**

Runoff = 0.1 cfs @ 19.96 hrs, Volume= 1,794 cf, Depth= 0.10"  
 Routed to Reach DP1 : Northeast Wetland

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 25-Year Rainfall=6.02"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
60	98	Paved parking, HSG A
190,891	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
111	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
17,457	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
208,519	31	Weighted Average
208,459		99.97% Pervious Area
60		0.03% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
8.7	50	0.0500	0.10		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b> Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.12"
0.6	176	0.0994	5.08		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
0.8	162	0.0402	3.23		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
10.1	388	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment ES2: Eastern Subcat**

Runoff = 8.2 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 23,841 cf, Depth= 3.40"  
 Routed to Reach DP2 : Southeast Wetland

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 25-Year Rainfall=6.02"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
18,272	98	Paved parking, HSG A
18,322	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
9,078	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
1,775	98	Paved parking, HSG C
2,635	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
3,171	70	Woods, Good, HSG C
30,957	98	Roofs, HSG A
84,210	76	Weighted Average
33,206		39.43% Pervious Area
51,004		60.57% Impervious Area



**4046 Existing**

NOAA10 24-hr D 25-Year Rainfall=6.02"

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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
2.9	50	0.1100	0.29		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow</b>
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"
0.1	47	0.1311	5.83		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b>
					Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
0.9	183	0.0283	3.41		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b>
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
0.5	120	0.0657	4.13		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b>
					Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
1.6					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment for 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	400	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment ES3: South Eastern Subcat**

Runoff = 1.7 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 5,146 cf, Depth= 4.11"  
 Routed to Reach DP2 : Southeast Wetland

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 25-Year Rainfall=6.02"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
11,205	98	Paved parking, HSG A
3,820	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
15,025	83	Weighted Average
3,820		25.42% Pervious Area
11,205		74.58% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
1.1	16	0.1313	0.25		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow</b>
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"
0.3	34	0.0853	1.96		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b>
					Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.12"
0.8	178	0.0337	3.73		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b>
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
3.8					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment for 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	228	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment ES4: North Western Subcat**

Runoff = 0.2 cfs @ 12.55 hrs, Volume= 4,769 cf, Depth= 0.35"  
 Routed to Reach DP4 : West Wetland

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 25-Year Rainfall=6.02"

**4046 Existing**

NOAA10 24-hr D 25-Year Rainfall=6.02"

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Area (sf)	CN	Description
938	98	Paved parking, HSG A
14,830	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
111,641	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
12,716	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
24,290	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
164,415	37	Weighted Average
163,477		99.43% Pervious Area
938		0.57% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
9.9	50	0.0360	0.08		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow</b> Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.12"
0.2	46	0.0867	4.74		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
0.2	79	0.1259	5.71		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
0.8	153	0.0392	3.19		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
4.7	1,058	0.0113	3.77	25.43	<b>Trap/Vee/Rect Channel Flow, Stream Channel</b> Bot.W=3.00' D=1.50' Z= 1.0 '/' Top.W=6.00' n= 0.040 Earth, cobble bottom, clean sides
15.8	1,386	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment ES5: Western Subcat**

Runoff = 13.0 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 38,851 cf, Depth= 3.70"  
Routed to Reach DP4 : West Wetland

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
NOAA10 24-hr D 25-Year Rainfall=6.02"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
51,222	98	Paved parking, HSG A
30,492	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
8,501	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
6,810	98	Paved parking, HSG B
103	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
28,961	98	Roofs, HSG A
126,089	79	Weighted Average
39,096		31.01% Pervious Area
86,993		68.99% Impervious Area



**4046 Existing**

NOAA10 24-hr D 25-Year Rainfall=6.02"

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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
3.3	50	0.0800	0.25		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow</b> Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"
0.2	52	0.0763	4.45		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
0.2	64	0.1871	6.96		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
0.9	165	0.0226	3.05		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
0.7	276	0.0148	6.94	8.51	<b>Pipe Channel, Pipe (CB to DMH)</b> 15.0" Round Area= 1.2 sf Perim= 3.9' r= 0.31' n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished
0.2	75	0.0104	7.16	12.66	<b>Pipe Channel, Pipe (DMH to water treatment unit)</b> 18.0" Round Area= 1.8 sf Perim= 4.7' r= 0.38' n= 0.011 Concrete pipe, straight & clean
0.4	59	0.0300	2.79		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
0.5	134	0.0140	4.19	28.31	<b>Trap/Vee/Rect Channel Flow, Stream Channel</b> Bot.W=3.00' D=1.50' Z= 1.0 ' /' Top.W=6.00' n= 0.040 Earth, cobble bottom, clean sides
6.4	875	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment ES6: South Western Subcat**

Runoff = 1.9 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 5,659 cf, Depth= 4.32"  
Routed to Reach DP3 : Catch Basin

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
NOAA10 24-hr D 25-Year Rainfall=6.02"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
8,862	98	Paved parking, HSG A
2,695	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
2,731	98	Paved parking, HSG B
1,426	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
15,714	85	Weighted Average
4,121		26.23% Pervious Area
11,593		73.77% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
1.0	15	0.1313	0.24		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow</b> Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"
0.3	35	0.0571	1.68		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b> Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.12"
0.7	176	0.0392	4.02		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
4.0					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment for 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	226	Total			

**Summary for Reach DP1: Northeast Wetland**

Inflow Area = 208,519 sf, 0.03% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.10" for 25-Year event  
Inflow = 0.1 cfs @ 19.96 hrs, Volume= 1,794 cf  
Outflow = 0.1 cfs @ 19.96 hrs, Volume= 1,794 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

**Summary for Reach DP2: Southeast Wetland**

Inflow Area = 99,235 sf, 62.69% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.51" for 25-Year event  
Inflow = 9.9 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 28,987 cf  
Outflow = 9.9 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 28,987 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

**Summary for Reach DP3: Catch Basin**

Inflow Area = 15,714 sf, 73.77% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.32" for 25-Year event  
Inflow = 1.9 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 5,659 cf  
Outflow = 1.9 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 5,659 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

**Summary for Reach DP4: West Wetland**

Inflow Area = 290,504 sf, 30.27% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.80" for 25-Year event  
Inflow = 13.0 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 43,620 cf  
Outflow = 13.0 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 43,620 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs



**4046 Existing**

NOAA10 24-hr D 100-Year Rainfall=7.74"

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Time span=0.00-36.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 3601 points  
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN  
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

**Subcatchment ES1: North Eastern Subcat** Runoff Area=208,519 sf 0.03% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.42"  
Flow Length=388' Tc=10.1 min CN=31 Runoff=0.2 cfs 7,355 cf

**Subcatchment ES2: Eastern Subcat** Runoff Area=84,210 sf 60.57% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.92"  
Flow Length=400' Tc=6.0 min CN=76 Runoff=11.7 cfs 34,539 cf

**Subcatchment ES3: South Eastern Subcat** Runoff Area=15,025 sf 74.58% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.73"  
Flow Length=228' Tc=6.0 min CN=83 Runoff=2.4 cfs 7,174 cf

**Subcatchment ES4: North Western Subcat** Runoff Area=164,415 sf 0.57% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.88"  
Flow Length=1,386' Tc=15.8 min CN=37 Runoff=1.4 cfs 12,051 cf

**Subcatchment ES5: Western Subcat** Runoff Area=126,089 sf 68.99% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.27"  
Flow Length=875' Tc=6.4 min CN=79 Runoff=18.3 cfs 55,335 cf

**Subcatchment ES6: South Western Subcat** Runoff Area=15,714 sf 73.77% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.96"  
Flow Length=226' Tc=6.0 min CN=85 Runoff=2.6 cfs 7,808 cf

**Reach DP1: Northeast Wetland** Inflow=0.2 cfs 7,355 cf  
Outflow=0.2 cfs 7,355 cf

**Reach DP2: Southeast Wetland** Inflow=14.1 cfs 41,713 cf  
Outflow=14.1 cfs 41,713 cf

**Reach DP3: Catch Basin** Inflow=2.6 cfs 7,808 cf  
Outflow=2.6 cfs 7,808 cf

**Reach DP4: West Wetland** Inflow=18.7 cfs 67,386 cf  
Outflow=18.7 cfs 67,386 cf

**Total Runoff Area = 613,972 sf Runoff Volume = 124,263 cf Average Runoff Depth = 2.43"**  
**73.65% Pervious = 452,179 sf 26.35% Impervious = 161,793 sf**

**4046 Existing**

NOAA10 24-hr D 100-Year Rainfall=7.74"

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**Summary for Subcatchment ES1: North Eastern Subcat**

Runoff = 0.2 cfs @ 13.25 hrs, Volume= 7,355 cf, Depth= 0.42"  
 Routed to Reach DP1 : Northeast Wetland

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 100-Year Rainfall=7.74"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
60	98	Paved parking, HSG A
190,891	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
111	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
17,457	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
208,519	31	Weighted Average
208,459		99.97% Pervious Area
60		0.03% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
8.7	50	0.0500	0.10		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b> Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.12"
0.6	176	0.0994	5.08		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
0.8	162	0.0402	3.23		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
10.1	388	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment ES2: Eastern Subcat**

Runoff = 11.7 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 34,539 cf, Depth= 4.92"  
 Routed to Reach DP2 : Southeast Wetland

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 100-Year Rainfall=7.74"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
18,272	98	Paved parking, HSG A
18,322	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
9,078	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
1,775	98	Paved parking, HSG C
2,635	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
3,171	70	Woods, Good, HSG C
30,957	98	Roofs, HSG A
84,210	76	Weighted Average
33,206		39.43% Pervious Area
51,004		60.57% Impervious Area



**4046 Existing**

NOAA10 24-hr D 100-Year Rainfall=7.74"

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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
2.9	50	0.1100	0.29		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow</b>
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"
0.1	47	0.1311	5.83		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b>
					Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
0.9	183	0.0283	3.41		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b>
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
0.5	120	0.0657	4.13		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b>
					Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
1.6					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment for 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	400	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment ES3: South Eastern Subcat**

Runoff = 2.4 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 7,174 cf, Depth= 5.73"  
 Routed to Reach DP2 : Southeast Wetland

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 100-Year Rainfall=7.74"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
11,205	98	Paved parking, HSG A
3,820	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
15,025	83	Weighted Average
3,820		25.42% Pervious Area
11,205		74.58% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
1.1	16	0.1313	0.25		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow</b>
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"
0.3	34	0.0853	1.96		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b>
					Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.12"
0.8	178	0.0337	3.73		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b>
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
3.8					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment for 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	228	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment ES4: North Western Subcat**

Runoff = 1.4 cfs @ 12.30 hrs, Volume= 12,051 cf, Depth= 0.88"  
 Routed to Reach DP4 : West Wetland

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 100-Year Rainfall=7.74"

**4046 Existing**

NOAA10 24-hr D 100-Year Rainfall=7.74"

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Area (sf)	CN	Description
938	98	Paved parking, HSG A
14,830	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
111,641	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
12,716	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
24,290	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
164,415	37	Weighted Average
163,477		99.43% Pervious Area
938		0.57% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
9.9	50	0.0360	0.08		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow</b> Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.12"
0.2	46	0.0867	4.74		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
0.2	79	0.1259	5.71		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
0.8	153	0.0392	3.19		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
4.7	1,058	0.0113	3.77	25.43	<b>Trap/Vee/Rect Channel Flow, Stream Channel</b> Bot.W=3.00' D=1.50' Z= 1.0 '/' Top.W=6.00' n= 0.040 Earth, cobble bottom, clean sides

15.8 1,386 Total

**Summary for Subcatchment ES5: Western Subcat**

Runoff = 18.3 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 55,335 cf, Depth= 5.27"  
Routed to Reach DP4 : West Wetland

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
NOAA10 24-hr D 100-Year Rainfall=7.74"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
51,222	98	Paved parking, HSG A
30,492	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
8,501	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
6,810	98	Paved parking, HSG B
103	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
28,961	98	Roofs, HSG A
126,089	79	Weighted Average
39,096		31.01% Pervious Area
86,993		68.99% Impervious Area



**4046 Existing**

NOAA10 24-hr D 100-Year Rainfall=7.74"

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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
3.3	50	0.0800	0.25		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow</b> Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"
0.2	52	0.0763	4.45		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
0.2	64	0.1871	6.96		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
0.9	165	0.0226	3.05		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
0.7	276	0.0148	6.94	8.51	<b>Pipe Channel, Pipe (CB to DMH)</b> 15.0" Round Area= 1.2 sf Perim= 3.9' r= 0.31' n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished
0.2	75	0.0104	7.16	12.66	<b>Pipe Channel, Pipe (DMH to water treatment unit)</b> 18.0" Round Area= 1.8 sf Perim= 4.7' r= 0.38' n= 0.011 Concrete pipe, straight & clean
0.4	59	0.0300	2.79		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
0.5	134	0.0140	4.19	28.31	<b>Trap/Vee/Rect Channel Flow, Stream Channel</b> Bot.W=3.00' D=1.50' Z= 1.0 ' /' Top.W=6.00' n= 0.040 Earth, cobble bottom, clean sides
6.4	875	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment ES6: South Western Subcat**

Runoff = 2.6 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 7,808 cf, Depth= 5.96"  
Routed to Reach DP3 : Catch Basin

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
NOAA10 24-hr D 100-Year Rainfall=7.74"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
8,862	98	Paved parking, HSG A
2,695	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
2,731	98	Paved parking, HSG B
1,426	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
15,714	85	Weighted Average
4,121		26.23% Pervious Area
11,593		73.77% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
1.0	15	0.1313	0.24		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow</b> Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"
0.3	35	0.0571	1.68		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b> Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.12"
0.7	176	0.0392	4.02		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
4.0					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment for 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	226	Total			

**Summary for Reach DP1: Northeast Wetland**

Inflow Area = 208,519 sf, 0.03% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.42" for 100-Year event  
Inflow = 0.2 cfs @ 13.25 hrs, Volume= 7,355 cf  
Outflow = 0.2 cfs @ 13.25 hrs, Volume= 7,355 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

**Summary for Reach DP2: Southeast Wetland**

Inflow Area = 99,235 sf, 62.69% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 5.04" for 100-Year event  
Inflow = 14.1 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 41,713 cf  
Outflow = 14.1 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 41,713 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

**Summary for Reach DP3: Catch Basin**

Inflow Area = 15,714 sf, 73.77% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 5.96" for 100-Year event  
Inflow = 2.6 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 7,808 cf  
Outflow = 2.6 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 7,808 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

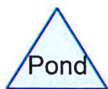
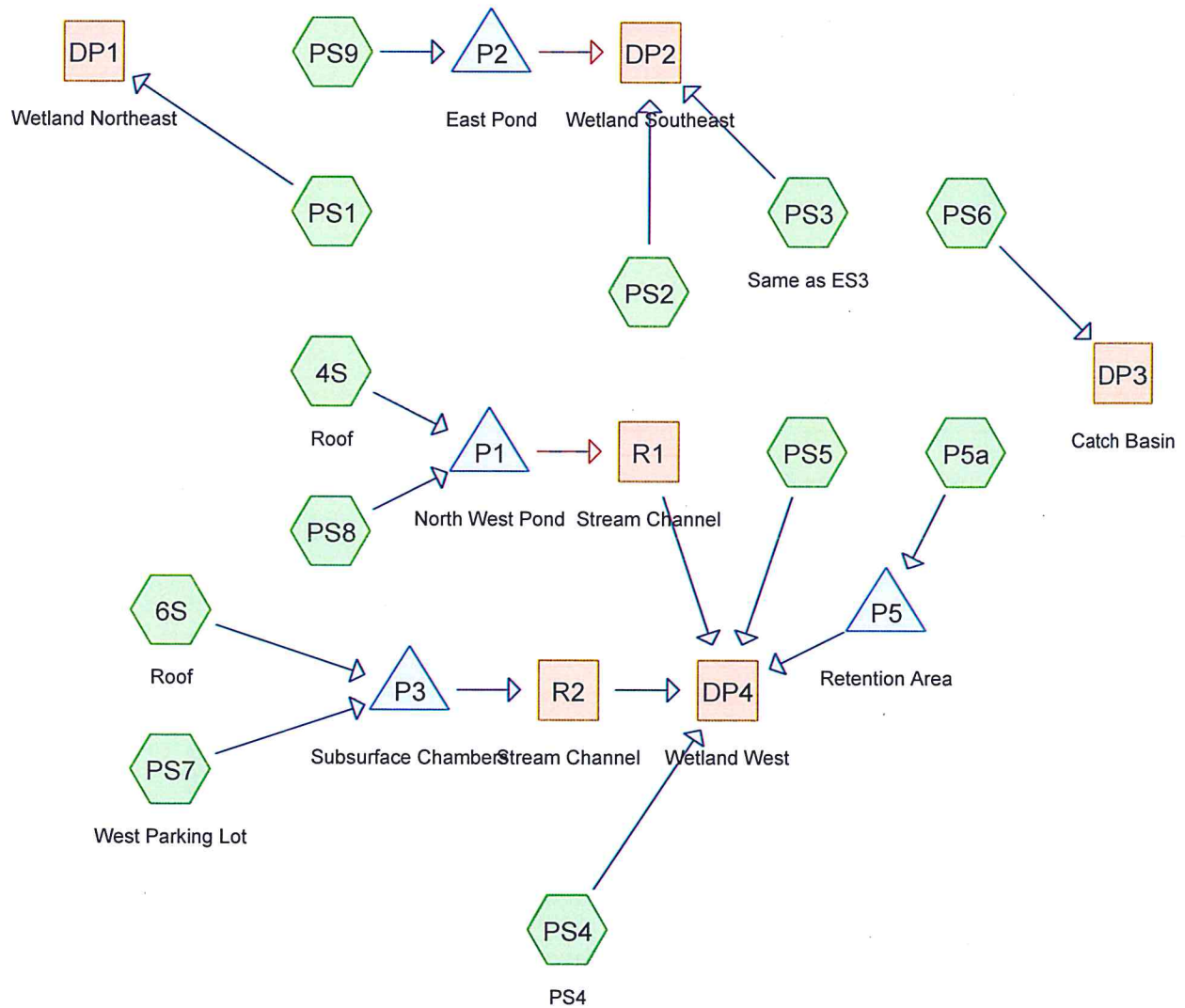
**Summary for Reach DP4: West Wetland**

Inflow Area = 290,504 sf, 30.27% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.78" for 100-Year event  
Inflow = 18.7 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 67,386 cf  
Outflow = 18.7 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 67,386 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs



**APPENDIX C:**  
**PROPOSED CONDITIONS**  
**HYDROLOGIC ANALYSIS**



### Routing Diagram for 4046 Proposed

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### Rainfall Events Listing

Event#	Event Name	Storm Type	Curve	Mode	Duration (hours)	B/B	Depth (inches)	AMC
1	2-yr	NOAA10 24-hr	D	Default	24.00	1	3.12	2
2	10-yr	NOAA10 24-hr	D	Default	24.00	1	4.90	2
3	25-yr	NOAA10 24-hr	D	Default	24.00	1	6.02	2
4	100-yr	NOAA10 24-hr	D	Default	24.00	1	7.74	2

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### Soil Listing (all nodes)

Area (sq-ft)	Soil Group	Subcatchment Numbers
558,204	HSG A	4S, 6S, P5a, PS1, PS2, PS3, PS4, PS5, PS6, PS7, PS8, PS9
48,187	HSG B	P5a, PS1, PS4, PS5, PS6, PS7
7,581	HSG C	PS2
0	HSG D	
0	Other	
<b>613,972</b>		<b>TOTAL AREA</b>



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NOAA10 24-hr D 2-yr Rainfall=3.12"

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**Summary for Subcatchment 4S: Roof**

Runoff = 4.8 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 15,882 cf, Depth= 2.89"  
 Routed to Pond P1 : North West Pond

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 2-yr Rainfall=3.12"

	Area (sf)	CN	Description
*	47,850	98	1/2 Roof, HSG A
*	18,146	98	4 +1 parts Roof, HSG A
	65,996	98	Weighted Average
	65,996		100.00% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Adjustment for 0.1 hr

**Summary for Subcatchment 6S: Roof**

Runoff = 2.1 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 7,145 cf, Depth= 2.89"  
 Routed to Pond P3 : Subsurface Chambers

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 2-yr Rainfall=3.12"

	Area (sf)	CN	Description
*	29,691	98	9 parts Roof, HSG A
	29,691		100.00% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Adjustment for 0.1 hr

**Summary for Subcatchment P5a:**

Runoff = 1.3 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 3,891 cf, Depth= 1.77"  
 Routed to Pond P5 : Retention Area

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 2-yr Rainfall=3.12"

	Area (sf)	CN	Description
	5,263	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
	20,763	98	Paved parking, HSG A
	417	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
	26,443	86	Weighted Average
	5,680		21.48% Pervious Area
	20,763		78.52% Impervious Area

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NOAA10 24-hr D 2-yr Rainfall=3.12"

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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
3.3	25	0.0200	0.13		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow</b> Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"
0.4	25	0.0200	1.03		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow</b> Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.12"
0.9	135	0.0160	2.57		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow</b> Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
0.9	95	0.0110	1.69		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
0.5					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment to 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	280	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment PS1:**

Runoff = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf, Depth= 0.00"  
Routed to Reach DP1 : Wetland Northeast

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
NOAA10 24-hr D 2-yr Rainfall=3.12"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
56,398	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
10,068	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
* 388	98	Retaining Wall, HSG A
111	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
66,965	32	Weighted Average
66,577		99.42% Pervious Area
388		0.58% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
0.2	50	0.3300	3.63		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b> Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.12"
1.0	190	0.0400	3.22		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
4.8					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment for 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	240	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment PS2:**

Runoff = 2.6 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 7,573 cf, Depth= 1.41"  
Routed to Reach DP2 : Wetland Southeast

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
NOAA10 24-hr D 2-yr Rainfall=3.12"



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NOAA10 24-hr D 2-yr Rainfall=3.12"

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Area (sf)	CN	Description
11,876	98	Paved parking, HSG A
11,780	30	Brush, Good, HSG A
2,425	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
1,775	98	Paved parking, HSG C
2,635	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
3,171	70	Woods, Good, HSG C
30,957	98	Roofs, HSG A
64,619	81	Weighted Average
20,011		30.97% Pervious Area
44,608		69.03% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
3.8	45	0.0440	0.20		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b>
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"
0.4	95	0.0420	4.16		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b>
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
0.7	156	0.0525	3.69		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b>
					Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
1.1					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment for 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	296	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment PS3: Same as ES3**

Runoff = 0.7 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 1,933 cf, Depth= 1.54"  
Routed to Reach DP2 : Wetland Southeast

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
NOAA10 24-hr D 2-yr Rainfall=3.12"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
11,205	98	Paved parking, HSG A
3,820	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
15,025	83	Weighted Average
3,820		25.42% Pervious Area
11,205		74.58% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
1.1	16	0.1313	0.25		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b>
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"
0.3	34	0.0853	1.96		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b>
					Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.12"
0.8	212	0.0420	4.16		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b>
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
3.8					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment for 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	262	Total			

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NOAA10 24-hr D 2-yr Rainfall=3.12"

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**Summary for Subcatchment PS4: PS4**

Runoff = 0.0 cfs @ 20.92 hrs, Volume= 217 cf, Depth= 0.04"  
 Routed to Reach DP4 : Wetland West

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 2-yr Rainfall=3.12"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
25,615	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
9,190	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
34,184	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
4,583	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
73,572	45	Weighted Average
73,572		100.00% Pervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.8	50	0.0904	0.12		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet flow</b> Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.12"
0.5	141	0.0710	4.29		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
5.5	1,106	0.0090	3.36	22.70	<b>Trap/Vee/Rect Channel Flow, Stream Channel</b> Bot.W=3.00' D=1.50' Z= 1.0 ' Top.W=6.00' n= 0.040
12.8	1,297	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment PS5:**

Runoff = 4.5 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 13,427 cf, Depth= 2.18"  
 Routed to Reach DP4 : Wetland West

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 2-yr Rainfall=3.12"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
8,000	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
33,448	98	Paved parking, HSG A
3,000	98	Paved parking, HSG B
388	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
28,961	98	Roofs, HSG A
73,797	91	Weighted Average
8,388		11.37% Pervious Area
65,409		88.63% Impervious Area



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NOAA10 24-hr D 2-yr Rainfall=3.12"

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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
3.0	58	0.1380	0.33		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b> Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"
1.1	177	0.0172	2.66		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
0.6	256	0.0159	7.19	8.82	<b>Pipe Channel, Pipe (CB to DMH)</b> 15.0" Round Area= 1.2 sf Perim= 3.9' r= 0.31' n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished
0.0	13	0.0104	6.57	11.61	<b>Pipe Channel, Pipe (DMH to Treat. Unit.)</b> 18.0" Round Area= 1.8 sf Perim= 4.7' r= 0.38' n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished
0.4	59	0.0300	2.79		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
0.5	134	0.0140	4.19	28.31	<b>Trap/Vee/Rect Channel Flow, Stream Channel</b> Bot.W=3.00' D=1.50' Z= 1.0 ' Top.W=6.00' n= 0.040
0.4					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment to 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	697	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment PS6:**

Runoff = 0.5 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 1,646 cf, Depth= 2.78"  
Routed to Reach DP3 : Catch Basin

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
NOAA10 24-hr D 2-yr Rainfall=3.12"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
3,775	98	Paved parking, HSG A
3,233	98	Paved parking, HSG B
105	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
7,113	97	Weighted Average
105		1.48% Pervious Area
7,008		98.52% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
1.0	15	0.1313	0.24		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b> Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"
0.3	35	0.0571	1.68		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b> Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.12"
0.7	176	0.0392	4.02		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
4.0					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment to 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	226	Total			

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**Summary for Subcatchment PS7: West Parking Lot**

Runoff = 5.5 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 16,351 cf, Depth= 2.09"  
 Routed to Pond P3 : Subsurface Chambers

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 2-yr Rainfall=3.12"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
12,148	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
75,825	98	Paved parking, HSG A
* 2,166	98	Paved parking, HSG B
* 3,533	98	Emergency Acces Rd, HSG A
93,672	90	Weighted Average
12,148		12.97% Pervious Area
81,524		87.03% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
0.7	50	0.0200	1.18		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b>
					Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.12"
0.6	96	0.0200	2.87		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b>
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
0.3	106	0.0200	6.95	5.46	<b>Pipe Channel, 12" HDPE</b>
					12.0" Round Area= 0.8 sf Perim= 3.1' r= 0.25'
					n= 0.012 Corrugated PP, smooth interior
4.4					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment for 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	252	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment PS8:**

Runoff = 0.7 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 2,079 cf, Depth= 0.73"  
 Routed to Pond P1 : North West Pond

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 2-yr Rainfall=3.12"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
16,504	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
* 4,431	98	Emergency Acces Rd, HSG A
13,015	98	Paved parking, HSG A
33,950	69	Weighted Average
16,504		48.61% Pervious Area
17,446		51.39% Impervious Area



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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
0.6	50	0.0300	1.39		<b>Sheet Flow,</b> Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.12"
1.4	419	0.0100	4.91	3.86	<b>Pipe Channel, CMP_Round 12"</b> 12.0" Round Area= 0.8 sf Perim= 3.1' r= 0.25' n= 0.012 Corrugated PP, smooth interior
4.0					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment for 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	469	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment PS9:**

Runoff = 2.0 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 5,769 cf, Depth= 1.10"  
Routed to Pond P2 : East Pond

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
NOAA10 24-hr D 2-yr Rainfall=3.12"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
39,663	98	Paved parking, HSG A
23,466	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
63,129	76	Weighted Average
23,466		37.17% Pervious Area
39,663		62.83% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
0.8	50	0.0160	1.08		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b> Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.12"
0.6	110	0.0200	2.87		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Paved Drive</b> Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
1.9	399	0.0300	3.52		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, 12" HDPE Pipe</b> Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
2.7					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment for 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	559	Total			

**Summary for Reach DP1: Wetland Northeast**

Inflow Area = 66,965 sf, 0.58% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.00" for 2-yr event  
Inflow = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
Outflow = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

**Summary for Reach DP2: Wetland Southeast**

Inflow Area = 142,773 sf, 66.87% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.80" for 2-yr event  
Inflow = 3.3 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 9,506 cf  
Outflow = 3.3 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 9,506 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

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Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

**Summary for Reach DP3: Catch Basin**

Inflow Area = 7,113 sf, 98.52% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.78" for 2-yr event  
Inflow = 0.5 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 1,646 cf  
Outflow = 0.5 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 1,646 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

**Summary for Reach DP4: Wetland West**

Inflow Area = 397,121 sf, 70.72% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.41" for 2-yr event  
Inflow = 4.5 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 13,644 cf  
Outflow = 4.5 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 13,644 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

**Summary for Reach R1: Stream Channel**

Inflow Area = 99,946 sf, 83.49% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.00" for 2-yr event  
Inflow = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
Outflow = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routed to Reach DP4 : Wetland West

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Max. Velocity= 0.00 fps, Min. Travel Time= 0.0 min

Avg. Velocity= 0.00 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 0.0 min

Peak Storage= 0 cf @ 0.00 hrs

Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.00'

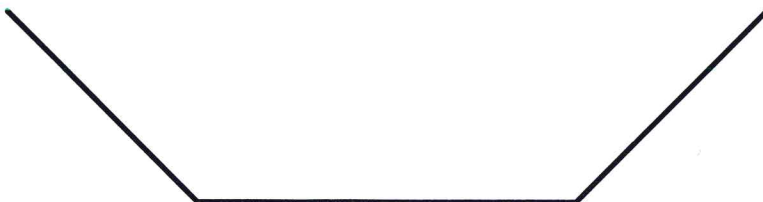
Bank-Full Depth= 1.50' Flow Area= 6.8 sf, Capacity= 24.4 cfs

3.00' x 1.50' deep channel, n= 0.040

Side Slope Z-value= 1.0 '/' Top Width= 6.00'

Length= 1,058.0' Slope= 0.0104 '/'

Inlet Invert= 65.00', Outlet Invert= 54.00'





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### Summary for Reach R2: Stream Channel

Inflow Area = 123,363 sf, 90.15% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.00" for 2-yr event  
 Inflow = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
 Outflow = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min  
 Routed to Reach DP4 : Wetland West

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 Max. Velocity= 0.00 fps, Min. Travel Time= 0.0 min  
 Avg. Velocity = 0.00 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 0.0 min

Peak Storage= 0 cf @ 0.00 hrs  
 Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.00'  
 Bank-Full Depth= 1.50' Flow Area= 6.8 sf, Capacity= 42.2 cfs

3.00' x 1.50' deep channel, n= 0.030 Earth, grassed & winding  
 Side Slope Z-value= 1.0 '/' Top Width= 6.00'  
 Length= 629.3' Slope= 0.0175 '/'  
 Inlet Invert= 65.00', Outlet Invert= 54.00'



### Summary for Pond P1: North West Pond

Inflow Area = 99,946 sf, 83.49% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.16" for 2-yr event  
 Inflow = 5.4 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 17,961 cf  
 Outflow = 0.2 cfs @ 15.03 hrs, Volume= 17,961 cf, Atten= 96%, Lag= 174.0 min  
 Discarded = 0.2 cfs @ 15.03 hrs, Volume= 17,961 cf  
 Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
 Routed to Reach R1 : Stream Channel  
 Secondary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
 Routed to Reach R1 : Stream Channel

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 Peak Elev= 76.10' @ 15.03 hrs Surf.Area= 4,261 sf Storage= 7,215 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 297.0 min calculated for 17,961 cf (100% of inflow)  
 Center-of-Mass det. time= 297.0 min ( 1,077.6 - 780.6 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	74.00'	39,321 cf	Custom Stage Data (Irregular) Listed below (Recalc)

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Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)
74.00	2,657	220.0	0	0	2,657
75.00	3,384	247.0	3,013	3,013	3,687
76.00	4,178	271.0	3,774	6,787	4,710
77.00	5,037	293.0	4,601	11,388	5,737
78.00	5,960	315.0	5,492	16,880	6,844
79.00	6,933	334.0	6,440	23,320	7,877
80.00	7,963	352.0	7,442	30,762	8,918
81.00	9,168	378.0	8,558	39,321	10,472

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	74.00'	<b>18.0" Round Culvert</b> L= 79.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 74.00' / 70.00' S= 0.0506 ' / Cc= 0.900 n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 1.77 sf
#2	Device 1	79.90'	<b>4.0' long Outlet Weir</b> 2 End Contraction(s)
#3	Secondary	80.00'	<b>15.0' long x 5.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir</b> Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00 2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50 5.00 5.50 Coef. (English) 2.34 2.50 2.70 2.68 2.68 2.66 2.65 2.65 2.65 2.65 2.67 2.66 2.68 2.70 2.74 2.79 2.88
#4	Discarded	74.00'	<b>2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area</b> Phase-In= 0.01'

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.2 cfs @ 15.03 hrs HW=76.10' (Free Discharge)└─**4=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.2 cfs)**Primary OutFlow** Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=74.00' TW=65.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)└─**1=Culvert** ( Controls 0.0 cfs)└─**2=Outlet Weir** ( Controls 0.0 cfs)**Secondary OutFlow** Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=74.00' TW=65.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)└─**3=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** ( Controls 0.0 cfs)**Summary for Pond P2: East Pond**

Inflow Area = 63,129 sf, 62.83% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.10" for 2-yr event  
Inflow = 2.0 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 5,769 cf  
Outflow = 0.1 cfs @ 13.89 hrs, Volume= 5,770 cf, Atten= 94%, Lag= 105.1 min  
Discarded = 0.1 cfs @ 13.89 hrs, Volume= 5,770 cf  
Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
Routed to Reach DP2 : Wetland Southeast  
Secondary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
Routed to Reach DP2 : Wetland Southeast

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Peak Elev= 59.12' @ 13.89 hrs Surf.Area= 2,157 sf Storage= 2,004 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 191.0 min ( 1,087.0 - 896.0 )



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Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description		
#1	58.00'	16,062 cf	<b>Custom Stage Data (Irregular)</b> Listed below (Recalc)		
Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)
58.00	1,436	228.0	0	0	1,436
59.00	2,077	256.0	1,747	1,747	2,541
60.00	2,782	282.0	2,421	4,168	3,686
61.00	3,534	304.0	3,151	7,318	4,753
62.00	4,313	319.0	3,917	11,235	5,560
63.00	5,360	341.0	4,827	16,062	6,761

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	58.00'	<b>12.0" Round Culvert</b> L= 21.0' CPP, projecting, no headwall, Ke= 0.900 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 58.00' / 57.00' S= 0.0476 ' / Cc= 0.900 n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 0.79 sf
#2	Device 1	61.85'	<b>4.0' long Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir</b> 2 End Contraction(s) <b>10.0' long x 10.0' breadth Emergency Spillway</b> Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 Coef. (English) 2.49 2.56 2.70 2.69 2.68 2.69 2.67 2.64
#3	Secondary	62.10'	
#4	Discarded	58.00'	<b>2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area</b>

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.1 cfs @ 13.89 hrs HW=59.12' (Free Discharge)

└─4=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.1 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=58.00' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)

└─1=Culvert ( Controls 0.0 cfs)

└─2=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir ( Controls 0.0 cfs)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=58.00' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)

└─3=Emergency Spillway ( Controls 0.0 cfs)

**Summary for Pond P3: Subsurface Chambers**

Inflow Area = 123,363 sf, 90.15% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.29" for 2-yr event  
 Inflow = 7.7 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 23,496 cf  
 Outflow = 0.4 cfs @ 13.64 hrs, Volume= 23,496 cf, Atten= 95%, Lag= 90.8 min  
 Discarded = 0.4 cfs @ 13.64 hrs, Volume= 23,496 cf  
 Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
 Routed to Reach R2 : Stream Channel

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 Peak Elev= 65.85' @ 13.64 hrs Surf.Area= 6,970 sf Storage= 8,665 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 202.3 min calculated for 23,496 cf (100% of inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 202.3 min ( 1,010.6 - 808.3 )

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Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	64.00'	5,453 cf	<b>24.00'W x 248.00'L x 6.17'H Basin 3 Z=1.0</b> 47,360 cf Overall - 33,728 cf Embedded = 13,632 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	64.50'	26,383 cf	<b>retain_it retain_it 5.0' x 93 Inside #1</b> Inside= 84.0"W x 60.0"H => 36.41 sf x 8.00'L = 291.3 cf Outside= 96.0"W x 68.0"H => 45.33 sf x 8.00'L = 362.7 cf 3 Rows adjusted for 706.5 cf perimeter wall
		31,835 cf	Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	64.00'	<b>15.0" Round Culvert</b> L= 139.0' CPP, projecting, no headwall, Ke= 0.900 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 64.00' / 61.36' S= 0.0190 '/ Cc= 0.900 n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 1.23 sf
#2	Device 1	69.25'	<b>4.0' long Outlet Weir</b> 2 End Contraction(s)
#3	Discarded	64.00'	<b>2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area</b> Phase-In= 0.01'

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.4 cfs @ 13.64 hrs HW=65.85' (Free Discharge)↳ **3=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.4 cfs)**Primary OutFlow** Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=64.00' TW=65.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)↳ **1=Culvert** ( Controls 0.0 cfs)↳ **2=Outlet Weir** ( Controls 0.0 cfs)**Summary for Pond P5: Retention Area**

Inflow Area = 26,443 sf, 78.52% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.77" for 2-yr event  
 Inflow = 1.3 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 3,891 cf  
 Outflow = 0.1 cfs @ 13.57 hrs, Volume= 3,891 cf, Atten= 94%, Lag= 86.4 min  
 Discarded = 0.1 cfs @ 13.57 hrs, Volume= 3,891 cf  
 Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf

Routed to Reach DP4 : Wetland West

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Peak Elev= 61.46' @ 13.57 hrs Surf.Area= 1,496 sf Storage= 1,506 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 199.4 min calculated for 3,890 cf (100% of inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 199.3 min ( 1,050.0 - 850.7 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description		
#1	60.00'	2,869 cf	Custom Stage Data (Irregular) Listed below (Recalc)		
Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)
60.00	547	120.0	0	0	547
61.00	1,249	244.0	874	874	4,143
62.00	1,813	258.0	1,522	2,396	4,756
62.25	1,972	263.0	473	2,869	4,974



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NOAA10 24-hr D 2-yr Rainfall=3.12"

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Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	59.60'	<b>12.0" Round Culvert</b> L= 45.0' CPP, projecting, no headwall, Ke= 0.900 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 59.60' / 58.70' S= 0.0200 '/ Cc= 0.900 n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 0.79 sf
#2	Device 1	61.60'	<b>1.8" x 1.8" Horiz. Grate X 7.00 columns</b> X 7 rows C= 0.600 in 24.0" x 24.0" Grate (28% open area) Limited to weir flow at low heads
#3	Discarded	60.00'	<b>2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area</b> Phase-In= 0.01'

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.1 cfs @ 13.57 hrs HW=61.46' (Free Discharge)↑ **3=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.1 cfs)**Primary OutFlow** Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=60.00' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)↑ **1=Culvert** (Passes 0.0 cfs of 0.5 cfs potential flow)↑ **2=Grate** ( Controls 0.0 cfs)

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NOAA10 24-hr D 10-yr Rainfall=4.90"

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**Summary for Subcatchment 4S: Roof**

Runoff = 7.5 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 25,647 cf, Depth= 4.66"  
 Routed to Pond P1 : North West Pond

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 10-yr Rainfall=4.90"

	Area (sf)	CN	Description
*	47,850	98	1/2 Roof, HSG A
*	18,146	98	4 +1 parts Roof, HSG A
	65,996	98	Weighted Average
	65,996		100.00% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Adjustment for 0.1 hr

**Summary for Subcatchment 6S: Roof**

Runoff = 3.4 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 11,538 cf, Depth= 4.66"  
 Routed to Pond P3 : Subsurface Chambers

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 10-yr Rainfall=4.90"

	Area (sf)	CN	Description
*	29,691	98	9 parts Roof, HSG A
	29,691		100.00% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Adjustment for 0.1 hr

**Summary for Subcatchment P5a:**

Runoff = 2.5 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 7,434 cf, Depth= 3.37"  
 Routed to Pond P5 : Retention Area

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 10-yr Rainfall=4.90"

	Area (sf)	CN	Description
	5,263	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
	20,763	98	Paved parking, HSG A
	417	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
	26,443	86	Weighted Average
	5,680		21.48% Pervious Area
	20,763		78.52% Impervious Area



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NOAA10 24-hr D 10-yr Rainfall=4.90"

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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
3.3	25	0.0200	0.13		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow</b> Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"
0.4	25	0.0200	1.03		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow</b> Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.12"
0.9	135	0.0160	2.57		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow</b> Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
0.9	95	0.0110	1.69		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
0.5					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment to 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	280	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment PS1:**

Runoff = 0.0 cfs @ 22.34 hrs, Volume= 108 cf, Depth= 0.02"  
 Routed to Reach DP1 : Wetland Northeast

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 10-yr Rainfall=4.90"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
56,398	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
10,068	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
* 388	98	Retaining Wall, HSG A
111	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
66,965	32	Weighted Average
66,577		99.42% Pervious Area
388		0.58% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
0.2	50	0.3300	3.63		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b> Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.12"
1.0	190	0.0400	3.22		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
4.8					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment for 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	240	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment PS2:**

Runoff = 5.3 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 15,601 cf, Depth= 2.90"  
 Routed to Reach DP2 : Wetland Southeast

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 10-yr Rainfall=4.90"

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Area (sf)	CN	Description
11,876	98	Paved parking, HSG A
11,780	30	Brush, Good, HSG A
2,425	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
1,775	98	Paved parking, HSG C
2,635	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
3,171	70	Woods, Good, HSG C
30,957	98	Roofs, HSG A
64,619	81	Weighted Average
20,011		30.97% Pervious Area
44,608		69.03% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
3.8	45	0.0440	0.20		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b>
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"
0.4	95	0.0420	4.16		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b>
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
0.7	156	0.0525	3.69		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b>
					Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
1.1					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment for 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	296	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment PS3: Same as ES3**

Runoff = 1.3 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 3,861 cf, Depth= 3.08"  
 Routed to Reach DP2 : Wetland Southeast

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 10-yr Rainfall=4.90"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
11,205	98	Paved parking, HSG A
3,820	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
15,025	83	Weighted Average
3,820		25.42% Pervious Area
11,205		74.58% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
1.1	16	0.1313	0.25		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b>
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"
0.3	34	0.0853	1.96		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b>
					Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.12"
0.8	212	0.0420	4.16		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b>
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
3.8					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment for 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	262	Total			



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**Summary for Subcatchment PS4: PS4**

Runoff = 0.2 cfs @ 12.29 hrs, Volume= 2,519 cf, Depth= 0.41"  
 Routed to Reach DP4 : Wetland West

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 10-yr Rainfall=4.90"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
25,615	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
9,190	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
34,184	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
4,583	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
73,572	45	Weighted Average
73,572		100.00% Pervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.8	50	0.0904	0.12		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet flow</b> Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.12"
0.5	141	0.0710	4.29		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
5.5	1,106	0.0090	3.36	22.70	<b>Trap/Vee/Rect Channel Flow, Stream Channel</b> Bot.W=3.00' D=1.50' Z= 1.0 ' / Top.W=6.00' n= 0.040
12.8	1,297	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment PS5:**

Runoff = 7.7 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 23,892 cf, Depth= 3.89"  
 Routed to Reach DP4 : Wetland West

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 10-yr Rainfall=4.90"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
* 8,000	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
33,448	98	Paved parking, HSG A
3,000	98	Paved parking, HSG B
388	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
28,961	98	Roofs, HSG A
73,797	91	Weighted Average
8,388		11.37% Pervious Area
65,409		88.63% Impervious Area

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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
3.0	58	0.1380	0.33		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b> Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"
1.1	177	0.0172	2.66		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
0.6	256	0.0159	7.19	8.82	<b>Pipe Channel, Pipe (CB to DMH)</b> 15.0" Round Area= 1.2 sf Perim= 3.9' r= 0.31' n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished
0.0	13	0.0104	6.57	11.61	<b>Pipe Channel, Pipe (DMH to Treat. Unit.)</b> 18.0" Round Area= 1.8 sf Perim= 4.7' r= 0.38' n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished
0.4	59	0.0300	2.79		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
0.5	134	0.0140	4.19	28.31	<b>Trap/Vee/Rect Channel Flow, Stream Channel</b> Bot.W=3.00' D=1.50' Z= 1.0 ' Top.W=6.00' n= 0.040
0.4					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment to 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	697	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment PS6:**

Runoff = 0.8 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 2,696 cf, Depth= 4.55"  
Routed to Reach DP3 : Catch Basin

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
NOAA10 24-hr D 10-yr Rainfall=4.90"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
3,775	98	Paved parking, HSG A
3,233	98	Paved parking, HSG B
105	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
7,113	97	Weighted Average
105		1.48% Pervious Area
7,008		98.52% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
1.0	15	0.1313	0.24		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b> Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"
0.3	35	0.0571	1.68		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b> Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.12"
0.7	176	0.0392	4.02		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
4.0					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment to 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	226	Total			



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**Summary for Subcatchment PS7: West Parking Lot**

Runoff = 9.6 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 29,506 cf, Depth= 3.78"  
 Routed to Pond P3 : Subsurface Chambers

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 10-yr Rainfall=4.90"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
12,148	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
75,825	98	Paved parking, HSG A
* 2,166	98	Paved parking, HSG B
* 3,533	98	Emergency Acces Rd, HSG A
93,672	90	Weighted Average
12,148		12.97% Pervious Area
81,524		87.03% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
0.7	50	0.0200	1.18		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b> Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.12"
0.6	96	0.0200	2.87		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
0.3	106	0.0200	6.95	5.46	<b>Pipe Channel, 12" HDPE</b> 12.0" Round Area= 0.8 sf Perim= 3.1' r= 0.25' n= 0.012 Corrugated PP, smooth interior
4.4					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment for 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	252	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment PS8:**

Runoff = 1.8 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 5,333 cf, Depth= 1.89"  
 Routed to Pond P1 : North West Pond

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 10-yr Rainfall=4.90"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
16,504	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
* 4,431	98	Emergency Acces Rd, HSG A
13,015	98	Paved parking, HSG A
33,950	69	Weighted Average
16,504		48.61% Pervious Area
17,446		51.39% Impervious Area

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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
0.6	50	0.0300	1.39		<b>Sheet Flow,</b> Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.12"
1.4	419	0.0100	4.91	3.86	<b>Pipe Channel, CMP_Round 12"</b> 12.0" Round Area= 0.8 sf Perim= 3.1' r= 0.25' n= 0.012 Corrugated PP, smooth interior
4.0					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment for 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	469	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment PS9:**

Runoff = 4.5 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 12,907 cf, Depth= 2.45"  
Routed to Pond P2 : East Pond

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
NOAA10 24-hr D 10-yr Rainfall=4.90"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
39,663	98	Paved parking, HSG A
23,466	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
63,129	76	Weighted Average
23,466		37.17% Pervious Area
39,663		62.83% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
0.8	50	0.0160	1.08		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b> Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.12"
0.6	110	0.0200	2.87		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Paved Drive</b> Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
1.9	399	0.0300	3.52		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, 12" HDPE Pipe</b> Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
2.7					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment for 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	559	Total			

**Summary for Reach DP1: Wetland Northeast**

Inflow Area = 66,965 sf, 0.58% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.02" for 10-yr event  
Inflow = 0.0 cfs @ 22.34 hrs, Volume= 108 cf  
Outflow = 0.0 cfs @ 22.34 hrs, Volume= 108 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

**Summary for Reach DP2: Wetland Southeast**

Inflow Area = 142,773 sf, 66.87% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.64" for 10-yr event  
Inflow = 6.7 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 19,462 cf  
Outflow = 6.7 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 19,462 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min



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Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

**Summary for Reach DP3: Catch Basin**

Inflow Area = 7,113 sf, 98.52% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.55" for 10-yr event  
Inflow = 0.8 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 2,696 cf  
Outflow = 0.8 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 2,696 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

**Summary for Reach DP4: Wetland West**

Inflow Area = 397,121 sf, 70.72% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.86" for 10-yr event  
Inflow = 9.1 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 28,351 cf  
Outflow = 9.1 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 28,351 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

**Summary for Reach R1: Stream Channel**

Inflow Area = 99,946 sf, 83.49% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.00" for 10-yr event  
Inflow = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
Outflow = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routed to Reach DP4 : Wetland West

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Max. Velocity= 0.00 fps, Min. Travel Time= 0.0 min

Avg. Velocity= 0.00 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 0.0 min

Peak Storage= 0 cf @ 0.00 hrs

Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.00'

Bank-Full Depth= 1.50' Flow Area= 6.8 sf, Capacity= 24.4 cfs

3.00' x 1.50' deep channel, n= 0.040

Side Slope Z-value= 1.0 '/' Top Width= 6.00'

Length= 1,058.0' Slope= 0.0104 '/'

Inlet Invert= 65.00', Outlet Invert= 54.00'



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**Summary for Reach R2: Stream Channel**

Inflow Area = 123,363 sf, 90.15% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.00" for 10-yr event  
 Inflow = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
 Outflow = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min  
 Routed to Reach DP4 : Wetland West

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 Max. Velocity= 0.00 fps, Min. Travel Time= 0.0 min  
 Avg. Velocity = 0.00 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 0.0 min

Peak Storage= 0 cf @ 0.00 hrs  
 Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.00'  
 Bank-Full Depth= 1.50' Flow Area= 6.8 sf, Capacity= 42.2 cfs

3.00' x 1.50' deep channel, n= 0.030 Earth, grassed & winding  
 Side Slope Z-value= 1.0 '/' Top Width= 6.00'  
 Length= 629.3' Slope= 0.0175 '/'  
 Inlet Invert= 65.00', Outlet Invert= 54.00'

**Summary for Pond P1: North West Pond**

Inflow Area = 99,946 sf, 83.49% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.72" for 10-yr event  
 Inflow = 9.4 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 30,980 cf  
 Outflow = 0.3 cfs @ 15.20 hrs, Volume= 28,680 cf, Atten= 97%, Lag= 184.1 min  
 Discarded = 0.3 cfs @ 15.20 hrs, Volume= 28,680 cf  
 Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
 Routed to Reach R1 : Stream Channel  
 Secondary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
 Routed to Reach R1 : Stream Channel

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 Peak Elev= 77.69' @ 15.20 hrs Surf.Area= 5,666 sf Storage= 15,078 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 472.5 min calculated for 28,680 cf (93% of inflow)  
 Center-of-Mass det. time= 428.8 min ( 1,203.5 - 774.7 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	74.00'	39,321 cf	Custom Stage Data (Irregular) Listed below (Recalc)



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Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)
74.00	2,657	220.0	0	0	2,657
75.00	3,384	247.0	3,013	3,013	3,687
76.00	4,178	271.0	3,774	6,787	4,710
77.00	5,037	293.0	4,601	11,388	5,737
78.00	5,960	315.0	5,492	16,880	6,844
79.00	6,933	334.0	6,440	23,320	7,877
80.00	7,963	352.0	7,442	30,762	8,918
81.00	9,168	378.0	8,558	39,321	10,472

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	74.00'	<b>18.0" Round Culvert</b> L= 79.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 74.00' / 70.00' S= 0.0506 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 1.77 sf
#2	Device 1	79.90'	<b>4.0' long Outlet Weir</b> 2 End Contraction(s)
#3	Secondary	80.00'	<b>15.0' long x 5.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir</b> Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00 2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50 5.00 5.50 Coef. (English) 2.34 2.50 2.70 2.68 2.68 2.66 2.65 2.65 2.65 2.65 2.67 2.66 2.68 2.70 2.74 2.79 2.88
#4	Discarded	74.00'	<b>2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area</b> Phase-In= 0.01'

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.3 cfs @ 15.20 hrs HW=77.69' (Free Discharge)↳ **4=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.3 cfs)**Primary OutFlow** Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=74.00' TW=65.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)↳ **1=Culvert** ( Controls 0.0 cfs)↳ **2=Outlet Weir** ( Controls 0.0 cfs)**Secondary OutFlow** Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=74.00' TW=65.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)↳ **3=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** ( Controls 0.0 cfs)**Summary for Pond P2: East Pond**

Inflow Area = 63,129 sf, 62.83% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.45" for 10-yr event  
Inflow = 4.5 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 12,907 cf  
Outflow = 0.2 cfs @ 15.13 hrs, Volume= 12,907 cf, Atten= 96%, Lag= 180.0 min  
Discarded = 0.2 cfs @ 15.13 hrs, Volume= 12,907 cf  
Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
Routed to Reach DP2 : Wetland Southeast  
Secondary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
Routed to Reach DP2 : Wetland Southeast

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Peak Elev= 60.60' @ 15.13 hrs Surf.Area= 3,226 sf Storage= 5,981 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 400.1 min ( 1,264.1 - 863.9 )

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Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description			
#1	58.00'	16,062 cf	<b>Custom Stage Data (Irregular)</b> Listed below (Recalc)			
Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)	
58.00	1,436	228.0	0	0	1,436	
59.00	2,077	256.0	1,747	1,747	2,541	
60.00	2,782	282.0	2,421	4,168	3,686	
61.00	3,534	304.0	3,151	7,318	4,753	
62.00	4,313	319.0	3,917	11,235	5,560	
63.00	5,360	341.0	4,827	16,062	6,761	

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices			
#1	Primary	58.00'	<b>12.0" Round Culvert</b> L= 21.0' CPP, projecting, no headwall, Ke= 0.900 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 58.00' / 57.00' S= 0.0476 ' / Cc= 0.900 n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 0.79 sf			
#2	Device 1	61.85'	<b>4.0' long Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir</b> 2 End Contraction(s)			
#3	Secondary	62.10'	<b>10.0' long x 10.0' breadth Emergency Spillway</b> Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 Coef. (English) 2.49 2.56 2.70 2.69 2.68 2.69 2.67 2.64			
#4	Discarded	58.00'	<b>2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area</b>			

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.2 cfs @ 15.13 hrs HW=60.60' (Free Discharge)

↑4=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.2 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=58.00' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)

↑1=Culvert ( Controls 0.0 cfs)

↑2=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir ( Controls 0.0 cfs)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=58.00' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)

↑3=Emergency Spillway ( Controls 0.0 cfs)

**Summary for Pond P3: Subsurface Chambers**

Inflow Area = 123,363 sf, 90.15% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.99" for 10-yr event  
 Inflow = 13.0 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 41,044 cf  
 Outflow = 0.4 cfs @ 15.13 hrs, Volume= 41,044 cf, Atten= 97%, Lag= 180.2 min  
 Discarded = 0.4 cfs @ 15.13 hrs, Volume= 41,044 cf  
 Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
 Routed to Reach R2 : Stream Channel

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 Peak Elev= 67.58' @ 15.13 hrs Surf.Area= 7,950 sf Storage= 18,854 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 415.5 min calculated for 41,033 cf (100% of inflow)  
 Center-of-Mass det. time= 415.5 min ( 1,206.3 - 790.7 )



**4046 Proposed**

NOAA10 24-hr D 10-yr Rainfall=4.90"

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Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	64.00'	5,453 cf	<b>24.00'W x 248.00'L x 6.17'H Basin 3 Z=1.0</b> 47,360 cf Overall - 33,728 cf Embedded = 13,632 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	64.50'	26,383 cf	<b>retain_it retain_it 5.0' x 93</b> Inside #1 Inside= 84.0"W x 60.0"H => 36.41 sf x 8.00'L = 291.3 cf Outside= 96.0"W x 68.0"H => 45.33 sf x 8.00'L = 362.7 cf 3 Rows adjusted for 706.5 cf perimeter wall
		31,835 cf	Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	64.00'	<b>15.0" Round Culvert</b> L= 139.0' CPP, projecting, no headwall, Ke= 0.900 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 64.00' / 61.36' S= 0.0190 ' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 1.23 sf
#2	Device 1	69.25'	<b>4.0' long Outlet Weir</b> 2 End Contraction(s)
#3	Discarded	64.00'	<b>2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area</b> Phase-In= 0.01'

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.4 cfs @ 15.13 hrs HW=67.58' (Free Discharge)↑**3=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.4 cfs)**Primary OutFlow** Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=64.00' TW=65.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)↑**1=Culvert** ( Controls 0.0 cfs)↑**2=Outlet Weir** ( Controls 0.0 cfs)**Summary for Pond P5: Retention Area**

Inflow Area = 26,443 sf, 78.52% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.37" for 10-yr event  
 Inflow = 2.5 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 7,434 cf  
 Outflow = 2.0 cfs @ 12.17 hrs, Volume= 7,434 cf, Atten= 21%, Lag= 2.6 min  
 Discarded = 0.1 cfs @ 12.17 hrs, Volume= 5,495 cf  
 Primary = 1.9 cfs @ 12.17 hrs, Volume= 1,940 cf  
 Routed to Reach DP4 : Wetland West

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Peak Elev= 61.77' @ 12.17 hrs Surf.Area= 1,676 sf Storage= 2,001 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 176.8 min calculated for 7,432 cf (100% of inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 176.8 min ( 1,002.0 - 825.1 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description		
#1	60.00'	2,869 cf	<b>Custom Stage Data (Irregular)</b> Listed below (Recalc)		
Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)
60.00	547	120.0	0	0	547
61.00	1,249	244.0	874	874	4,143
62.00	1,813	258.0	1,522	2,396	4,756
62.25	1,972	263.0	473	2,869	4,974

**4046 Proposed**

NOAA10 24-hr D 10-yr Rainfall=4.90"

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Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	59.60'	<b>12.0" Round Culvert</b> L= 45.0' CPP, projecting, no headwall, Ke= 0.900 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 59.60' / 58.70' S= 0.0200 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 0.79 sf
#2	Device 1	61.60'	<b>1.8" x 1.8" Horiz. Grate X 7.00 columns</b> X 7 rows C= 0.600 in 24.0" x 24.0" Grate (28% open area) Limited to weir flow at low heads
#3	Discarded	60.00'	<b>2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area</b> Phase-In= 0.01'

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.1 cfs @ 12.17 hrs HW=61.77' (Free Discharge)↑**3=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.1 cfs)**Primary OutFlow** Max=1.9 cfs @ 12.17 hrs HW=61.77' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)↑**1=Culvert** (Passes 1.9 cfs of 3.9 cfs potential flow)↑**2=Grate** (Weir Controls 1.9 cfs @ 1.36 fps)



**4046 Proposed**

NOAA10 24-hr D 25-yr Rainfall=6.02"

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**Summary for Subcatchment 4S: Roof**

Runoff = 9.3 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 31,798 cf, Depth= 5.78"  
 Routed to Pond P1 : North West Pond

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 25-yr Rainfall=6.02"

	Area (sf)	CN	Description
*	47,850	98	1/2 Roof, HSG A
*	18,146	98	4 +1 parts Roof, HSG A
	65,996	98	Weighted Average
	65,996		100.00% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Adjustment for 0.1 hr

**Summary for Subcatchment 6S: Roof**

Runoff = 4.2 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 14,306 cf, Depth= 5.78"  
 Routed to Pond P3 : Subsurface Chambers

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 25-yr Rainfall=6.02"

	Area (sf)	CN	Description
*	29,691	98	9 parts Roof, HSG A
	29,691		100.00% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Adjustment for 0.1 hr

**Summary for Subcatchment P5a:**

Runoff = 3.2 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 9,758 cf, Depth= 4.43"  
 Routed to Pond P5 : Retention Area

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 25-yr Rainfall=6.02"

	Area (sf)	CN	Description
	5,263	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
	20,763	98	Paved parking, HSG A
	417	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
	26,443	86	Weighted Average
	5,680		21.48% Pervious Area
	20,763		78.52% Impervious Area

**4046 Proposed**

NOAA10 24-hr D 25-yr Rainfall=6.02"

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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
3.3	25	0.0200	0.13		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow</b> Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"
0.4	25	0.0200	1.03		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow</b> Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.12"
0.9	135	0.0160	2.57		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow</b> Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
0.9	95	0.0110	1.69		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
0.5					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment to 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	280	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment PS1:**

Runoff = 0.0 cfs @ 19.23 hrs, Volume= 759 cf, Depth= 0.14"  
 Routed to Reach DP1 : Wetland Northeast

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 25-yr Rainfall=6.02"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
56,398	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
10,068	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
388	98	Retaining Wall, HSG A
111	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
66,965	32	Weighted Average
66,577		99.42% Pervious Area
388		0.58% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
0.2	50	0.3300	3.63		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b> Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.12"
1.0	190	0.0400	3.22		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
4.8					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment for 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	240	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment PS2:**

Runoff = 7.1 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 21,012 cf, Depth= 3.90"  
 Routed to Reach DP2 : Wetland Southeast

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 25-yr Rainfall=6.02"



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NOAA10 24-hr D 25-yr Rainfall=6.02"

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Area (sf)	CN	Description
11,876	98	Paved parking, HSG A
11,780	30	Brush, Good, HSG A
2,425	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
1,775	98	Paved parking, HSG C
2,635	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
3,171	70	Woods, Good, HSG C
30,957	98	Roofs, HSG A
64,619	81	Weighted Average
20,011		30.97% Pervious Area
44,608		69.03% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
3.8	45	0.0440	0.20		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b> Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"
0.4	95	0.0420	4.16		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
0.7	156	0.0525	3.69		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
1.1					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment for 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	296	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment PS3: Same as ES3**

Runoff = 1.7 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 5,146 cf, Depth= 4.11"  
Routed to Reach DP2 : Wetland Southeast

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
NOAA10 24-hr D 25-yr Rainfall=6.02"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
11,205	98	Paved parking, HSG A
3,820	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
15,025	83	Weighted Average
3,820		25.42% Pervious Area
11,205		74.58% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
1.1	16	0.1313	0.25		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b> Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"
0.3	34	0.0853	1.96		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b> Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.12"
0.8	212	0.0420	4.16		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
3.8					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment for 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	262	Total			

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NOAA10 24-hr D 25-yr Rainfall=6.02"

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**Summary for Subcatchment PS4: PS4**

Runoff = 0.8 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume= 4,962 cf, Depth= 0.81"  
 Routed to Reach DP4 : Wetland West

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 25-yr Rainfall=6.02"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
25,615	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
9,190	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
34,184	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
4,583	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
73,572	45	Weighted Average
73,572		100.00% Pervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.8	50	0.0904	0.12		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet flow</b> Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.12"
0.5	141	0.0710	4.29		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
5.5	1,106	0.0090	3.36	22.70	<b>Trap/Vee/Rect Channel Flow, Stream Channel</b> Bot.W=3.00' D=1.50' Z= 1.0 ' / Top.W=6.00' n= 0.040
12.8	1,297	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment PS5:**

Runoff = 9.8 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 30,606 cf, Depth= 4.98"  
 Routed to Reach DP4 : Wetland West

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 25-yr Rainfall=6.02"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
* 8,000	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
33,448	98	Paved parking, HSG A
3,000	98	Paved parking, HSG B
388	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
28,961	98	Roofs, HSG A
73,797	91	Weighted Average
8,388		11.37% Pervious Area
65,409		88.63% Impervious Area



**4046 Proposed**

NOAA10 24-hr D 25-yr Rainfall=6.02"

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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
3.0	58	0.1380	0.33		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b> Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"
1.1	177	0.0172	2.66		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
0.6	256	0.0159	7.19	8.82	<b>Pipe Channel, Pipe (CB to DMH)</b> 15.0" Round Area= 1.2 sf Perim= 3.9' r= 0.31' n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished
0.0	13	0.0104	6.57	11.61	<b>Pipe Channel, Pipe (DMH to Treat. Unit.)</b> 18.0" Round Area= 1.8 sf Perim= 4.7' r= 0.38' n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished
0.4	59	0.0300	2.79		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
0.5	134	0.0140	4.19	28.31	<b>Trap/Vee/Rect Channel Flow, Stream Channel</b> Bot.W=3.00' D=1.50' Z= 1.0 ' /' Top.W=6.00' n= 0.040
0.4					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment to 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	697	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment PS6:**

Runoff = 1.0 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 3,357 cf, Depth= 5.66"  
Routed to Reach DP3 : Catch Basin

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
NOAA10 24-hr D 25-yr Rainfall=6.02"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
3,775	98	Paved parking, HSG A
3,233	98	Paved parking, HSG B
105	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
7,113	97	Weighted Average
105		1.48% Pervious Area
7,008		98.52% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
1.0	15	0.1313	0.24		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b> Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"
0.3	35	0.0571	1.68		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b> Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.12"
0.7	176	0.0392	4.02		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
4.0					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment to 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	226	Total			

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NOAA10 24-hr D 25-yr Rainfall=6.02"

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**Summary for Subcatchment PS7: West Parking Lot**

Runoff = 12.2 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 37,979 cf, Depth= 4.87"  
 Routed to Pond P3 : Subsurface Chambers

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 25-yr Rainfall=6.02"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
12,148	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
75,825	98	Paved parking, HSG A
* 2,166	98	Paved parking, HSG B
* 3,533	98	Emergency Acces Rd, HSG A
93,672	90	Weighted Average
12,148		12.97% Pervious Area
81,524		87.03% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
0.7	50	0.0200	1.18		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b> Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.12"
0.6	96	0.0200	2.87		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
0.3	106	0.0200	6.95	5.46	<b>Pipe Channel, 12" HDPE</b> 12.0" Round Area= 0.8 sf Perim= 3.1' r= 0.25' n= 0.012 Corrugated PP, smooth interior
4.4					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment for 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	252	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment PS8:**

Runoff = 2.7 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 7,718 cf, Depth= 2.73"  
 Routed to Pond P1 : North West Pond

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 25-yr Rainfall=6.02"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
16,504	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
* 4,431	98	Emergency Acces Rd, HSG A
13,015	98	Paved parking, HSG A
33,950	69	Weighted Average
16,504		48.61% Pervious Area
17,446		51.39% Impervious Area



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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
0.6	50	0.0300	1.39		<b>Sheet Flow,</b> Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.12"
1.4	419	0.0100	4.91	3.86	<b>Pipe Channel, CMP_Round 12"</b> 12.0" Round Area= 0.8 sf Perim= 3.1' r= 0.25' n= 0.012 Corrugated PP, smooth interior
4.0					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment for 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	469	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment PS9:**

Runoff = 6.1 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 17,873 cf, Depth= 3.40"  
Routed to Pond P2 : East Pond

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
NOAA10 24-hr D 25-yr Rainfall=6.02"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
39,663	98	Paved parking, HSG A
23,466	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
63,129	76	Weighted Average
23,466		37.17% Pervious Area
39,663		62.83% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
0.8	50	0.0160	1.08		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b> Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.12"
0.6	110	0.0200	2.87		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Paved Drive</b> Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
1.9	399	0.0300	3.52		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, 12" HDPE Pipe</b> Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
2.7					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment for 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	559	Total			

**Summary for Reach DP1: Wetland Northeast**

Inflow Area = 66,965 sf, 0.58% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.14" for 25-yr event  
Inflow = 0.0 cfs @ 19.23 hrs, Volume= 759 cf  
Outflow = 0.0 cfs @ 19.23 hrs, Volume= 759 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

**Summary for Reach DP2: Wetland Southeast**

Inflow Area = 142,773 sf, 66.87% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.20" for 25-yr event  
Inflow = 8.9 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 26,158 cf  
Outflow = 8.9 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 26,158 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

## 4046 Proposed

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Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

### Summary for Reach DP3: Catch Basin

Inflow Area = 7,113 sf, 98.52% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 5.66" for 25-yr event  
Inflow = 1.0 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 3,357 cf  
Outflow = 1.0 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 3,357 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

### Summary for Reach DP4: Wetland West

Inflow Area = 397,121 sf, 70.72% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.18" for 25-yr event  
Inflow = 12.7 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 39,183 cf  
Outflow = 12.7 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 39,183 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

### Summary for Reach R1: Stream Channel

Inflow Area = 99,946 sf, 83.49% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.00" for 25-yr event  
Inflow = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
Outflow = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routed to Reach DP4 : Wetland West

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Max. Velocity= 0.00 fps, Min. Travel Time= 0.0 min

Avg. Velocity = 0.00 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 0.0 min

Peak Storage= 0 cf @ 0.00 hrs

Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.00'

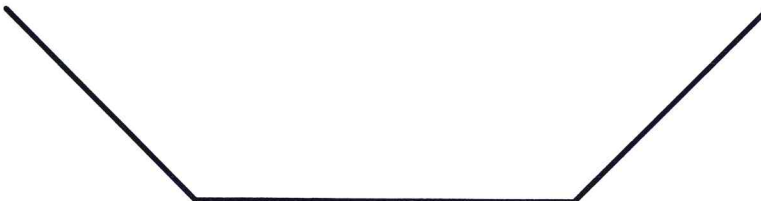
Bank-Full Depth= 1.50' Flow Area= 6.8 sf, Capacity= 24.4 cfs

3.00' x 1.50' deep channel, n= 0.040

Side Slope Z-value= 1.0 '/' Top Width= 6.00'

Length= 1,058.0' Slope= 0.0104 '/'

Inlet Invert= 65.00', Outlet Invert= 54.00'





**Summary for Reach R2: Stream Channel**

Inflow Area = 123,363 sf, 90.15% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.00" for 25-yr event  
 Inflow = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
 Outflow = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min  
 Routed to Reach DP4 : Wetland West

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 Max. Velocity= 0.00 fps, Min. Travel Time= 0.0 min  
 Avg. Velocity = 0.00 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 0.0 min

Peak Storage= 0 cf @ 0.00 hrs  
 Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.00'  
 Bank-Full Depth= 1.50' Flow Area= 6.8 sf, Capacity= 42.2 cfs

3.00' x 1.50' deep channel, n= 0.030 Earth, grassed & winding  
 Side Slope Z-value= 1.0 '/' Top Width= 6.00'  
 Length= 629.3' Slope= 0.0175 '/'  
 Inlet Invert= 65.00', Outlet Invert= 54.00'

**Summary for Pond P1: North West Pond**

Inflow Area = 99,946 sf, 83.49% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.74" for 25-yr event  
 Inflow = 11.9 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 39,517 cf  
 Outflow = 0.4 cfs @ 16.39 hrs, Volume= 33,552 cf, Atten= 97%, Lag= 255.7 min  
 Discarded = 0.4 cfs @ 16.39 hrs, Volume= 33,552 cf  
 Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
 Routed to Reach R1 : Stream Channel  
 Secondary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
 Routed to Reach R1 : Stream Channel

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 Peak Elev= 78.61' @ 16.39 hrs Surf.Area= 6,548 sf Storage= 20,713 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 524.7 min calculated for 33,543 cf (85% of inflow)  
 Center-of-Mass det. time= 445.3 min ( 1,217.2 - 771.9 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	74.00'	39,321 cf	Custom Stage Data (Irregular) Listed below (Recalc)

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Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)
74.00	2,657	220.0	0	0	2,657
75.00	3,384	247.0	3,013	3,013	3,687
76.00	4,178	271.0	3,774	6,787	4,710
77.00	5,037	293.0	4,601	11,388	5,737
78.00	5,960	315.0	5,492	16,880	6,844
79.00	6,933	334.0	6,440	23,320	7,877
80.00	7,963	352.0	7,442	30,762	8,918
81.00	9,168	378.0	8,558	39,321	10,472

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	74.00'	<b>18.0" Round Culvert</b> L= 79.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 74.00' / 70.00' S= 0.0506 ' S= 0.0506 ' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 1.77 sf
#2	Device 1	79.90'	<b>4.0' long Outlet Weir</b> 2 End Contraction(s)
#3	Secondary	80.00'	<b>15.0' long x 5.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir</b> Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00 2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50 5.00 5.50 Coef. (English) 2.34 2.50 2.70 2.68 2.68 2.66 2.65 2.65 2.65 2.65 2.67 2.66 2.68 2.70 2.74 2.79 2.88
#4	Discarded	74.00'	<b>2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area</b> Phase-In= 0.01'

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.4 cfs @ 16.39 hrs HW=78.61' (Free Discharge)↑ **4=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.4 cfs)**Primary OutFlow** Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=74.00' TW=65.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)↑ **1=Culvert** ( Controls 0.0 cfs)↑ **2=Outlet Weir** ( Controls 0.0 cfs)**Secondary OutFlow** Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=74.00' TW=65.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)↑ **3=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** ( Controls 0.0 cfs)**Summary for Pond P2: East Pond**

Inflow Area = 63,129 sf, 62.83% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.40" for 25-yr event  
Inflow = 6.1 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 17,873 cf  
Outflow = 0.2 cfs @ 15.97 hrs, Volume= 16,848 cf, Atten= 96%, Lag= 230.1 min  
Discarded = 0.2 cfs @ 15.97 hrs, Volume= 16,848 cf  
Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
Routed to Reach DP2 : Wetland Southeast  
Secondary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
Routed to Reach DP2 : Wetland Southeast

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Peak Elev= 61.45' @ 15.97 hrs Surf.Area= 3,878 sf Storage= 8,998 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 449.3 min ( 1,300.3 - 851.0 )



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Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description		
#1	58.00'	16,062 cf	<b>Custom Stage Data (Irregular)</b> Listed below (Recalc)		
Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)
58.00	1,436	228.0	0	0	1,436
59.00	2,077	256.0	1,747	1,747	2,541
60.00	2,782	282.0	2,421	4,168	3,686
61.00	3,534	304.0	3,151	7,318	4,753
62.00	4,313	319.0	3,917	11,235	5,560
63.00	5,360	341.0	4,827	16,062	6,761

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	58.00'	<b>12.0" Round Culvert</b> L= 21.0' CPP, projecting, no headwall, Ke= 0.900 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 58.00' / 57.00' S= 0.0476 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 0.79 sf
#2	Device 1	61.85'	<b>4.0' long Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir 2 End Contraction(s)</b> Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 Coef. (English) 2.49 2.56 2.70 2.69 2.68 2.69 2.67 2.64
#3	Secondary	62.10'	
#4	Discarded	58.00'	<b>2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area</b>

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.2 cfs @ 15.97 hrs HW=61.45' (Free Discharge)

↳4=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.2 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=58.00' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)

↳1=Culvert ( Controls 0.0 cfs)

↳2=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir ( Controls 0.0 cfs)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=58.00' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)

↳3=Emergency Spillway ( Controls 0.0 cfs)

**Summary for Pond P3: Subsurface Chambers**

Inflow Area = 123,363 sf, 90.15% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 5.09" for 25-yr event  
 Inflow = 16.4 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 52,285 cf  
 Outflow = 0.5 cfs @ 16.47 hrs, Volume= 47,596 cf, Atten= 97%, Lag= 260.7 min  
 Discarded = 0.5 cfs @ 16.47 hrs, Volume= 47,596 cf  
 Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
 Routed to Reach R2 : Stream Channel

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 Peak Elev= 68.74' @ 16.47 hrs Surf.Area= 8,618 sf Storage= 26,042 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 496.1 min calculated for 47,583 cf (91% of inflow)  
 Center-of-Mass det. time= 445.8 min ( 1,229.2 - 783.4 )

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Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	64.00'	5,453 cf	<b>24.00'W x 248.00'L x 6.17'H Basin 3 Z=1.0</b> 47,360 cf Overall - 33,728 cf Embedded = 13,632 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	64.50'	26,383 cf	<b>retain_it retain_it 5.0' x 93</b> Inside #1 Inside= 84.0"W x 60.0"H => 36.41 sf x 8.00'L = 291.3 cf Outside= 96.0"W x 68.0"H => 45.33 sf x 8.00'L = 362.7 cf 3 Rows adjusted for 706.5 cf perimeter wall
		31,835 cf	Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	64.00'	<b>15.0" Round Culvert</b> L= 139.0' CPP, projecting, no headwall, Ke= 0.900 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 64.00' / 61.36' S= 0.0190 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 1.23 sf
#2	Device 1	69.25'	<b>4.0' long Outlet Weir</b> 2 End Contraction(s)
#3	Discarded	64.00'	<b>2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area</b> Phase-In= 0.01'

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.5 cfs @ 16.47 hrs HW=68.74' (Free Discharge)

↳3=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.5 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=64.00' TW=65.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)

↳1=Culvert ( Controls 0.0 cfs)

↳2=Outlet Weir ( Controls 0.0 cfs)

**Summary for Pond P5: Retention Area**

Inflow Area = 26,443 sf, 78.52% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.43" for 25-yr event  
 Inflow = 3.2 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 9,758 cf  
 Outflow = 2.8 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 9,758 cf, Atten= 14%, Lag= 2.0 min  
 Discarded = 0.1 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 6,143 cf  
 Primary = 2.7 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 3,615 cf

Routed to Reach DP4 : Wetland West

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Peak Elev= 61.86' @ 12.16 hrs Surf.Area= 1,726 sf Storage= 2,142 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 156.9 min calculated for 9,756 cf (100% of inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 157.0 min ( 971.6 - 814.7 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description		
#1	60.00'	2,869 cf	Custom Stage Data (Irregular) Listed below (Recalc)		
Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)
60.00	547	120.0	0	0	547
61.00	1,249	244.0	874	874	4,143
62.00	1,813	258.0	1,522	2,396	4,756
62.25	1,972	263.0	473	2,869	4,974



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Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	59.60'	<b>12.0" Round Culvert</b> L= 45.0' CPP, projecting, no headwall, Ke= 0.900 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 59.60' / 58.70' S= 0.0200 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 0.79 sf
#2	Device 1	61.60'	<b>1.8" x 1.8" Horiz. Grate X 7.00 columns</b> X 7 rows C= 0.600 in 24.0" x 24.0" Grate (28% open area) Limited to weir flow at low heads
#3	Discarded	60.00'	<b>2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area</b> Phase-In= 0.01'

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.1 cfs @ 12.16 hrs HW=61.86' (Free Discharge)└─**3=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.1 cfs)**Primary OutFlow** Max=2.7 cfs @ 12.16 hrs HW=61.86' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)└─**1=Culvert** (Passes 2.7 cfs of 4.0 cfs potential flow)└─**2=Grate** (Orifice Controls 2.7 cfs @ 2.44 fps)

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NOAA10 24-hr D 100-yr Rainfall=7.74"

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**Summary for Subcatchment 4S: Roof**

Runoff = 11.9 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 41,250 cf, Depth= 7.50"  
 Routed to Pond P1 : North West Pond

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 100-yr Rainfall=7.74"

	Area (sf)	CN	Description
*	47,850	98	1/2 Roof, HSG A
*	18,146	98	4 +1 parts Roof, HSG A
	65,996	98	Weighted Average
	65,996		100.00% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Adjustment for 0.1 hr

**Summary for Subcatchment 6S: Roof**

Runoff = 5.4 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 18,558 cf, Depth= 7.50"  
 Routed to Pond P3 : Subsurface Chambers

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 100-yr Rainfall=7.74"

	Area (sf)	CN	Description
*	29,691	98	9 parts Roof, HSG A
	29,691		100.00% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Adjustment for 0.1 hr

**Summary for Subcatchment P5a:**

Runoff = 4.4 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 13,397 cf, Depth= 6.08"  
 Routed to Pond P5 : Retention Area

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 100-yr Rainfall=7.74"

	Area (sf)	CN	Description
	5,263	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
	20,763	98	Paved parking, HSG A
	417	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
	26,443	86	Weighted Average
	5,680		21.48% Pervious Area
	20,763		78.52% Impervious Area



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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
3.3	25	0.0200	0.13		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow</b> Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"
0.4	25	0.0200	1.03		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow</b> Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.12"
0.9	135	0.0160	2.57		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow</b> Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
0.9	95	0.0110	1.69		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
0.5					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment to 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	280	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment PS1:**

Runoff = 0.1 cfs @ 12.26 hrs, Volume= 2,747 cf, Depth= 0.49"  
 Routed to Reach DP1 : Wetland Northeast

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 100-yr Rainfall=7.74"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
56,398	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
10,068	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
388	98	Retaining Wall, HSG A
111	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
66,965	32	Weighted Average
66,577		99.42% Pervious Area
388		0.58% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
0.2	50	0.3300	3.63		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b> Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.12"
1.0	190	0.0400	3.22		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
4.8					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment for 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	240	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment PS2:**

Runoff = 9.9 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 29,603 cf, Depth= 5.50"  
 Routed to Reach DP2 : Wetland Southeast

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 100-yr Rainfall=7.74"

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Area (sf)	CN	Description
11,876	98	Paved parking, HSG A
11,780	30	Brush, Good, HSG A
2,425	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
1,775	98	Paved parking, HSG C
2,635	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
3,171	70	Woods, Good, HSG C
30,957	98	Roofs, HSG A
64,619	81	Weighted Average
20,011		30.97% Pervious Area
44,608		69.03% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
3.8	45	0.0440	0.20		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b> Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"
0.4	95	0.0420	4.16		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
0.7	156	0.0525	3.69		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
1.1					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment for 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	296	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment PS3: Same as ES3**

Runoff = 2.4 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 7,174 cf, Depth= 5.73"  
 Routed to Reach DP2 : Wetland Southeast

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 100-yr Rainfall=7.74"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
11,205	98	Paved parking, HSG A
3,820	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
15,025	83	Weighted Average
3,820		25.42% Pervious Area
11,205		74.58% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
1.1	16	0.1313	0.25		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b> Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"
0.3	34	0.0853	1.96		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b> Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.12"
0.8	212	0.0420	4.16		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
3.8					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment for 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	262	Total			



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**Summary for Subcatchment PS4: PS4**

Runoff = 2.1 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume= 9,815 cf, Depth= 1.60"  
 Routed to Reach DP4 : Wetland West

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 100-yr Rainfall=7.74"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
25,615	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
9,190	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
34,184	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
4,583	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
73,572	45	Weighted Average
73,572		100.00% Pervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.8	50	0.0904	0.12		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet flow</b>
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.12"
0.5	141	0.0710	4.29		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b>
					Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
5.5	1,106	0.0090	3.36	22.70	<b>Trap/Vee/Rect Channel Flow, Stream Channel</b>
					Bot.W=3.00' D=1.50' Z= 1.0 ' Top.W=6.00'
					n= 0.040
12.8	1,297	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment PS5:**

Runoff = 12.8 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 41,006 cf, Depth= 6.67"  
 Routed to Reach DP4 : Wetland West

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 100-yr Rainfall=7.74"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
* 8,000	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
33,448	98	Paved parking, HSG A
3,000	98	Paved parking, HSG B
388	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
28,961	98	Roofs, HSG A
73,797	91	Weighted Average
8,388		11.37% Pervious Area
65,409		88.63% Impervious Area

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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
3.0	58	0.1380	0.33		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b> Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"
1.1	177	0.0172	2.66		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
0.6	256	0.0159	7.19	8.82	<b>Pipe Channel, Pipe (CB to DMH)</b> 15.0" Round Area= 1.2 sf Perim= 3.9' r= 0.31' n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished
0.0	13	0.0104	6.57	11.61	<b>Pipe Channel, Pipe (DMH to Treat. Unit.)</b> 18.0" Round Area= 1.8 sf Perim= 4.7' r= 0.38' n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished
0.4	59	0.0300	2.79		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
0.5	134	0.0140	4.19	28.31	<b>Trap/Vee/Rect Channel Flow, Stream Channel</b> Bot.W=3.00' D=1.50' Z= 1.0 ' Top.W=6.00' n= 0.040
0.4					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment to 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	697	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment PS6:**

Runoff = 1.3 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 4,375 cf, Depth= 7.38"  
 Routed to Reach DP3 : Catch Basin

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 100-yr Rainfall=7.74"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
3,775	98	Paved parking, HSG A
3,233	98	Paved parking, HSG B
105	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
7,113	97	Weighted Average
105		1.48% Pervious Area
7,008		98.52% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
1.0	15	0.1313	0.24		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b> Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"
0.3	35	0.0571	1.68		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b> Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.12"
0.7	176	0.0392	4.02		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b> Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
4.0					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment to 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	226	Total			



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**Summary for Subcatchment PS7: West Parking Lot**

Runoff = 16.1 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 51,127 cf, Depth= 6.55"  
 Routed to Pond P3 : Subsurface Chambers

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 100-yr Rainfall=7.74"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
12,148	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
75,825	98	Paved parking, HSG A
* 2,166	98	Paved parking, HSG B
* 3,533	98	Emergency Acces Rd, HSG A
93,672	90	Weighted Average
12,148		12.97% Pervious Area
81,524		87.03% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
0.7	50	0.0200	1.18		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b>
					Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.12"
0.6	96	0.0200	2.87		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow</b>
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
0.3	106	0.0200	6.95	5.46	<b>Pipe Channel, 12" HDPE</b>
					12.0" Round Area= 0.8 sf Perim= 3.1' r= 0.25'
					n= 0.012 Corrugated PP, smooth interior
4.4					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment for 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	252	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment PS8:**

Runoff = 4.0 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 11,683 cf, Depth= 4.13"  
 Routed to Pond P1 : North West Pond

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 NOAA10 24-hr D 100-yr Rainfall=7.74"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
16,504	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
* 4,431	98	Emergency Acces Rd, HSG A
13,015	98	Paved parking, HSG A
33,950	69	Weighted Average
16,504		48.61% Pervious Area
17,446		51.39% Impervious Area

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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
0.6	50	0.0300	1.39		<b>Sheet Flow,</b> Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.12"
1.4	419	0.0100	4.91	3.86	<b>Pipe Channel, CMP_Round 12"</b> 12.0" Round Area= 0.8 sf Perim= 3.1' r= 0.25' n= 0.012 Corrugated PP, smooth interior
4.0					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment for 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	469	Total			

**Summary for Subcatchment PS9:**

Runoff = 8.8 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 25,893 cf, Depth= 4.92"  
Routed to Pond P2 : East Pond

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
NOAA10 24-hr D 100-yr Rainfall=7.74"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
39,663	98	Paved parking, HSG A
23,466	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
63,129	76	Weighted Average
23,466		37.17% Pervious Area
39,663		62.83% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
0.8	50	0.0160	1.08		<b>Sheet Flow, Sheet</b> Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.12"
0.6	110	0.0200	2.87		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, Paved Drive</b> Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
1.9	399	0.0300	3.52		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, 12" HDPE Pipe</b> Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
2.7					<b>Direct Entry, Adjustment for 0.1 hr</b>
6.0	559	Total			

**Summary for Reach DP1: Wetland Northeast**

Inflow Area = 66,965 sf, 0.58% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.49" for 100-yr event  
Inflow = 0.1 cfs @ 12.26 hrs, Volume= 2,747 cf  
Outflow = 0.1 cfs @ 12.26 hrs, Volume= 2,747 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

**Summary for Reach DP2: Wetland Southeast**

Inflow Area = 142,773 sf, 66.87% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.44" for 100-yr event  
Inflow = 12.2 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 40,912 cf  
Outflow = 12.2 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 40,912 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min



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Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

**Summary for Reach DP3: Catch Basin**

Inflow Area = 7,113 sf, 98.52% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 7.38" for 100-yr event  
Inflow = 1.3 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 4,375 cf  
Outflow = 1.3 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 4,375 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

**Summary for Reach DP4: Wetland West**

Inflow Area = 397,121 sf, 70.72% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.03" for 100-yr event  
Inflow = 17.4 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 67,219 cf  
Outflow = 17.4 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 67,219 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

**Summary for Reach R1: Stream Channel**

Inflow Area = 99,946 sf, 83.49% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.00" for 100-yr event  
Inflow = 0.0 cfs @ 17.37 hrs, Volume= 39 cf  
Outflow = 0.0 cfs @ 18.01 hrs, Volume= 39 cf, Atten= 48%, Lag= 38.5 min  
Routed to Reach DP4 : Wetland West

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Max. Velocity= 0.23 fps, Min. Travel Time= 77.0 min

Avg. Velocity = 0.23 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 77.0 min

Peak Storage= 22 cf @ 18.01 hrs

Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.01' , Surface Width= 3.01'

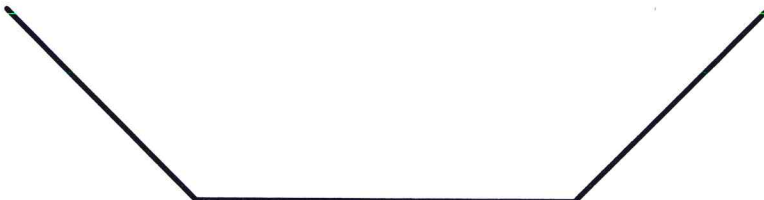
Bank-Full Depth= 1.50' Flow Area= 6.8 sf, Capacity= 24.4 cfs

3.00' x 1.50' deep channel, n= 0.040

Side Slope Z-value= 1.0 ' / Top Width= 6.00'

Length= 1,058.0' Slope= 0.0104 ' /

Inlet Invert= 65.00', Outlet Invert= 54.00'



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**Summary for Reach R2: Stream Channel**

Inflow Area = 123,363 sf, 90.15% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.95" for 100-yr event  
 Inflow = 1.4 cfs @ 12.79 hrs, Volume= 9,778 cf  
 Outflow = 1.4 cfs @ 12.86 hrs, Volume= 9,778 cf, Atten= 1%, Lag= 4.6 min  
 Routed to Reach DP4 : Wetland West

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 Max. Velocity= 2.11 fps, Min. Travel Time= 5.0 min  
 Avg. Velocity = 0.93 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 11.3 min

Peak Storage= 412 cf @ 12.86 hrs  
 Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.20' , Surface Width= 3.41'  
 Bank-Full Depth= 1.50' Flow Area= 6.8 sf, Capacity= 42.2 cfs

3.00' x 1.50' deep channel, n= 0.030 Earth, grassed & winding  
 Side Slope Z-value= 1.0 '/' Top Width= 6.00'  
 Length= 629.3' Slope= 0.0175 '/'  
 Inlet Invert= 65.00', Outlet Invert= 54.00'

**Summary for Pond P1: North West Pond**

Inflow Area = 99,946 sf, 83.49% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 6.36" for 100-yr event  
 Inflow = 16.0 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 52,933 cf  
 Outflow = 0.4 cfs @ 17.37 hrs, Volume= 40,626 cf, Atten= 97%, Lag= 314.2 min  
 Discarded = 0.4 cfs @ 17.37 hrs, Volume= 40,586 cf  
 Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 17.37 hrs, Volume= 39 cf  
 Routed to Reach R1 : Stream Channel  
 Secondary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
 Routed to Reach R1 : Stream Channel

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 Peak Elev= 79.91' @ 17.37 hrs Surf.Area= 7,865 sf Storage= 30,034 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 575.1 min calculated for 40,614 cf (77% of inflow)  
 Center-of-Mass det. time= 466.3 min ( 1,234.7 - 768.4 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	74.00'	39,321 cf	<b>Custom Stage Data (Irregular)</b> Listed below (Recalc)



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Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)
74.00	2,657	220.0	0	0	2,657
75.00	3,384	247.0	3,013	3,013	3,687
76.00	4,178	271.0	3,774	6,787	4,710
77.00	5,037	293.0	4,601	11,388	5,737
78.00	5,960	315.0	5,492	16,880	6,844
79.00	6,933	334.0	6,440	23,320	7,877
80.00	7,963	352.0	7,442	30,762	8,918
81.00	9,168	378.0	8,558	39,321	10,472

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	74.00'	<b>18.0" Round Culvert</b> L= 79.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 74.00' / 70.00' S= 0.0506 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 1.77 sf
#2	Device 1	79.90'	<b>4.0' long Outlet Weir</b> 2 End Contraction(s)
#3	Secondary	80.00'	<b>15.0' long x 5.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir</b> Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00 2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50 5.00 5.50 Coef. (English) 2.34 2.50 2.70 2.68 2.68 2.66 2.65 2.65 2.65 2.65 2.67 2.66 2.68 2.70 2.74 2.79 2.88
#4	Discarded	74.00'	<b>2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area</b> Phase-In= 0.01'

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.4 cfs @ 17.37 hrs HW=79.91' (Free Discharge)↳ **4=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.4 cfs)**Primary OutFlow** Max=0.0 cfs @ 17.37 hrs HW=79.91' TW=65.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)↳ **1=Culvert** (Passes 0.0 cfs of 19.3 cfs potential flow)↳ **2=Outlet Weir** (Weir Controls 0.0 cfs @ 0.29 fps)**Secondary OutFlow** Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=74.00' TW=65.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)↳ **3=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** ( Controls 0.0 cfs)**Summary for Pond P2: East Pond**

Inflow Area = 63,129 sf, 62.83% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.92" for 100-yr event  
 Inflow = 8.8 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 25,893 cf  
 Outflow = 0.9 cfs @ 12.70 hrs, Volume= 23,647 cf, Atten= 90%, Lag= 34.2 min  
 Discarded = 0.2 cfs @ 12.70 hrs, Volume= 19,512 cf  
 Primary = 0.6 cfs @ 12.70 hrs, Volume= 4,136 cf  
 Routed to Reach DP2 : Wetland Southeast  
 Secondary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
 Routed to Reach DP2 : Wetland Southeast

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Peak Elev= 61.98' @ 12.70 hrs Surf.Area= 4,299 sf Storage= 11,159 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 421.4 min calculated for 23,647 cf (91% of inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 375.3 min ( 1,211.6 - 836.3 )

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Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description		
#1	58.00'	16,062 cf	<b>Custom Stage Data (Irregular)</b> Listed below (Recalc)		
Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)
58.00	1,436	228.0	0	0	1,436
59.00	2,077	256.0	1,747	1,747	2,541
60.00	2,782	282.0	2,421	4,168	3,686
61.00	3,534	304.0	3,151	7,318	4,753
62.00	4,313	319.0	3,917	11,235	5,560
63.00	5,360	341.0	4,827	16,062	6,761

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	58.00'	<b>12.0" Round Culvert</b> L= 21.0' CPP, projecting, no headwall, Ke= 0.900 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 58.00' / 57.00' S= 0.0476 ' S= 0.0476 ' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 0.79 sf
#2	Device 1	61.85'	<b>4.0' long Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir</b> 2 End Contraction(s) Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 Coef. (English) 2.49 2.56 2.70 2.69 2.68 2.69 2.67 2.64
#3	Secondary	62.10'	
#4	Discarded	58.00'	<b>2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area</b>

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.2 cfs @ 12.70 hrs HW=61.98' (Free Discharge)

↑4=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.2 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.6 cfs @ 12.70 hrs HW=61.98' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)

↑1=Culvert (Passes 0.6 cfs of 5.6 cfs potential flow)

↑2=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 0.6 cfs @ 1.19 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=58.00' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)

↑3=Emergency Spillway ( Controls 0.0 cfs)

**Summary for Pond P3: Subsurface Chambers**

Inflow Area = 123,363 sf, 90.15% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 6.78" for 100-yr event

Inflow = 21.5 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 69,685 cf

Outflow = 1.9 cfs @ 12.79 hrs, Volume= 61,058 cf, Atten= 91%, Lag= 39.5 min

Discarded = 0.5 cfs @ 12.79 hrs, Volume= 51,280 cf

Primary = 1.4 cfs @ 12.79 hrs, Volume= 9,778 cf

Routed to Reach R2 : Stream Channel

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Peak Elev= 69.48' @ 12.79 hrs Surf.Area= 9,051 sf Storage= 30,799 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 441.0 min calculated for 61,058 cf (88% of inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 374.4 min ( 1,149.6 - 775.2 )



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Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	64.00'	5,453 cf	<b>24.00'W x 248.00'L x 6.17'H Basin 3 Z=1.0</b> 47,360 cf Overall - 33,728 cf Embedded = 13,632 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	64.50'	26,383 cf	<b>retain_it retain_it 5.0' x 93</b> Inside #1 Inside= 84.0"W x 60.0"H => 36.41 sf x 8.00'L = 291.3 cf Outside= 96.0"W x 68.0"H => 45.33 sf x 8.00'L = 362.7 cf 3 Rows adjusted for 706.5 cf perimeter wall
		31,835 cf	Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	64.00'	<b>15.0" Round Culvert</b> L= 139.0' CPP, projecting, no headwall, Ke= 0.900 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 64.00' / 61.36' S= 0.0190 ' / Cc= 0.900 n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 1.23 sf
#2	Device 1	69.25'	<b>4.0' long Outlet Weir</b> 2 End Contraction(s)
#3	Discarded	64.00'	<b>2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area</b> Phase-In= 0.01'

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.5 cfs @ 12.79 hrs HW=69.48' (Free Discharge)

└─3=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.5 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=1.4 cfs @ 12.79 hrs HW=69.48' TW=65.20' (Dynamic Tailwater)

└─1=Culvert (Passes 1.4 cfs of 9.4 cfs potential flow)

└─2=Outlet Weir (Weir Controls 1.4 cfs @ 1.56 fps)

**Summary for Pond P5: Retention Area**

Inflow Area = 26,443 sf, 78.52% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 6.08" for 100-yr event  
 Inflow = 4.4 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 13,397 cf  
 Outflow = 3.4 cfs @ 12.17 hrs, Volume= 13,397 cf, Atten= 21%, Lag= 2.5 min  
 Discarded = 0.1 cfs @ 12.17 hrs, Volume= 6,815 cf  
 Primary = 3.3 cfs @ 12.17 hrs, Volume= 6,582 cf  
 Routed to Reach DP4 : Wetland West

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Peak Elev= 62.00' @ 12.17 hrs Surf.Area= 1,812 sf Storage= 2,392 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 131.6 min calculated for 13,393 cf (100% of inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 131.7 min ( 934.5 - 802.8 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description		
#1	60.00'	2,869 cf	Custom Stage Data (Irregular) Listed below (Recalc)		
Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)
60.00	547	120.0	0	0	547
61.00	1,249	244.0	874	874	4,143
62.00	1,813	258.0	1,522	2,396	4,756
62.25	1,972	263.0	473	2,869	4,974

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Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	59.60'	<b>12.0" Round Culvert</b> L= 45.0' CPP, projecting, no headwall, Ke= 0.900 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 59.60' / 58.70' S= 0.0200 ' / Cc= 0.900 n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 0.79 sf
#2	Device 1	61.60'	<b>1.8" x 1.8" Horiz. Grate X 7.00 columns</b> X 7 rows C= 0.600 in 24.0" x 24.0" Grate (28% open area) Limited to weir flow at low heads
#3	Discarded	60.00'	<b>2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area</b> Phase-In= 0.01'

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.1 cfs @ 12.17 hrs HW=62.00' (Free Discharge)└─**3=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.1 cfs)**Primary OutFlow** Max=3.3 cfs @ 12.17 hrs HW=62.00' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)└─**1=Culvert** (Passes 3.3 cfs of 4.1 cfs potential flow)└─**2=Grate** (Orifice Controls 3.3 cfs @ 3.03 fps)



**APPENDIX D:**  
**STORMWATER MANAGEMENT**  
**CALCULATIONS**

# Stormwater Management Calculations

**STANDARD 3: Recharge To Groundwater: Static Method**

- 1. Calculate Impervious Area *(From HydroCAD Model)*
  - New Impervious Area (HSG A Soil) = 223,050 SF
- 2. Determine Rainfall Depth to be Recharged  
*(MassDEP Stormwater Management Handbook: Table 2.3.2)*

Hydrologic Soil Group	Recharge Rainfall Depth
A	0.60"

- 3. Calculate Recharge Volume  
**Soil A 'Rv'** = [(0.60" x 223,050 SF) / 12 SF-In] = 10,331 CF

**Total 'Rv' = 11,153 CF**

- 4. Calculate Provided Recharge  
Proposed recharge provided in infiltration basins

HCAD System ID	Bottom of Infiltration	Lowest System Outlet	Total Recharge Volume Provided (cf)	10-YR STORM EVENT PEAK ELEVATION*
P1	74.0	79.90	29,972	77.69
P2	58.0	61.85	10,597	60.60
P3	64.0	69.25	29,330	67.58
P5	60.0	61.60	1,719	61.77
TOTAL			71,618	

**Required Recharge Volume Summary**

Total Volume Provided Below Outlets = 714,618 cf

Total Volume Required = 11,153 CF

71,618 cf provided > 11,153 cf required



**Verify Drawdown, Maximum 72-Hours: Static Method**

<b>HCAD System ID</b>	<b>Recharge Volume (CF)</b>	<b>Bottom Surface Area (SF)</b>	<b>Infiltration Rate Inches/Hour</b>	<b>Drawdown Time Rv / (K x A) (Hours)</b>	<b>Description</b>
P1	<b>29,972</b>	2,657	2.41	56.17	Retention Basin
P2	<b>10,597</b>	1,436	2.41	36.8	Retention Basin
P3	<b>29,330</b>	5,952	2.41	24.6	Concrete Galleys
P5	<b>1,719</b>	547	2.41	15.7	Retention Basin

***\*\*Design Complies with Recharge Volume Standard\*\****

**STANDARD 4: Water Quality Volume**

See proprietary hydrodynamic separator and TSS calculations sheets.

**4046 Proposed**

Prepared by The Morin-Cameron Group, Inc

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NOAA10 24-hr D 100-yr Rainfall=7.74"

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**Stage-Area-Storage for Pond P1: North West Pond (continued)**

Elevation (feet)	Surface (sq-ft)	Storage (cubic-feet)	Elevation (feet)	Surface (sq-ft)	Storage (cubic-feet)
79.30	7,235	25,445	79.83	7,783	29,424
79.31	7,245	25,518	79.84	7,793	29,502
79.32	7,255	25,590	79.85	7,804	29,580
79.33	7,265	25,663	79.86	7,815	29,658
79.34	7,275	25,736	79.87	7,825	29,736
79.35	7,285	25,808	79.88	7,836	29,815
79.36	7,296	25,881	79.89	7,846	29,893
79.37	7,306	25,954	79.90	7,857	29,972
79.38	7,316	26,027	79.91	7,867	30,050
79.39	7,326	26,101	79.92	7,878	30,129
79.40	7,336	26,174	79.93	7,889	30,208
79.41	7,347	26,247	79.94	7,899	30,287
79.42	7,357	26,321	79.95	7,910	30,366
79.43	7,367	26,394	79.96	7,920	30,445
79.44	7,377	26,468	79.97	7,931	30,524
79.45	7,388	26,542	79.98	7,942	30,603
79.46	7,398	26,616	79.99	7,952	30,683
79.47	7,408	26,690	80.00	7,963	30,762
79.48	7,419	26,764	80.01	7,975	30,842
79.49	7,429	26,838	80.02	7,986	30,922
79.50	7,439	26,913	80.03	7,998	31,002
79.51	7,449	26,987	80.04	8,010	31,082
79.52	7,460	27,062	80.05	8,021	31,162
79.53	7,470	27,136	80.06	8,033	31,242
79.54	7,480	27,211	80.07	8,045	31,323
79.55	7,491	27,286	80.08	8,056	31,403
79.56	7,501	27,361	80.09	8,068	31,484
79.57	7,511	27,436	80.10	8,080	31,565
79.58	7,522	27,511	80.11	8,091	31,645
79.59	7,532	27,586	80.12	8,103	31,726
79.60	7,542	27,662	80.13	8,115	31,808
79.61	7,553	27,737	80.14	8,127	31,889
79.62	7,563	27,813	80.15	8,138	31,970
79.63	7,574	27,889	80.16	8,150	32,052
79.64	7,584	27,964	80.17	8,162	32,133
79.65	7,594	28,040	80.18	8,174	32,215
79.66	7,605	28,116	80.19	8,185	32,297
79.67	7,615	28,192	80.20	8,197	32,378
79.68	7,626	28,269	80.21	8,209	32,460
79.69	7,636	28,345	80.22	8,221	32,543
79.70	7,647	28,421	80.23	8,233	32,625
79.71	7,657	28,498	80.24	8,244	32,707
79.72	7,667	28,574	80.25	8,256	32,790
79.73	7,678	28,651	80.26	8,268	32,872
79.74	7,688	28,728	80.27	8,280	32,955
79.75	7,699	28,805	80.28	8,292	33,038
79.76	7,709	28,882	80.29	8,304	33,121
79.77	7,720	28,959	80.30	8,316	33,204
79.78	7,730	29,036	80.31	8,327	33,287
79.79	7,741	29,114	80.32	8,339	33,371
79.80	7,751	29,191	80.33	8,351	33,454
79.81	7,762	29,269	80.34	8,363	33,538
79.82	7,772	29,346	80.35	8,375	33,621



**4046 Proposed**

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**Stage-Area-Storage for Pond P2: East Pond**

Elevation (feet)	Surface (sq-ft)	Storage (cubic-feet)	Elevation (feet)	Surface (sq-ft)	Storage (cubic-feet)
58.00	1,436	0	60.65	3,261	6,129
58.05	1,465	73	60.70	3,299	6,293
58.10	1,495	147	60.75	3,338	6,459
58.15	1,525	222	60.80	3,376	6,627
58.20	1,555	299	60.85	3,415	6,797
58.25	1,585	377	60.90	3,455	6,969
58.30	1,616	458	60.95	3,494	7,142
58.35	1,647	539	61.00	3,534	7,318
58.40	1,678	622	61.05	3,571	7,496
58.45	1,710	707	61.10	3,608	7,675
58.50	1,742	793	61.15	3,646	7,857
58.55	1,774	881	61.20	3,684	8,040
58.60	1,806	971	61.25	3,721	8,225
58.65	1,839	1,062	61.30	3,760	8,412
58.70	1,872	1,155	61.35	3,798	8,601
58.75	1,906	1,249	61.40	3,836	8,792
58.80	1,939	1,345	61.45	3,875	8,985
58.85	1,973	1,443	61.50	3,914	9,179
58.90	2,008	1,542	61.55	3,953	9,376
58.95	2,042	1,644	61.60	3,992	9,575
59.00	2,077	1,747	61.65	4,032	9,775
59.05	2,110	1,851	61.70	4,071	9,978
59.10	2,143	1,958	61.75	4,111	10,182
59.15	2,176	2,066	61.80	4,151	10,389
59.20	2,210	2,175	61.85	4,191	10,597
59.25	2,244	2,287	61.90	4,232	10,808
59.30	2,278	2,400	61.95	4,272	11,021
59.35	2,312	2,514	62.00	4,313	11,235
59.40	2,347	2,631	62.05	4,363	11,452
59.45	2,382	2,749	62.10	4,413	11,671
59.50	2,417	2,869	62.15	4,463	11,893
59.55	2,452	2,991	62.20	4,513	12,118
59.60	2,488	3,114	62.25	4,564	12,345
59.65	2,524	3,239	62.30	4,615	12,574
59.70	2,560	3,367	62.35	4,667	12,806
59.75	2,596	3,495	62.40	4,718	13,041
59.80	2,633	3,626	62.45	4,770	13,278
59.85	2,670	3,759	62.50	4,822	13,518
59.90	2,707	3,893	62.55	4,875	13,760
59.95	2,744	4,029	62.60	4,928	14,005
60.00	2,782	4,168	62.65	4,981	14,253
60.05	2,817	4,308	62.70	5,034	14,503
60.10	2,853	4,449	62.75	5,088	14,756
60.15	2,889	4,593	62.80	5,142	15,012
60.20	2,925	4,738	62.85	5,196	15,271
60.25	2,962	4,885	62.90	5,250	15,532
60.30	2,998	5,034	62.95	5,305	15,796
60.35	3,035	5,185	63.00	5,360	16,062
60.40	3,072	5,338			
60.45	3,109	5,492			
60.50	3,147	5,649			
60.55	3,184	5,807			
60.60	3,222	5,967			

**4046 Proposed**

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**Stage-Area-Storage for Pond P3: Subsurface Chambers (continued)**

Elevation (feet)	Surface (sq-ft)	Storage (cubic-feet)	Elevation (feet)	Surface (sq-ft)	Storage (cubic-feet)
69.20	8,889	29,007	69.72	9,195	31,233
69.21	8,895	29,071	69.73	9,200	31,245
69.22	8,901	29,136	69.74	9,206	31,258
69.23	8,907	29,201	69.75	9,212	31,272
69.24	8,912	29,265	69.76	9,218	31,285
69.25	8,918	29,330	69.77	9,224	31,298
69.26	8,924	29,394	69.78	9,230	31,311
69.27	8,930	29,459	69.79	9,236	31,324
69.28	8,936	29,524	69.80	9,242	31,337
69.29	8,942	29,588	69.81	9,248	31,350
69.30	8,948	29,653	69.82	9,254	31,363
69.31	8,953	29,718	69.83	9,259	31,377
69.32	8,959	29,783	69.84	9,265	31,390
69.33	8,965	29,848	69.85	9,271	31,403
69.34	8,971	29,912	69.86	9,277	31,416
69.35	8,977	29,977	69.87	9,283	31,430
69.36	8,983	30,042	69.88	9,289	31,443
69.37	8,989	30,107	69.89	9,295	31,456
69.38	8,994	30,172	69.90	9,301	31,470
69.39	9,000	30,237	69.91	9,307	31,483
69.40	9,006	30,302	69.92	9,313	31,497
69.41	9,012	30,367	69.93	9,319	31,510
69.42	9,018	30,432	69.94	9,324	31,524
69.43	9,024	30,497	69.95	9,330	31,537
69.44	9,030	30,562	69.96	9,336	31,551
69.45	9,036	30,627	69.97	9,342	31,564
69.46	9,041	30,692	69.98	9,348	31,578
69.47	9,047	30,757	69.99	9,354	31,591
69.48	9,053	30,822	70.00	9,360	31,605
69.49	9,059	30,888	70.01	9,366	31,619
69.50	9,065	30,953	70.02	9,372	31,632
69.51	9,071	30,965	70.03	9,378	31,646
69.52	9,077	30,978	70.04	9,384	31,660
69.53	9,083	30,990	70.05	9,390	31,673
69.54	9,089	31,003	70.06	9,396	31,687
69.55	9,094	31,015	70.07	9,401	31,701
69.56	9,100	31,028	70.08	9,407	31,715
69.57	9,106	31,041	70.09	9,413	31,729
69.58	9,112	31,053	70.10	9,419	31,742
69.59	9,118	31,066	70.11	9,425	31,756
69.60	9,124	31,079	70.12	9,431	31,770
69.61	9,130	31,091	70.13	9,437	31,784
69.62	9,136	31,104	70.14	9,443	31,798
69.63	9,142	31,117	70.15	9,449	31,812
69.64	9,147	31,129	70.16	9,455	31,826
69.65	9,153	31,142	70.17	9,459	31,835
69.66	9,159	31,155			
69.67	9,165	31,168			
69.68	9,171	31,181			
69.69	9,177	31,194			
69.70	9,183	31,207			
69.71	9,189	31,220			

**4046 Proposed**

NOAA10 24-hr D 100-yr Rainfall=7.74"

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**Stage-Area-Storage for Pond P5: Retention Area**

Elevation (feet)	Surface (sq-ft)	Storage (cubic-feet)
60.00	547	0
60.05	575	28
60.10	604	58
60.15	634	89
60.20	665	121
60.25	696	155
60.30	728	191
60.35	760	228
60.40	794	267
60.45	828	307
60.50	862	349
60.55	898	393
60.60	934	439
60.65	971	487
60.70	1,008	536
60.75	1,047	588
60.80	1,086	641
60.85	1,125	696
60.90	1,166	753
60.95	1,207	813
61.00	1,249	874
61.05	1,275	937
61.10	1,301	1,002
61.15	1,327	1,067
61.20	1,353	1,134
61.25	1,380	1,203
61.30	1,407	1,272
61.35	1,434	1,343
61.40	1,462	1,416
61.45	1,490	1,490
61.50	1,518	1,565
61.55	1,546	1,641
61.60	1,575	1,719
61.65	1,604	1,799
61.70	1,633	1,880
61.75	1,662	1,962
61.80	1,692	2,046
61.85	1,722	2,131
61.90	1,752	2,218
61.95	1,782	2,307
62.00	1,813	2,396
62.05	1,844	2,488
62.10	1,876	2,581
62.15	1,908	2,675
62.20	1,940	2,772
62.25	1,972	2,869



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Name: Griffin Brook Drive  
Location: 501 & 600 Griffin Brook Drive  
Methuen, MA  
County: Essex County  
Applicant: Griffin Brook Owner LLC

Standard 4: Total Suspended Solids Calculation for  
Infiltration System (P1)  
Proj. No.: 4046  
Date: 10/2/2024  
Revised:  
Computed by: Leticia Oliveira  
Checked by: William A. Schkuta, P.E.

TSS Removal  
Calculation

B	C	D	E	F
BMP	TSS Removal Rate	Starting TSS Load (*F)	Amount Removed (C*D)	Remaining Load (D-E)
Deep Sump and Hooded Catch Basin	0.25	1.00	0.25	0.75
Proprietary Treatment Practice	0.83	0.75	0.62	0.13
Infiltration Basin	0.80	0.13	0.10	0.03
	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.03
	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.03

Note: Grass & gravel filter  
strip utilized for pretreatment  
as referenced on Page 25 of  
Structural BMPs in Volume 2  
Chapter 2 of the  
Massachusetts Stormwater  
Handbook

Total TSS Removal = 97%

\*Equals remaining load from previous BMP (E)  
which enters the BMP

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**Name:** Griffin Brook Drive  
**Location:** 501 & 600 Griffin Brook Drive  
 Methuen, MA  
**County:** Essex County  
**Applicant:** Griffin Brook Owner LLC

**Standard 4: Total Suspended Solids Calculation for  
 Infiltration System (P2)**

**Proj. No.:** 4046  
**Date:** 9/3/2024  
**Revised:**  
**Computed by:** Leticia Oliveira  
**Checked by:** William A. Schkuta, P.E.

**TSS Removal  
 Calculation**

B BMP	C TSS Removal Rate	D Starting TSS Load (*F)	E Amount Removed (C*D)	F Remaining Load (D-E)
Deep Sump and Hooded Catch Basin	0.25	1.00	0.25	0.75
Proprietary Treatment Practice	0.83	0.75	0.62	0.13
Infiltration Basin	0.80	0.13	0.10	0.03
	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.03
	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.03

Note: Grass & gravel filter  
 strip utilized for pretreatment  
 as referenced on Page 25 of  
 Structural BMPs in Volume 2  
 Chapter 2 of the  
 Massachusetts Stormwater  
 Handbook

**Total TSS Removal =**

97%

\*Equals remaining load from previous BMP (E)  
 which enters the BMP

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Name: Griffin Brook Drive  
Location: 501 & 600 Griffin Brook Drive  
Methuen, MA  
County: Essex County  
Applicant: Griffin Brook Owner LLC

Standard 4: Total Suspended Solids Calculation for  
Infiltration System (P3)

Proj. No.: 4046  
Date: 9/3/2024  
Revised:  
Computed by: Leticia Oliveira  
Checked by: William A. Schkuta, P.E.

TSS Removal  
Calculation

B	C	D	E	F
BMP	TSS Removal Rate	Starting TSS Load (*F)	Amount Removed (C*D)	Remaining Load (D-E)
Deep Sump and Hooded Catch Basin	0.25	1.00	0.25	0.75
Proprietary Treatment Practice	0.82	0.75	0.61	0.14
	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.14
	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.14
	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.14

Note: Grass & gravel filter  
strip utilized for pretreatment  
as referenced on Page 25 of  
Structural BMPs in Volume 2  
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Total TSS Removal =

86%

\*Equals remaining load from previous BMP (E)  
which enters the BMP



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Name: Griffin Brook Drive  
Location: 501 & 600 Griffin Brook Drive  
Methuen, MA  
County: Essex County  
Applicant: Griffin Brook Owner LLC

Standard 4: Total Suspended Solids Calculation for  
Infiltration System (P5)

Proj. No.: 4046  
Date: 10/2/2024  
Revised:  
Computed by: Leticia Oliveira  
Checked by: William A. Schkuta, P.E.

TSS Removal  
Calculation

B	C	D	E	F
BMP	TSS Removal Rate	Starting TSS Load (*F)	Amount Removed (C*D)	Remaining Load (D-E)
Deep Sump and Hooded Catch Basin	0.25	1.00	0.25	0.75
Infiltration Basin	0.87	0.75	0.65	0.10
	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.10
	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.10
	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.10

Note: Grass & gravel filter  
strip utilized for pretreatment  
as referenced on Page 25 of  
Structural BMPs in Volume 2  
Chapter 2 of the  
Massachusetts Stormwater  
Handbook

Total TSS Removal =

90%

\*Equals remaining load from previous BMP (E)  
which enters the BMP

**Project:** 501 & 600 Griffin Brook Dr  
**Location:** Methuen, MA  
**Prepared For:** Morin-Cameron Group



**Purpose:** To calculate the water quality flow rate (WQF) over a given site area. In this situation the WQF is derived from the first 1" of runoff from the contributing impervious surface.

**Reference:** Massachusetts Dept. of Environmental Protection Wetlands Program / United States Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service TR-55 Manual

**Procedure:** Determine unit peak discharge using Figure 1 or 2. Figure 2 is in tabular form so is preferred. Using the  $t_c$ , read the unit peak discharge ( $q_u$ ) from Figure 1 or Table in Figure 2.  $q_u$  is expressed in the following units: cfs/mi<sup>2</sup>/watershed inches (csm/in.).

Compute Q Rate using the following equation:

$$Q = (q_u) (A) (WQV)$$

where:

Q = flow rate associated with first 1" of runoff

$q_u$  = the unit peak discharge, in csm/in.

A = impervious surface drainage area (in square miles)

WQV = water quality volume in watershed inches (1" in this case)

Structure Name	Impv. (acres)	A (miles <sup>2</sup> )	$t_c$ (min)	$t_c$ (hr)	WQV (in)	$q_u$ (csm/in.)	Q (cfs)
WQU 1	0.28	0.0004375	6.0	0.100	1.00	774.00	0.34
WQU 2	0.91	0.0014219	6.0	0.100	1.00	774.00	1.10
WQU 3	0.75	0.0011719	6.0	0.100	1.00	774.00	0.91
WQU 4	1.10	0.0017188	6.0	0.100	1.00	774.00	1.33

The WQf sizing calculation selects the minimum size CDS/Cascade/StormCeptor model capable of operating at the computed WQf peak flowrate prior to bypassing. It assumes free discharge of the WQf through the unit and ignores the routing effect of any upstream storm drain piping. As with all hydrodynamic separators, there will be some impact to the Hydraulic Gradient of the corresponding drainage system, and evaluation of this impact should be considered in the design.

## CDS ESTIMATED NET ANNUAL SOLIDS LOAD REDUCTION BASED ON THE RATIONAL RAINFALL METHOD

**501 & 600 GRIFFIN BROOK DR  
METHUEN, MA**

Area **0.60 ac**  
Weighted C **0.9**  
 $t_c$  **6 min**  
CDS Model **1515-3**

Unit Site Designation **WQU 1**  
Rainfall Station # **69**

CDS Treatment Capacity **1.0 cfs**

<u>Rainfall Intensity<sup>1</sup></u> (in/hr)	<u>Percent Rainfall Volume<sup>1</sup></u>	<u>Cumulative Rainfall Volume</u>	<u>Total Flowrate (cfs)</u>	<u>Treated Flowrate (cfs)</u>	<u>Incremental Removal (%)</u>
0.02	10.2%	10.2%	0.01	0.01	9.8
0.04	9.6%	19.8%	0.02	0.02	9.2
0.06	9.4%	29.3%	0.03	0.03	9.0
0.08	7.7%	37.0%	0.04	0.04	7.3
0.10	8.6%	45.6%	0.05	0.05	8.0
0.12	6.3%	51.9%	0.06	0.06	5.8
0.14	4.7%	56.5%	0.08	0.08	4.3
0.16	4.6%	61.2%	0.09	0.09	4.2
0.18	3.5%	64.7%	0.10	0.10	3.2
0.20	4.3%	69.1%	0.11	0.11	3.9
0.25	8.0%	77.1%	0.14	0.14	7.0
0.30	5.6%	82.7%	0.16	0.16	4.8
0.35	4.4%	87.0%	0.19	0.19	3.7
0.40	2.5%	89.5%	0.22	0.22	2.1
0.45	2.5%	92.1%	0.24	0.24	2.0
0.50	1.4%	93.5%	0.27	0.27	1.1
0.75	5.0%	98.5%	0.41	0.41	3.5
1.00	1.0%	99.5%	0.54	0.54	0.6
1.50	0.0%	99.5%	0.81	0.81	0.0
2.00	0.0%	99.5%	1.08	1.00	0.0
3.00	0.5%	100.0%	1.62	1.00	0.1
					89.8
Removal Efficiency Adjustment <sup>2</sup> =					6.5%
Predicted % Annual Rainfall Treated =					93.4%
<b>Predicted Net Annual Load Removal Efficiency =</b>					<b>83.3%</b>

1 - Based on 10 years of hourly precipitation data from NCDC Station 770, Boston WSFO AP, Suffolk County, MA

2 - Reduction due to use of 60-minute data for a site that has a time of concentration less than 30-minutes.



**CDS ESTIMATED NET ANNUAL SOLIDS LOAD REDUCTION  
BASED ON THE RATIONAL RAINFALL METHOD**

**501 & 600 GRIFFIN BROOK DR  
METHUEN, MA**

Area **0.91 ac**  
Weighted C **0.9**  
 $t_c$  **6 min**  
CDS Model **2015-4**

Unit Site Designation **WQU 2**  
Rainfall Station # **69**

CDS Treatment Capacity **1.4 cfs**

<u>Rainfall Intensity<sup>1</sup></u> (in/hr)	<u>Percent Rainfall Volume<sup>1</sup></u>	<u>Cumulative Rainfall Volume</u>	<u>Total Flowrate</u> (cfs)	<u>Treated Flowrate</u> (cfs)	<u>Incremental Removal (%)</u>
0.02	10.2%	10.2%	0.02	0.02	9.8
0.04	9.6%	19.8%	0.03	0.03	9.2
0.06	9.4%	29.3%	0.05	0.05	9.0
0.08	7.7%	37.0%	0.07	0.07	7.3
0.10	8.6%	45.6%	0.08	0.08	8.0
0.12	6.3%	51.9%	0.10	0.10	5.8
0.14	4.7%	56.5%	0.11	0.11	4.3
0.16	4.6%	61.2%	0.13	0.13	4.2
0.18	3.5%	64.7%	0.15	0.15	3.2
0.20	4.3%	69.1%	0.16	0.16	3.9
0.25	8.0%	77.1%	0.20	0.20	7.0
0.30	5.6%	82.7%	0.25	0.25	4.8
0.35	4.4%	87.0%	0.29	0.29	3.6
0.40	2.5%	89.5%	0.33	0.33	2.1
0.45	2.5%	92.1%	0.37	0.37	2.0
0.50	1.4%	93.5%	0.41	0.41	1.1
0.75	5.0%	98.5%	0.61	0.61	3.4
1.00	1.0%	99.5%	0.82	0.82	0.6
1.50	0.0%	99.5%	1.23	1.23	0.0
2.00	0.0%	99.5%	1.64	1.40	0.0
3.00	0.5%	100.0%	2.46	1.40	0.1
					89.2
Removal Efficiency Adjustment <sup>2</sup> =					6.5%
Predicted % Annual Rainfall Treated =					93.3%
<b>Predicted Net Annual Load Removal Efficiency =</b>					<b>82.7%</b>

1 - Based on 10 years of hourly precipitation data from NCDC Station 770, Boston WSFO AP, Suffolk County, MA

2 - Reduction due to use of 60-minute data for a site that has a time of concentration less than 30-minutes.

# **CDS ESTIMATED NET ANNUAL SOLIDS LOAD REDUCTION BASED ON THE RATIONAL RAINFALL METHOD**

**501 & 600 GRIFFIN BROOK DR  
METHUEN, MA**

Area **0.75 ac**  
Weighted C **0.9**  
 $t_c$  **6 min**  
CDS Model **1515-3**

Unit Site Designation **WQU 3**  
Rainfall Station # **69**

CDS Treatment Capacity **1.0 cfs**

<u>Rainfall Intensity<sup>1</sup></u> <u>(in/hr)</u>	<u>Percent Rainfall Volume<sup>1</sup></u>	<u>Cumulative Rainfall Volume</u>	<u>Total Flowrate (cfs)</u>	<u>Treated Flowrate (cfs)</u>	<u>Incremental Removal (%)</u>
0.02	10.2%	10.2%	0.01	0.01	9.8
0.04	9.6%	19.8%	0.03	0.03	9.2
0.06	9.4%	29.3%	0.04	0.04	8.9
0.08	7.7%	37.0%	0.05	0.05	7.2
0.10	8.6%	45.6%	0.07	0.07	7.9
0.12	6.3%	51.9%	0.08	0.08	5.8
0.14	4.7%	56.5%	0.09	0.09	4.2
0.16	4.6%	61.2%	0.11	0.11	4.2
0.18	3.5%	64.7%	0.12	0.12	3.2
0.20	4.3%	69.1%	0.14	0.14	3.8
0.25	8.0%	77.1%	0.17	0.17	6.9
0.30	5.6%	82.7%	0.20	0.20	4.7
0.35	4.4%	87.0%	0.24	0.24	3.5
0.40	2.5%	89.5%	0.27	0.27	2.0
0.45	2.5%	92.1%	0.30	0.30	1.9
0.50	1.4%	93.5%	0.34	0.34	1.0
0.75	5.0%	98.5%	0.51	0.51	3.2
1.00	1.0%	99.5%	0.68	0.68	0.5
1.50	0.0%	99.5%	1.01	1.00	0.0
2.00	0.0%	99.5%	1.35	1.00	0.0
3.00	0.5%	100.0%	2.03	1.00	0.1
					88.0
Removal Efficiency Adjustment <sup>2</sup> =					6.5%
Predicted % Annual Rainfall Treated =					93.3%
<b>Predicted Net Annual Load Removal Efficiency =</b>					<b>81.6%</b>

1 - Based on 10 years of hourly precipitation data from NCDC Station 770, Boston WSFO AP, Suffolk County, MA

2 - Reduction due to use of 60-minute data for a site that has a time of concentration less than 30-minutes.

# **CDS ESTIMATED NET ANNUAL SOLIDS LOAD REDUCTION BASED ON THE RATIONAL RAINFALL METHOD**

**501 & 600 GRIFFIN BROOK DR  
METHUEN, MA**

Area **1.10 ac**  
Weighted C **0.9**  
 $t_c$  **6 min**  
CDS Model **2015-4**

Unit Site Designation **WQU 4**  
Rainfall Station # **69**

CDS Treatment Capacity **1.4 cfs**

<u>Rainfall Intensity<sup>1</sup></u> <u>(in/hr)</u>	<u>Percent Rainfall Volume<sup>1</sup></u>	<u>Cumulative Rainfall Volume</u>	<u>Total Flowrate (cfs)</u>	<u>Treated Flowrate (cfs)</u>	<u>Incremental Removal (%)</u>
0.02	10.2%	10.2%	0.02	0.02	9.8
0.04	9.6%	19.8%	0.04	0.04	9.2
0.06	9.4%	29.3%	0.06	0.06	8.9
0.08	7.7%	37.0%	0.08	0.08	7.2
0.10	8.6%	45.6%	0.10	0.10	7.9
0.12	6.3%	51.9%	0.12	0.12	5.8
0.14	4.7%	56.5%	0.14	0.14	4.2
0.16	4.6%	61.2%	0.16	0.16	4.2
0.18	3.5%	64.7%	0.18	0.18	3.1
0.20	4.3%	69.1%	0.20	0.20	3.8
0.25	8.0%	77.1%	0.25	0.25	6.8
0.30	5.6%	82.7%	0.30	0.30	4.6
0.35	4.4%	87.0%	0.35	0.35	3.5
0.40	2.5%	89.5%	0.40	0.40	2.0
0.45	2.5%	92.1%	0.45	0.45	1.9
0.50	1.4%	93.5%	0.50	0.50	1.0
0.75	5.0%	98.5%	0.74	0.74	3.1
1.00	1.0%	99.5%	0.99	0.99	0.5
1.50	0.0%	99.5%	1.49	1.40	0.0
2.00	0.0%	99.5%	1.98	1.40	0.0
3.00	0.5%	100.0%	2.97	1.40	0.1
					87.6
Removal Efficiency Adjustment <sup>2</sup> =					6.5%
Predicted % Annual Rainfall Treated =					93.3%
<b>Predicted Net Annual Load Removal Efficiency =</b>					<b>81.1%</b>

1 - Based on 10 years of hourly precipitation data from NCDC Station 770, Boston WSFO AP, Suffolk County, MA

2 - Reduction due to use of 60-minute data for a site that has a time of concentration less than 30-minutes.



VERIFY PIPE CAPACITY-25 YEAR STORM

Pipe Sizing Calculation Spreadsheet:

THE MORIN-CAMERON GROUP, INC.

66 Elm Ave  
Danvers, MA 01930  
P: (978) 777-8586

W: www.morincameron.com

Proj. No.: 4046  
Location: 501 & 600 Griffin Brook Dr  
Methuen, MA  
Owner: Griffin Brook Drive Owner LLC

Date: 8/29/2024  
Revised: 10/21/2024  
Computed by: Leticia Oliveira  
Checked by: William A. Skuta

Design Parameters:  
IDF Curve  
10 Year Storm 

Boston, MA

  
k<sub>e</sub>= 0.2

DESCRIPTION	LOCATION		AREA (AC.)	C	C x A	SUM C x A	FLOW TIME (MIN)		i*	DESIGN					CAPACITY		PIPE PROFILE				
	FROM	TO					PIPE	CONC. TIME		Q cfs	V fps	n	PIPE SIZE	SLOPE	Q full ft^3/s	V full ft/s	LENGTH ft	FALL ft	RIM	INV UPPER	INV LOWER
CB-1	CB-1	DMH-1	0.08	0.85	0.06	0.06	0.61	6.0	5.7	0.4	2.5	0.01	12	0.008	4.1	5.3	91	0.73	80.30	76.60	75.87
CB-2	CB-2	DMH-1	0.10	0.85	0.08	0.08	0.08	6.0	5.7	0.5	3.7	0.01	12	0.020	6.6	8.3	18	0.36	80.30	76.60	76.24
	DMH-1	DMH-2	-	-	-	0.15	0.47	6.0	5.7	0.8	2.8	0.01	15	0.005	5.9	4.8	79	0.39	81.00	75.77	75.38
CB-3	CB-3	DMH-2	0.09	0.85	0.08	0.08	0.08	6.0	5.7	0.5	3.7	0.01	12	0.020	6.6	8.3	18	0.36	80.30	76.60	76.24
	DMH-2	DMH-14	-	-	-	0.23	0.38	6.0	5.7	1.3	3.3	0.01	12	0.005	3.3	4.2	75	0.38	81.00	75.28	74.90
CB-4	CB-4	DMH-14	0.27	0.89	0.24	0.24	0.03	6.0	5.7	1.4	7.9	0.01	12	0.065	11.8	15.0	15	0.97	81.00	76.60	75.63
	DMH-14	WQU-1	-	-	-	0.47	0.31	6.0	5.7	2.7	4.1	0.01	12	0.005	3.3	4.1	77	0.38	80.50	74.80	74.42
CB-21	CB-21	WQU-1	0.17	0.65	0.11	0.11	0.02	6.0	5.7	0.6	4.4	0.01	12	0.025	7.3	9.3	4	0.10	78.50	74.52	74.42
	WQU-1	P1				0.58	0.09	6.0	5.7	3.3	5.6	0.01	12	0.010	4.7	6.0	31	0.32	78.60	74.32	74.00
CB-6	CB-6	DMH-4	0.13	0.84	0.11	0.11	0.04	6.0	5.7	0.6	4.5	0.01	12	0.030	8.0	10.2	12	0.36	77.90	65.92	65.56
CB-5	CB-5	DMH-4	0.06	0.83	0.05	0.05	0.06	6.0	5.7	0.3	3.4	0.01	12	0.030	8.0	10.2	12	0.36	77.90	66.48	66.12
	DMH-4	DMH-5	-	-	-	0.15	0.02	6.0	5.7	0.9	5.8	0.01	12	0.040	9.3	11.8	7	0.28	77.70	65.36	65.08
CB-7	CB-7	DMH-5	0.21	0.80	0.17	0.17	0.13	6.0	5.7	1.0	4.8	0.01	12	0.020	6.6	8.3	38	0.76	75.30	66.44	65.68
CB-8	CB-8	DMH-5	0.14	0.83	0.12	0.12	0.08	6.0	5.7	0.7	4.3	0.01	12	0.020	6.6	8.3	20	0.40	75.00	65.48	65.08
	DMH-5	DMH-6				0.44	0.26	6.0	5.7	2.5	8.4	0.01	12	0.040	9.3	11.8	129	5.16	74.90	64.88	59.72
CB-9	CB-9	DMH-6	0.15	0.74	0.11	0.11	0.04	6.0	5.7	0.6	4.1	0.01	12	0.020	6.6	8.3	10	0.20	67.90	59.72	59.52
CB-10	CB-10	DMH-6	0.46	0.58	0.26	0.26	0.03	6.0	5.7	1.5	5.7	0.01	12	0.020	6.6	8.3	10	0.20	67.10	59.72	59.52
	DMH-6	WQU-2	-	-	-	0.82	0.03	6.0	5.7	4.7	9.0	0.01	12	0.030	8.0	10.2	17	0.51	67.20	59.22	58.71
	WQU-2	P2	-	-	-	1.19	0.03	6.0	5.7	6.9	10.2	0.01	12	0.030	8.0	10.2	17	0.51	65.00	58.51	58.00
CB-11	CB-11	WQU-3	0.88	0.74	0.65	0.65	0.07	6.0	5.7	3.7	7.3	0.01	12	0.020	6.6	8.3	30	0.60	73.90	65.00	64.40
	WQU-3	P3	-	-	-	0.65	0.02	6.0	5.7	3.7	7.3	0.01	12	0.020	6.6	8.3	10	0.20	74.00	64.20	64.00
CB-12	CB-12	DMH-9	0.39	0.86	0.33	0.33	0.06	6.0	5.7	1.9	6.1	0.01	12	0.020	6.6	8.3	22	0.44	75.10	65.14	64.70
CB-13	CB-13	DMH-9	0.40	0.86	0.34	0.34	0.24	6.1	5.7	1.9	6.1	0.01	12	0.020	6.6	8.3	86	1.72	75.10	66.42	64.70



THE MORIN-CAMERON GROUP, INC.

66 Elm Ave  
Danvers, MA 01930  
P: (978) 777-8586

W: www.morincameron.com

Pipe Sizing Calculation Spreadsheet:

Proj. No.: 4046  
Location: 501 & 600 Griffin Brook Dr  
Methuen. MA  
Owner: Griffin Brook Drive Owner LLC

Date: 8/29/2024  
Revised: 10/21/2024  
Computed by: Leticia Oliveira  
Checked by: William A. Skuta

Design Parameters:  
IDF Curve  
10 Year Storm 

Boston, MA

  
k<sub>e</sub>= 0.2

DESCRIPTION	LOCATION		AREA (AC.)	C	C x A	SUM C x A	FLOW TIME (MIN)		i*	DESIGN					CAPACITY		PIPE PROFILE				
	FROM	TO					PIPE	CONC. TIME		Q cfs	V fps	n	PIPE SIZE	SLOPE	Q full ft^3/s	V full ft/s	LENGTH ft	FALL ft	RIM	INV UPPER	INV LOWER
CB-20	CB-20	DMH-9	0.29	0.70	0.20	0.20	0.18	6.3	5.7	1.1	5.1	0.01	12	0.020	6.6	8.3	56	1.12	72.20	65.67	64.55
	DMH-9	WQU-4	-	-	-	0.88	0.02	6.3	5.7	5.0	7.7	0.01	15	0.019	11.7	9.5	8	0.15	74.00	64.45	64.29
CB-14	CB-14	DMH-10	0.09	0.85	0.08	0.08	0.18	6.3	5.7	0.4	2.3	0.01	12	0.005	3.3	4.2	25	0.13	68.90	64.82	64.70
CB-15	CB-15	DMH-10	0.17	0.78	0.13	0.13	0.16	6.5	5.6	0.7	2.8	0.01	12	0.005	3.3	4.2	26	0.13	68.90	64.83	64.70
	DMH-10	WQU-4	-	-	-	0.21	0.52	6.7	5.6	1.2	3.2	0.01	12	0.005	3.2	4.0	98	0.46	70.10	64.60	64.14
	WQU-4	P3	-	-	-	1.09	0.02	7.2	5.5	6.0	4.9	0.01	18	0.005	9.7	5.5	7	0.03	73.50	64.04	64.00
	OCS-3	DMH-11	-	-	-	-	0.99	6.0	5.7	0.2	2.1	0.01	15	0.020	11.9	9.7	127.0	2.54	72.60	63.90	61.36
	DMH-11	DMH-12	-	-	-	-	1.14	6.0	5.7	0.2	2.1	0.01	15	0.020	11.9	9.7	146.00	2.92	67.90	62.43	59.51
CB-16	CB-16	DMH-12	0.06	0.90	0.05	0.05	0.10	6.0	5.7	0.3	2.5	0.01	12	0.010	4.6	5.9	15.00	0.15	63.10	59.46	59.31
CB-17	CB-17	DMH-12	0.06	0.90	0.05	0.05	0.05	6.0	5.7	0.3	2.5	0.01	12	0.010	4.6	5.9	7.00	0.07	63.10	59.30	59.23
	DMH-12	DMH-13	-	-	-	0.11	0.40	6.0	5.7	0.8	3.4	0.01	15	0.010	8.4	6.8	80.00	0.80	63.20	59.22	58.42
CB-18	CB-18	DMH-13	0.10	0.86	0.09	0.09	0.19	6.0	5.7	0.5	2.5	0.01	12	0.005	3.3	4.2	28.00	0.14	61.40	58.50	58.36
	DMH-13	DMH-E2	-	-	-	-	0.19	6.0	5.7	0.6	2.3	0.01	15	0.004	5.6	4.6	27.00	0.12	61.90	58.34	58.22
CB-19	CB-19	DMH-E1	0.60	0.79	0.47	0.47	0.13	6.0	5.7	1.1	3.6	0.01	12	0.008	4.0	5.1	28.00	0.21	61.60	58.83	58.62

# Weighted Runoff Coefficients "C" for Rational Method

## THE MORIN-CAMERON GROUP, INC.

66 Elm Street  
Danvers, MA 01923  
P: (978) 777-8586  
F: (978) 774-3488  
W: www.morincameron.com

**C' - Coefficients**  
Pervious Soil 0.35  
Impervious 0.9

Description of Area	Area (acres)	Runoff Coefficient	A x C
CB-1			
Pervious	0.007	0.35	0.00
Impervious	0.068	0.90	0.06
Totals =	<b>0.076</b>		0.06

$$\text{Weighted Runoff Coefficient} = \frac{S(AxC)}{SA} = 0.85$$

Description of Area	Area (acres)	Runoff Coefficient	A x C
CB-3			
Pervious	0.009	0.35	0.00
Impervious	0.086	0.90	0.08
Totals =	<b>0.095</b>		0.08

$$\text{Weighted Runoff Coefficient} = \frac{S(AxC)}{SA} = 0.85$$

Description of Area	Area (acres)	Runoff Coefficient	A x C
CB-5			
Pervious	0.007	0.35	0.00
Impervious	0.049	0.90	0.04
Totals =	<b>0.056</b>		0.05

$$\text{Weighted Runoff Coefficient} = \frac{S(AxC)}{SA} = 0.83$$

Description of Area	Area (acres)	Runoff Coefficient	A x C
CB-7			
Pervious	0.039	0.35	0.01
Impervious	0.173	0.90	0.16
Totals =	<b>0.212</b>		0.17

$$\text{Weighted Runoff Coefficient} = \frac{S(AxC)}{SA} = 0.80$$

Description of Area	Area (acres)	Runoff Coefficient	A x C
CB-9			
Pervious	0.046	0.35	0.02
Impervious	0.108	0.90	0.10
Totals =	<b>0.154</b>		0.11

$$\text{Weighted Runoff Coefficient} = \frac{S(AxC)}{SA} = 0.74$$

Description of Area	Area (acres)	Runoff Coefficient	A x C
CB-11			
Pervious	0.250	0.35	0.09
Impervious	0.628	0.90	0.56
Totals =	<b>0.878</b>		0.65

$$\text{Weighted Runoff Coefficient} = \frac{S(AxC)}{SA} = 0.74$$

Description of Area	Area (acres)	Runoff Coefficient	A x C
CB-2			
Pervious	0.009	0.35	0.00
Impervious	0.089	0.90	0.08
plot			
Totals =	<b>0.098</b>		0.08

$$\text{Weighted Runoff Coefficient} = \frac{S(AxC)}{SA} = 0.85$$

Description of Area	Area (acres)	Runoff Coefficient	A x C
CB-4			
Pervious	0.007	0.35	0.00
Impervious	0.262	0.90	0.24
Totals =	<b>0.268</b>		0.24

$$\text{Weighted Runoff Coefficient} = \frac{S(AxC)}{SA} = 0.89$$

Description of Area	Area (acres)	Runoff Coefficient	A x C
CB-6			
Pervious	0.013	0.35	0.00
Impervious	0.114	0.90	0.10
Totals =	<b>0.128</b>		0.11

$$\text{Weighted Runoff Coefficient} = \frac{S(AxC)}{SA} = 0.84$$

Description of Area	Area (acres)	Runoff Coefficient	A x C
CB-8			
Pervious	0.018	0.35	0.01
Impervious	0.122	0.90	0.11
Totals =	<b>0.140</b>		0.12

$$\text{Weighted Runoff Coefficient} = \frac{S(AxC)}{SA} = 0.83$$

Description of Area	Area (acres)	Runoff Coefficient	A x C
CB-10			
Pervious	0.266	0.35	0.09
Impervious	0.190	0.90	0.17
Totals =	<b>0.456</b>		0.26

$$\text{Weighted Runoff Coefficient} = \frac{S(AxC)}{SA} = 0.58$$

Description of Area	Area (acres)	Runoff Coefficient	A x C
CB-12			
Pervious	0.027	0.35	0.01
Impervious	0.361	0.90	0.32
Totals =	<b>0.387</b>		0.33

$$\text{Weighted Runoff Coefficient} = \frac{S(AxC)}{SA} = 0.86$$



Description of Area	Area (acres)	Runoff Coefficient	A x C
CB-13			
Pervious	0.031	0.35	0.01
Impervious	0.366	0.90	0.33
Totals =	<b>0.397</b>		0.34

Weighted Runoff Coefficient =  $S(AxC) / SA = 0.86$

Description of Area	Area (acres)	Runoff Coefficient	A x C
CB-14			
Pervious	0.009	0.35	0.00
Impervious	0.085	0.90	0.08
Totals =	<b>0.094</b>		0.08

Weighted Runoff Coefficient =  $S(AxC) / SA = 0.85$

Description of Area	Area (acres)	Runoff Coefficient	A x C
CB-16			
Pervious		0.35	0.00
Impervious	0.060	0.90	0.05
Totals =	<b>0.060</b>		0.05

Weighted Runoff Coefficient =  $S(AxC) / SA = 0.90$

Description of Area	Area (acres)	Runoff Coefficient	A x C
CB-18			
Pervious	0.007	0.35	0.00
Impervious	0.093	0.90	0.08
Totals =	<b>0.100</b>		0.09

Weighted Runoff Coefficient =  $S(AxC) / SA = 0.86$

Description of Area	Area (acres)	Runoff Coefficient	A x C
CB-21			
Pervious	0.077	0.35	0.03
Impervious	0.093	0.90	0.08
Totals =	<b>0.170</b>		0.11

Weighted Runoff Coefficient =  $S(AxC) / SA = 0.65$

Description of Area	Area (acres)	Runoff Coefficient	A x C
EX			
Pervious	0.410	0.35	0.14
Impervious	1.000	0.90	0.90
Totals =	<b>1.410</b>		1.04

Weighted Runoff Coefficient =  $S(AxC) / SA = 0.74$

Description of Area	Area (acres)	Runoff Coefficient	A x C
CB-15			
Pervious	0.037	0.35	0.01
Impervious	0.132	0.90	0.12
Totals =	<b>0.170</b>		0.13

Weighted Runoff Coefficient =  $S(AxC) / SA = 0.78$

Description of Area	Area (acres)	Runoff Coefficient	A x C
CB-17			
Pervious		0.35	0.00
Impervious	0.059	0.90	0.05
Totals =	<b>0.059</b>		0.05

Weighted Runoff Coefficient =  $S(AxC) / SA = 0.90$

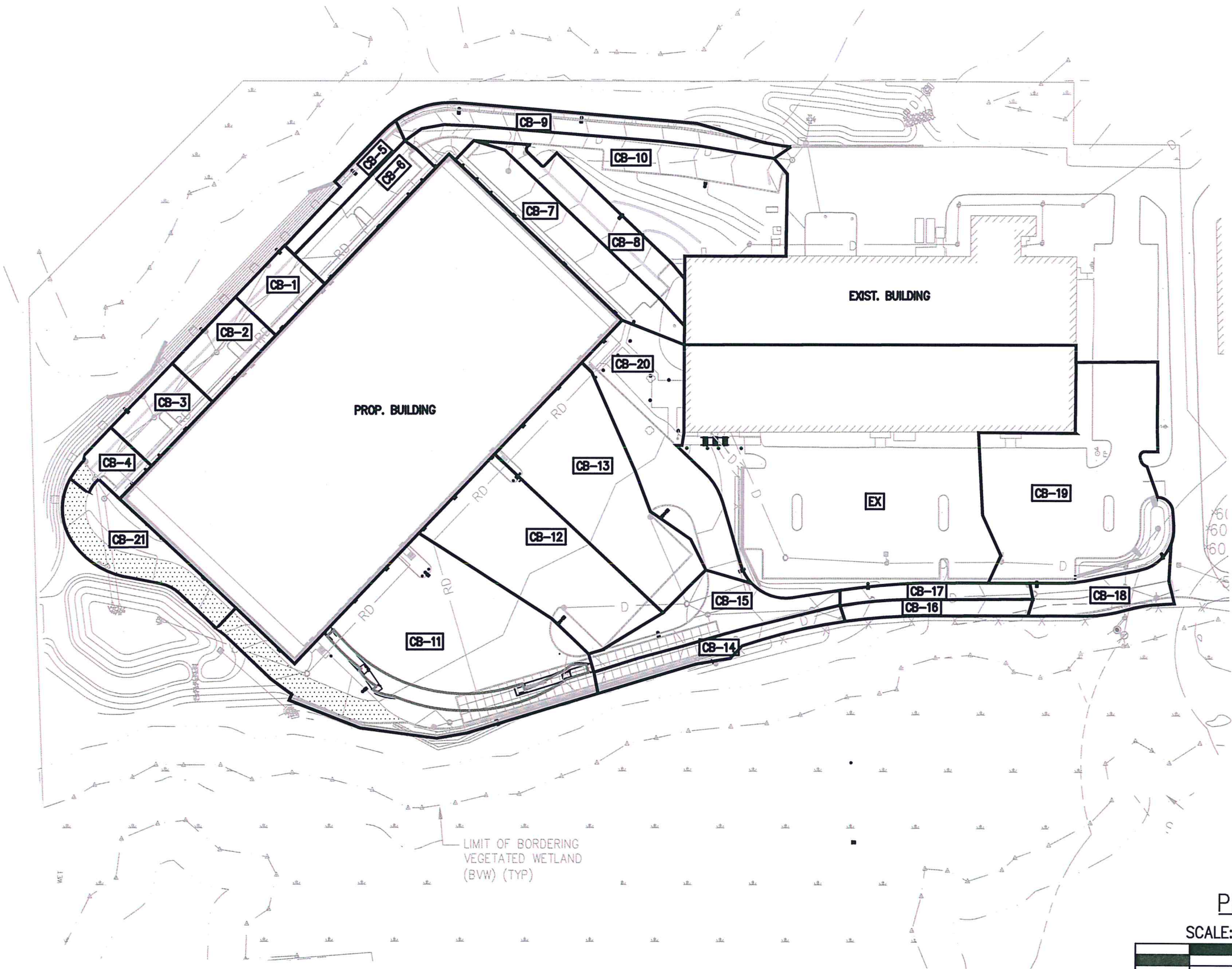
Description of Area	Area (acres)	Runoff Coefficient	A x C
CB-20			
Pervious	0.106	0.35	0.04
Impervious	0.183	0.90	0.16
Totals =	<b>0.289</b>		0.20

Weighted Runoff Coefficient =  $S(AxC) / SA = 0.70$

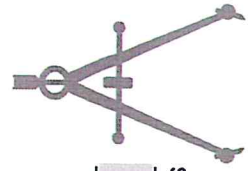
Description of Area	Area (acres)	Runoff Coefficient	A x C
CB-19			
Pervious	0.125	0.35	0.04
Impervious	0.476	0.90	0.43
Totals =	<b>0.601</b>		0.47

Weighted Runoff Coefficient =  $S(AxC) / SA = 0.79$





SCHEDULE OF AREAS (ACRES)			
	PERVIOUS	IMPERVIOUS	TOTAL
CB-1	0.007	0.068	0.08
CB-2	0.009	0.089	0.10
CB-3	0.009	0.086	0.09
CB-4	0.007	0.269	0.28
CB-5	0.007	0.049	0.06
CB-6	0.013	0.114	0.13
CB-7	0.039	0.173	0.21
CB-8	0.018	0.122	0.14
CB-9	0.046	0.108	0.15
CB-10	0.266	0.190	0.46
CB-11	0.250	0.628	0.88
CB-12	0.027	0.361	0.39
CB-13	0.031	0.366	0.40
CB-14	0.009	0.085	0.09
CB-15	0.037	0.132	0.17
CB-16	0.000	0.060	0.06
CB-17	0.000	0.059	0.06
CB-18	0.007	0.093	0.10
CB-19	0.125	0.476	0.60
CB-20	0.106	0.183	0.29
CB-21	0.077	0.093	0.17



The  
**Morin-Cameron**  
**GROUP, INC.**  
CIVIL ENGINEERS | ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTANTS  
LAND SURVEYORS | LAND USE PLANNERS  
66 ELM STREET, DANVERS, MASSACHUSETTS 01923  
P: 978-777-8586, W: WWW.MORINCAMERON.COM

DATE: 08-30-2024  
REVISED: 10-22-2024  
SCALE: 1" = 100'

**RATIONAL METHOD AREAS PLAN**

AT:  
**501 & 600 GRIFFIN BROOK DR**  
**METHUEN, MASSACHUSETTS**  
PREPARED FOR  
**GRIFFIN BROOK DRIVE OWNER LLC**

Reference: Federal Highway Administration, Hydraulic Engineering Circular No. 14, Third Edition (HEC-14), Hydraulic Design for Culverts and Channels, Publication No. FHWA-NHI-06-086, July 2006

Outlet	Pipe Diameter (D, INCH)	Pipe Diameter (D, ft)	Design discharge (Q, cfs)	Tailwater depth (TW)(=0.4D)	Acceleration due to gravity (g, ft/s <sup>2</sup> )	Yn	D'	D <sub>50</sub> (MIN) (ft)	D <sub>50</sub> (MIN) (in)	D <sub>50</sub> (SELECTED) (in)	Class	Apron Length (ft)	Apron Depth (ft)	Apron Width (ft)
HW-1	18	1.5	0.2	0.6	32.2	0.170	0.835	0.00	1	5	1	6.0	0.3	8
HW-2	12	1	0.6	0.4	32.2	0.325	0.663	0.04	1	5	1	4.0	0.2	5.4

CLASS	D <sub>50</sub> (in)	Apron Length	Apron Depth
1	5	4D	3.5D50
2	6	4D	3.3D50
3	10	5D	2.4D50
4	14	6D	2.2D50

Equations:

$$D_{50} = 0.2D \left( \frac{Q}{D^{2.5} \sqrt{g}} \right)^{\frac{4}{3}} (D/TW)$$

Supercritical Flow  $D' = (D + yn)/2$

$$y_n = 0.42 [(Q \wedge 1/2)/(D \wedge 1/4)]$$



Input Values

R	4.8200
Sy	0.250
K	48.20
x	124.000
y	12.000
t	1.030
hi(0)	219.000

R  
Sy  
K  
x  
y  
t  
hi(0)

use consistent units (e.g. feet & days or inches & hours)

Conversion Table

Inch/hour	feet/day
0.67	1.33

P3

Recharge (infiltration) rate (feet/day)  
Specific yield, Sy (dimensionless, between 0 and 1)  
Horizontal hydraulic conductivity, Kh (feet/day)\*

2.41

4.82

1/2 length of basin (x direction, in feet)

hours

days

In the report accompanying this spreadsheet (USGS SIR 2010-5102), vertical soil permeability (ft/d) is assumed to be one-tenth horizontal

1/2 width of basin (y direction, in feet)

hours

days

(ft/d) is assumed to be one-tenth horizontal

duration of infiltration period (days)

hours

days

1.03 hydraulic conductivity (ft/d).

initial thickness of saturated zone (feet)

h(max)	219.805
Δh(max)	0.805

h(max)  
Δh(max)

Ground- Distance from

water center of basin

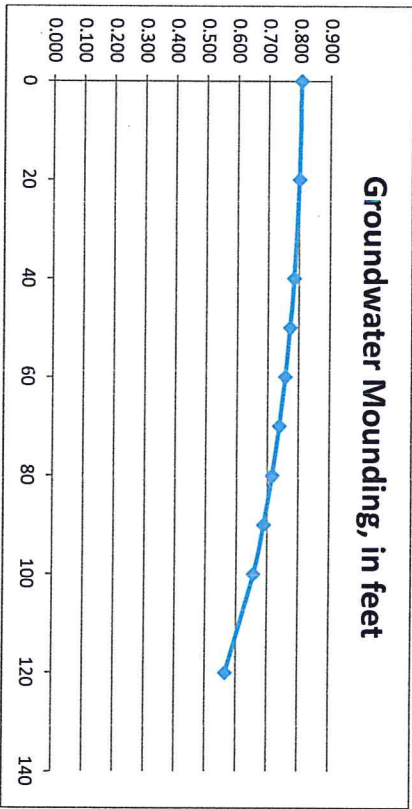
Mounding, in in x direction, in

feet feet

0.805	0
0.800	20
0.784	40
0.772	50
0.757	60
0.738	70
0.716	80
0.689	90
0.656	100
0.566	120

Re-Calculate Now

Groundwater Mounding, in feet



Disclaimer

This spreadsheet solving the Hantush (1967) equation for ground-water mounding beneath an infiltration basin is made available to the general public as a convenience for those wishing to replicate values documented in the USGS Scientific Investigations Report 2010-5102 "Groundwater mounding beneath hypothetical stormwater infiltration basins" or to calculate values based on user-specified site conditions. Any changes made to the spreadsheet (other than values identified as user-specified) after transmission from the USGS could have unintended, undesirable consequences. These consequences could include, but may not be limited to: erroneous output, numerical instabilities, and violations of underlying assumptions that are inherent in results presented in the accompanying USGS published report. The USGS assumes no responsibility for the consequences of any changes made to the spreadsheet. If changes are made to the spreadsheet, the user is responsible for documenting the changes and justifying the results and conclusions.

**MassDEP**

Well Completion Report ID: 296510

eDEP Transmittal Number:

**WELL LOCATION**

GPS North: 42.687860      GPS West: -71.241758      Assessors Map:  
Address: 78 Wheeler Street      Assessors Lot:  
Sub Division: Well #77      Permit Number:  
City/Town: METHUEN      Date Issued:  
Board Of Health Permit Obtained: NR

**Work Performed**

New Well

**Well Type**

Domestic

**Drilling Method Overburden****Drilling Method Bedrock****ADDITIONAL WELL INFORMATION**

Developed:  
Disinfected:  
Total Well Depth: 155.00  
Fracture Enhancement:  
Well Seal Type:  
Depth to Bedrock: 16.00

**PERMANENT PUMP (IF AVAILABLE)**

Pump Description:  
Type:  
Nominal Pump Capacity:  
Intake Depth:  
Horsepower:  
Comments: Well is located 12' from front left corner of the house, 100' from pavement. Well type listed as "drilled."

**CASING**

From(ft)	To(ft)	Type	Thickness	Diameter
				6

**SCREEN**

From(ft)	To(ft)	Type	slotsize	Diameter
----------	--------	------	----------	----------

**WELL SEAL / FILTER PACK / ABANDONMENT MATERIAL**

From(ft)	To(ft)	Material Description	Purpose
----------	--------	----------------------	---------

**STATIC WATER LEVEL(ALL WELLS)**

Date Measured	Depth Below Ground Surface
08/31/1963	8.00

**WELL TEST DATA (ALL SECTIONS MANDATORY FOR PRODUCTION WELLS)**

Date	Method	Yield(GPM)	Time Pumped (hrs & min)	Pumping Level (Ft. BGS)	Time To Recover (Hrs & min)	Recovery
08/31/1963		7.00	3:00	18		

**OVER BURDEN**

From(ft)	To(ft)	Lithology	Color	Comment	Water Zone	Loss / Add of Fluid	Drill Stem Drop	Drill Rate
0.00	16.00			Overburden	No			

**BEDROCK**

From(ft)	To(ft)	Lithology	Comment	Water Zone	Drill Stem Drop	Extra Large	Drill Rate	Rust Stain	Loss / Add Of Fluid	# of Fract Per Ft
16	116		Rock	No						
116	155		Rock	No						

**MassDEP**

Well Completion Report ID: 11403

eDEP Transmittal Number:

**WELL LOCATION**

GPS North: 42.696428

GPS West: -71.226326

Assessors Map:

Address: Lowell Road

Assessors Lot:

Sub Division:

Permit Number:

City/Town: METHUEN

Date Issued:

Board Of Health Permit Obtained: NR

**Work Performed****Well Type****Drilling Method Overburden****Drilling Method Bedrock**

New Well

Domestic

Air Rotary

Air Hammer

**ADDITIONAL WELL INFORMATION**

Developed:

Disinfected:

Total Well Depth: 240.00

Fracture Enhancement:

Well Seal Type: None

Depth to Bedrock: 5.00

**PERMANENT PUMP (IF AVAILABLE)**

Pump Description:

Type:

Nominal Pump Capacity:

Intake Depth:

Horsepower:

Comments: Well located 200' South of Lowell Road, .3mi West of Route 110. Driller listed Bedrock Lithology as "hard/grey". Driveshoe well seal used.

**CASING**

From(ft)	To(ft)	Type	Thickness	Diameter
0.00	20.00	Steel	Schedule 40	6

**SCREEN**

From(ft)	To(ft)	Type	slotsize	Diameter
----------	--------	------	----------	----------

**WELL SEAL / FILTER PACK / ABANDONMENT MATERIAL**

From(ft)	To(ft)	Material Description	Purpose
----------	--------	----------------------	---------

**STATIC WATER LEVEL(ALL WELLS)**

Date Measured	Depth Below Ground Surface
09/02/2000	10.00

**WELL TEST DATA (ALL SECTIONS MANDATORY FOR PRODUCTION WELLS)**

Date	Method	Yield(GPM)	Time Pumped (hrs & min)	Pumping Level (Ft. BGS)	Time To Recover (Hrs & min)	Recovery
09/02/2000	Air Blow with Drill Stem	25.00	004:00	240	001:00	240

**OVER BURDEN**

From(ft)	To(ft)	Lithology	Color	Comment	Water Zone	Loss / Add of Fluid	Drill Stem Drop	Drill Rate
0.00	5.00	Clay			No			

**BEDROCK**

From(ft)	To(ft)	Lithology	Comment	Water Zone	Drill Stem Drop	Extra Large	Drill Rate	Rust Stain	Loss / Add Of Fluid	# of Fract Per Ft
5	105		hard grey rock	No						
105	200		hard grey rock	No						
200	220		hard grey rock	Yes						
220	240		hard grey rock	No						



**MassDEP**

Well Completion Report ID: 296426

eDEP Transmittal Number:

**WELL LOCATION**

GPS North: 42.696264

GPS West: -71.243260

Assessors Map:

Address: 203 Wheeler Street

Assessors Lot:

Sub Division:

Permit Number:

City/Town: METHUEN

Date Issued:

Board Of Health Permit Obtained: NR

**Work Performed****Well Type****Drilling Method Overburden****Drilling Method Bedrock**

Deepen

Domestic

Air Rotary

**ADDITIONAL WELL INFORMATION**

Developed:

Disinfected:

Total Well Depth: 350.00

Fracture Enhancement:

Well Seal Type:

Depth to Bedrock:

**PERMANENT PUMP (IF AVAILABLE)**

Pump Description:

Type:

Nominal Pump Capacity:

Intake Depth:

Horsepower:

Comments: Chemical and Biological water quality tests made.

**CASING**

From(ft)	To(ft)	Type	Thickness	Diameter
----------	--------	------	-----------	----------

**SCREEN**

From(ft)	To(ft)	Type	slotsize	Diameter
----------	--------	------	----------	----------

**WELL SEAL / FILTER PACK / ABANDONMENT MATERIAL**

From(ft)	To(ft)	Material Description	Purpose
----------	--------	----------------------	---------

**STATIC WATER LEVEL(ALL WELLS)**

Date Measured	Depth Below Ground Surface
07/14/1993	30.00

**WELL TEST DATA (ALL SECTIONS MANDATORY FOR PRODUCTION WELLS)**

Date	Method	Yield(GPM)	Time Pumped (hrs & min)	Pumping Level (Ft. BGS)	Time To Recover (Hrs & min)	Recovery
07/14/1993	Air Blow with Drill Stem	2.00	4:00	350	4:00	30

**OVER BURDEN**

From(ft)	To(ft)	Lithology	Color	Comment	Water Zone	Loss / Add of Fluid	Drill Stem Drop	Drill Rate
----------	--------	-----------	-------	---------	------------	------------------------	--------------------	------------

**BEDROCK**

From(ft)	To(ft)	Lithology	Comment	Water Zone	Drill Stem Drop	Extra Large	Drill Rate	Rust Stain	Loss / Add Of Fluid	# of Fract Per Ft
250	340	Granite		No						
340	341	Granite	Grey	Yes						
341	350	Granite		No						

# MassDEP

Well Completion Report ID: 296284

eDEP Transmittal Number:

## WELL LOCATION

GPS North: 42.700614

GPS West: -71.243799

Assessors Map:

Address: 243 North Lowell Street

Assessors Lot:

Sub Division:

Permit Number:

City/Town: METHUEN

Date Issued:

Board Of Health Permit Obtained: NR

## Work Performed

New Well

## Well Type

Domestic

## Drilling Method Overburden

Air Rotary

## Drilling Method Bedrock

Air Rotary

## ADDITIONAL WELL INFORMATION

Developed:

Disinfected:

Total Well Depth: 240.00

Fracture Enhancement:

Well Seal Type: Cement/Bentonite

Depth to Bedrock: 60.00

## PERMANENT PUMP (IF AVAILABLE)

Pump Description:

Type:

Nominal Pump Capacity:

Intake Depth:

Horsepower:

Comments: Well is located 400' North of North Lowell Street, .3 miles West of Wheeler Street. Protective well seal="drive shoe." Casing length into bedrock 20'.

## CASING

From(ft)	To(ft)	Type	Thickness	Diameter
0.00	80.00	Steel		6

## SCREEN

From(ft)	To(ft)	Type	slotsize	Diameter
----------	--------	------	----------	----------

## WELL SEAL / FILTER PACK / ABANDONMENT MATERIAL

From(ft)	To(ft)	Material Description	Purpose
----------	--------	----------------------	---------

## STATIC WATER LEVEL(ALL WELLS)

Date Measured	Depth Below Ground Surface
01/20/1998	10.00

## WELL TEST DATA (ALL SECTIONS MANDATORY FOR PRODUCTION WELLS)

Date	Method	Yield(GPM)	Time Pumped (hrs & min)	Pumping Level (Ft. BGS)	Time To Recover (Hrs & min)	Recovery
01/20/1998	Constant Rate Pump	8.00	7:00	190	12:00	10

## OVER BURDEN

From(ft)	To(ft)	Lithology	Color	Comment	Water Zone	Loss / Add of Fluid	Drill Stem Drop	Drill Rate
0.00	20.00	Clay		& Sand	No			
20.00	40.00	Clay		& Sand	No			
40.00	60.00	Clay		& Sand	No			

## BEDROCK



From(ft)	To(ft)	Lithology	Comment	Water Zone	Drill Stem Drop	Extra Large	Drill Rate	Rust Stain	Loss / Add Of Fluid	# of Fract Per Ft
60	160		Rock	No						
160	200		Rock	No						
200	210	Granite		Yes						
210	240		Rock	No						



# Reference Well Sketch

Approximate well locations sourced from MassDEP Well Database (<https://eeasonline.eea.state.ma.us/portal#/search/welldrilling>)

**Legend**

-  Feature 1
-  Hickory Hill Golf Course





**APPENDIX E:**  
**CONSTRUCTION PHASE**  
**BEST MANAGEMENT**  
**PRACTICES**

### **Construction Phase Best Management Practices (BMP's)**

Erosion and Sedimentation will be controlled at the site by utilizing Structural Practices, Stabilization Practices, and Dust Control. These practices correspond with plans entitled "Site Plan of Land" in Methuen, Massachusetts, 501 & 600 Griffin Brook Drive prepared by The Morin-Cameron Group, Inc. dated September 3, 2024, revised on October 22, 2024 as revised and approved by the City of Methuen, hereinafter referred to as the Site Plans.

#### **Responsible Party Contact Information:**

Stormwater Management System Owner:

Griffin Brook Drive Owner LLC  
55 Cambridge Street  
Burlington, MA 01803

Methuen Department of Public Services:

DPW Division Management  
10 Ditson Place, Suite 100  
Methuen, MA 01844  
P: (978) 983-8545

Methuen Planning Division:

Searles Building  
41 Pleasant Street  
Methuen, MA 01960  
P: (978) 983-8560

Methuen Conservation Commission:

Searles Building  
41 Pleasant Street  
Methuen, MA 01960  
P: (978) 983-8650

#### **Site Design Engineer Information:**

The Morin-Cameron Group, Inc.  
66 Elm Street  
Danvers, MA 01923  
Phone: (978) 777-8586



## **Structural Practices:**

- 1) **Silt Fence & Silt Sock** – A siltation fence and sock barrier shall be installed in accordance with the approved plans where high rates of stormwater runoff are anticipated.
  - a) Installation Schedule: Prior to Start of land disturbance
  - a) Maintenance and Inspection: The site supervisor shall inspect the barrier at least once per week or after a storm event (0.25 inches of rainfall within a twenty-four-hour period) and shall repair any damaged or affected areas of the barrier at the time they are noted. Remove sediment deposits promptly after storm events to provide adequate storage volume for the next rain and to reduce pressure on the barrier. Sediment will be removed from in front of the barrier when it becomes about 4" deep at the barrier. Take care to avoid undermining the barrier during cleanout.
- 2) **Inlet Protection** – Inlet Protection will be utilized around the catch basin grates in the street layout in the closest down gradient structure and existing onsite catch basins. The inlet protection will allow the storm drain inlets to be used before final stabilization. This structural practice will allow early use of the drainage system. Siltsack or equivalent will be utilized for the inlet protection. Siltsack is manufactured by ACF Environmental. The telephone number is 800-448-3636. Regular flow siltsack will be utilized, and if it does not allow enough storm water flow, hi-flow siltsack will be utilized.

### **Silt Sack (or equivalent) Inlet Protection Inspection/Maintenance Requirements \***

- a) The silt sack trapping devices and the catch basins should be inspected after every rain storm and repairs made as necessary.
- b) Sediment should be removed from the silt sack after the sediment has reached a maximum depth of one-half the depth of the trap.
- c) Sediment should be disposed of in a suitable area and protected from erosion by either structural or vegetative means. Sediment material removed shall be disposed of in accordance with all applicable local, state, and federal regulations.
- d) The silt sack must be replaced if it is ripped or torn in any way.
- e) Temporary traps should be removed and the area repaired as soon as the contributing drainage area to the inlet has been completely stabilized.

- 3) **Sediment Track-Out:** The site supervisor will inspect and ensure that sediment is not tracked into the roadway. If tracking onto the roadway is noted, it shall be removed immediately via by hand or a mechanical street sweeper. Stabilized Construction Exits will be installed at all construction entrances to the site to prevent trucks from tracking material onto the road from the construction site. If, at any point during the project, the tracking pad becomes ineffective due to accumulation of soil, the crushed stone and sediment shall be removed and shall be replaced with new crushed stone. Details for construction of the stabilized entrance can be found on the Site Plans. The site supervisor will inspect the tracking pads weekly to ensure that they are properly limiting the tracking of soil onto the road. If tracking onto the roadway is noted, it shall be removed immediately via by hand or a mechanical street sweeper.

### **Stabilization Practices:**

Stabilization measures shall be implemented as soon as practicable in portions of the site where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased, but in no case more than 14 days after the construction activity in that portion of the site has temporarily or permanently ceased, with the following exceptions.

- Where the initiation of stabilization measures by the 14<sup>th</sup> day after construction activity temporary or permanently cease is precluded by snow cover, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable.
  - Where construction activity will resume on a portion of the site within 21 days from when activities ceased, (e.g. the total time period that construction activity is temporarily ceased is less than 21 days) then stabilization measures do not have to be initiated on that portion of the site by the 14<sup>th</sup> day after construction activity temporarily ceased.
- 1) **Temporary Seeding** – Temporary seeding will allow a short-term vegetative cover on disturbed site areas that may be in danger of erosion. Temporary seeding will be done at stock piles and disturbed portions of the site where construction activity will temporarily cease for at least 21 days. The temporary seeding will stabilize cleared and unvegetated areas that will not be brought into final grade for several weeks or months.

### **Temporary Seeding Planting Procedures \***

- a) Planting should preferably be done between April 1<sup>st</sup> and June 30<sup>th</sup>, and September 1<sup>st</sup> through September 31<sup>st</sup>. If planting is done in the months of July and August, irrigation may be required. If planting is done between October 1<sup>st</sup> and March 31<sup>st</sup>, mulching shall be applied immediately after planting.
- b) Before seeding, install structural practice controls. Utilize Amoco supergro or equivalent.
- c) Select the appropriate seed species for temporary cover from the following table.



Species	Seeding Rate (lbs./1,000 sq.)	Seeding Rate (lbs./acre)	Recommended Seeding Dates	Seed Cover required
Annual Ryegrass	1	40	April 1 <sup>st</sup> to June 1 <sup>st</sup> August 15 <sup>th</sup> to Sept. 15 <sup>th</sup>	¼ inch
Foxtail Millet	0.7	30	May 1 <sup>st</sup> to June 30 <sup>th</sup>	½ to ¾ inch
Oats	2	80	April 1 <sup>st</sup> to July 1 <sup>st</sup> August 15 <sup>th</sup> to Sept. 15 <sup>th</sup>	1 to 1-½ inch
Winter Rye	3	120	August 15 <sup>th</sup> to Oct. 15 <sup>th</sup>	1 to 1-½ inch

Apply the seed uniformly by hydroseeding, broadcasting, or by hand.

- d) Use effective mulch, such as clean grain straw; tacked and/or tied with netting to protect seedbed and encourage plant growth.

Temporary Seeding Inspection/Maintenance \*

- a) Inspect within 6 weeks of planting to see if stands are adequate. Check for damage within 24 hours of the end to a heavy rainfall, defined as a 2-year storm event (i.e., 3.30 inches of rainfall within a twenty-four-hour period). Stands should be uniform and dense. Reseed and mulch damaged and sparse areas immediately. Tack or tie down mulch as necessary.
- b) Seeds should be supplied with adequate moisture. Furnish water as needed, especially in abnormally hot or dry weather. Water application rates should be controlled to prevent runoff.
- 2) **Geotextiles** - Geotextiles such as jute netting will be used in combination with other practices such as mulching to stabilize steep slopes. The following geotextile materials or equivalent are to be utilized for structural and nonstructural controls as shown in the following table.

Practice	Manufacturer	Product	Remarks
Sediment Fence	Amoco	Woven polypropylene 1198 or equivalent	0.425 mm opening
Construction Entrance	Amoco	Woven polypropylene 2002 or equivalent	0.300 mm opening
Outlet Protection	Amoco	Nonwoven polypropylene 4551 or equivalent	0.150 mm opening
Erosion Control (slope stability)	Amoco	Supergro or equivalent	Erosion control revegetation mix, open polypropylene fiber on degradable polypropylene net scrim

Amoco may be reached at (800) 445-7732

Geotextile Installation

- a) Netting and matting require firm, continuous contact between the materials and the soil. If there is no contact, the material will not hold the soil and erosion will occur underneath the material.

#### Geotextile Inspection/Maintenance \*

- a) In the field, regular inspections should be made to check for cracks, tears, or breaches in the fabric. Appropriate repairs should be made when necessary.
- 3) **Mulching and Netting** – Mulching will provide immediate protection to exposed soils during the period of short construction delays, or over winter months through the application of plant residues, or other suitable materials, to exposed soil areas. In areas, which have been seeded either for temporary or permanent cover, mulching should immediately follow seeding. On steep slopes, mulch must be supplemented with netting. The preferred mulching material is straw.

#### Mulch (Straw) Materials and Installation

- a) Straw has been found to be one of the most effective organic mulch materials. The specifications for straw are described below, but other material may be appropriate. The straw should be air-dried; free of undesirable seeds & coarse materials. The application rate per 1,000 sq. is 90-100 lbs. (2-3 bales) and the application rate per acre is 2 tons (100-120 bales). The application should cover about 90% of the surface. The use of straw mulch is appropriate where mulch is maintained for more than three months. Straw mulch is subject to wind blowing unless anchored, is the most commonly used mulching material and has the best microenvironment for germinating seeds.

#### Mulch Maintenance \*

- a) Inspect after rainstorms to check for movement of mulch or erosion. If washout, breakage, or erosion occurs, repair surface, reseed, remulch, and install new netting as necessary.
  - b) Straw or grass mulches that blow or wash away should be repaired promptly.
  - c) If netting is used to anchor mulch, care should be taken during initial mowing to keep the mower height high to not damage the netting. After a period of time, the netting degrades and will become less of a problem.
  - d) Continue inspections until vegetation is well established.
- 4) **Land Grading** – Grading on fill slopes, cut slopes, and stockpile areas will be done with full siltation controls in place.

#### Land Grading Design/Installation Requirements

- a) Areas to be graded should be cleared and grubbed of all timber, logs, brush, rubbish, and vegetated matter that will interfere with the grading operation.



Topsoil should be stripped and stockpiled for use on critical disturbed areas for establishment of vegetation. Cut slopes to be topsoiled should be thoroughly scarified to a minimum depth of 3-inches prior to placement of topsoil.

- b) Fill materials should be free of brush, rubbish, rocks, and stumps. Frozen materials or soft and easily compressible materials should not be used in fills intended to support buildings, parking lots, roads, conduits, or other structures.
- c) Earth fill intended to support structural measures should be compacted to a minimum of 95 percent of Standard Proctor Test density with proper moisture control, or as otherwise specified by the engineer responsible for material installation inspections. Compaction of other fills should be to the density required to control sloughing, erosion or excessive moisture content. Maximum thickness of fill layers prior to compaction should not exceed 9 inch lifts.
- d) The uppermost one foot of fill slopes should be compacted to at least 85 percent of the maximum unit weight (based on the modified AASHTO compaction test). This is accomplished by running appropriate compaction equipment over the fill.
- e) Fill should consist of material from borrow areas and excess cut that is stockpiled on site. All disturbed areas should be free draining, left with a neat and finished appearance, and should be protected from erosion.

#### Land Grading Stabilization Inspection/Maintenance \*

- a) All slopes should be checked periodically to see that vegetation is in good condition. Any rills or damage from erosion and animal burrowing should be repaired immediately to avoid further damage.
  - b) If seepage develop on the slopes, the area should be evaluated to determine if the seepage will cause an unstable condition. Subsurface drains or a gravel mulch may be required to alleviate excessive seepage.
  - c) Areas requiring revegetation should be repaired immediately. Control undesirable vegetation such as weeds and woody growth to avoid bank stability problems in the future.
- 5) **Topsoiling \*** – Topsoiling will help establish vegetation on all disturbed areas throughout the site during the seeding process. The soil texture of the topsoil to be used shall be a sandy loam to silt loam texture with 15% to 20% organic content.

#### Topsoiling Placement

- a) Topsoil should not be placed while in a frozen or muddy condition, when the subgrade is excessively wet, or when conditions exist that may otherwise be detrimental to proper grading or proposed seeding.
- b) Do not place topsoil on slopes steeper than 2:1 without additional structural practices implemented, as it will tend to erode.

- c) If topsoil and subsoil are not properly bonded, water will not infiltrate the soil profile evenly and it will be difficult to establish vegetation. The best method is to work the topsoil into the layer below for a depth of at least 3 inches.
- 6) **Permanent Seeding** – Permanent Seeding shall be done immediately after the final design grades are achieved. Native species of plants should be used to establish perennial vegetative cover on disturbed areas. The revegetation should be done early enough in the fall so that a good cover is established before cold weather comes and growth stops until the spring. A good cover is defined as vegetation covering 75 percent or more of the ground surface.

#### Permanent Seeding Seedbed Preparation

- a) In infertile or coarse-textured subsoil, it is best to stockpile topsoil and re-spread it over the finished slope at a minimum 3 to 6-inch depth and roll it to provide a firm seedbed. The topsoil must have a sandy loam to silt loam texture with 15% to 20% organic content. If construction fill operations have left soil exposed with a loose, rough, or irregular surface, smooth with blade and roll.
- b) Loosen the soil to a depth of 3-5 inches with suitable agricultural or construction equipment.
- c) Areas not to receive topsoil shall be treated to firm the seedbed after incorporation of the lime and fertilizer so that it is depressed no more than ½ - 1 inch when stepped on. Areas to receive topsoil shall not be firmed until after topsoiling and lime and fertilizer is applied and incorporated, at which time it shall be treated to firm the seedbed as described above.

#### Permanent Seeding Grass Selection/Application

- a) Select an appropriate cool or warm season grass based on site conditions and seeding date. Apply the seed uniformly by hydro-seeding, broadcasting, or by hand. Uniform seed distribution is essential. On steep slopes, hydroseeding may be the most effective seeding method. Surface roughening is particularly important when preparing slopes for hydroseeding.
- b) Lime and fertilize. Organic fertilizer shall be utilized in areas within the 100-foot buffer zone to a wetland resource area.
- c) Mulch the seedlings with straw applied at the rate of ½ tons per acre. Anchor the mulch with erosion control netting or fabric on sloping areas. Amoco supergro or equivalent should be utilized.

#### Permanent Seeding Inspection/Maintenance \*

- a) Frequently inspect seeded areas for failure and make necessary repairs and reseed immediately. Conduct or follow-up survey after one year and replace failed plants where necessary.



- b) If vegetative cover is inadequate to prevent rill erosion, overseed and fertilize in accordance with soil test results.
- c) If a stand has less than 40% cover, reevaluate choice of plant materials and quantities of lime and fertilizer. Re-establish the stand following seedbed preparation and seeding recommendations, omitting lime and fertilizer in the absence of soil test results. If the season prevents resowing, mulch or jute netting shall be installed as an effective temporary cover.
- d) Seeded areas should be fertilized during the second growing season. Lime and fertilize thereafter at periodic intervals, as needed. Organic fertilizer shall be utilized in areas within the 100-foot buffer zone to a wetland resource area.

#### **Dust Control:**

Dust control will be utilized throughout the entire construction process of the site. For example, keeping disturbed surfaces moist during windy periods will be an effective control measure, especially for construction access roads. The use of dust control will prevent the movement of soil to offsite areas. However, care must be taken to not create runoff from excessive use of water to control dust. The following are methods of Dust Control that may be used on-site:

- Vegetative Cover – The most practical method for disturbed areas not subject to traffic.
- Calcium Chloride – Calcium chloride may be applied by mechanical spreader as loose, dry granules or flakes at a rate that keeps the surface moist but not so high as to cause water pollution or plant damage.
- Sprinkling – The site may be sprinkled until the surface is wet. Sprinkling will be effective for dust control on haul roads and other traffic routes.
- Stone – Stone will be used to stabilize construction roads and will provide dust control.

The site supervisor shall employ an on-site water vehicle for the control of dust as necessary.

#### **De-Watering Practices:**

- De-watering is anticipated at the job site. If necessary, dewatering practices shall conform to the following guidelines:
  - Any water that is pumped and discharged from a trench and/or excavation shall be filtered by an approved method prior to its discharge into a receiving water or drainage system.
  - Under no circumstances shall the Contractor discharge water directly to wetland resource areas. When constructing near a wetland resource area, the Contractor shall discharge uncontaminated water from dewatering

operations directly to the nearest drainage system, stream, or waterway after filtering by an approved method.

- o The pumped water shall be filtered through either: bailed straw, a vegetative filter strip, a vegetative channel, dewatering bag or a mechanical tank system to trap sediment occurring as a result of the construction operations. Vegetated channels, if utilized shall be constructed such that the discharge flow rate shall not exceed a velocity of more than 1 foot per second. Accumulated sediment shall be cleared from the channel periodically.

Sediment material removed shall be disposed of in accordance with all applicable local, state, and federal regulations.

The developer and site general contractor will comply with the E.P.A.'s Final General Permit for Construction De-watering Discharges, (N.P.D.E.S., Section 402 and 40 C.F.R. 122.26(b) (14) (x).

### **Inspection/Maintenance:**

Operator personnel must inspect the construction site at least once every 14 calendar days and within 24 hours of a storm event of ½-inch or greater. The applicant shall be responsible to secure the services of a design professional or similar professional (inspector) on an on-going basis throughout all phases of the project. Refer to the Inspection/Maintenance Requirements presented earlier in the "Structural and Stabilization Practices." The inspector should review the erosion and sediment controls with respect to the following:

- Whether or not the measure was installed/performed correctly.
- Whether or not there has been damage to the measure since it was installed or performed.
- What should be done to correct any problems with the measure.

The inspector should document the findings and should request the required maintenance or repair for the pollution prevention measures when the inspector finds that it is necessary for the measure to be effective. The inspector should notify the appropriate person to make the required changes.

It is essential that the inspector document the inspection of the pollution prevention measures. These records will be used to request maintenance and repair and to prove that the inspection and maintenance were performed. The forms list each of the measures to be inspected on the site, the inspector's name, the date of the inspection, the condition of the measure/area inspected, maintenance or repair performed and any changes which should be made to the Operation and Maintenance Plan to control or eliminate unforeseen pollution of storm water.

### **Spill Prevention and Response:**

The site supervisor or their representative shall be present on the job site at all times during the course of work and shall be present during the delivery, removal of any liquid/chemical materials to or from the job site. They will also be present during any refueling practices. All subcontractors will be notified of their responsibilities in writing.



In the event a spill occurs, the site supervisor shall be notified immediately. The site supervisor shall have in place a spill prevention plan and resources to contain and clean up any potential spills in a timely manner.

#### **Fueling and Maintenance of Equipment or Vehicles:**

The site supervisor shall produce a written document received by all subcontractors and employees that delineates their responsibilities on site. This document shall include language that shall specify the maintenance of vehicles on the job site. The site supervisor shall document receipt of these instructions by obtaining the signatures of subcontractors and individuals that may enter the site and the date in which they were notified of their responsibilities. Refueling for vehicles or equipment shall occur either within the designated washout area or shall utilize temporary drip protection measures at the location of fueling. The site supervisor or their representative shall be present at the time of any fueling procedure. The site supervisor shall have a fuel spill plan and measures on site to initiate containment and clean-up in the event a fuel spill occurs.

- Installation Schedule: Prior to start of Work
- Maintenance and Inspection: The site supervisor shall maintain a log of individuals receiving these instructions.
- Responsible Staff: Site Supervisor

#### **Storage, Handling, and Disposal of Construction Products, Materials, and Wastes:**

The site supervisor shall produce a written document received by all subcontractors and employees that delineates their responsibilities on site. The site supervisor shall document receipt of these instructions by obtaining the signatures of subcontractors and individuals that may enter the site and the date in which they were notified of their responsibilities. This document shall instruct all waste to be properly distributed to a designated area. The general contractor and site supervisor shall assemble a recycling and waste management area on the site, in the location indicated on the plans, after excavation and preliminary site grading have been completed. This area shall include dumpsters and storage areas for materials recycling and construction waste. Waste and recycling shall be removed from the site on a weekly basis as appropriate to the stage of construction.

- Installation Schedule: Prior to start of Work
- Maintenance and Inspection: The site supervisor shall inspect the waste and recycling area on a daily basis to ensure the proper sorting and disposal of materials. This shall also include evaluation that waste/recycling are confined to the designated area. The site supervisor shall maintain a log of individuals receiving these instructions.
- Responsible Staff: Site Supervisor

The site supervisor shall designate a materials staging area on site. This area shall be covered with 2" of gravel (this gravel shall be subsequently stripped and can be reused as a base for paving or other construction activities)

- Installation Schedule: Prior to start of Work
- Maintenance and Inspection: The site supervisor shall inspect this area once week to ensure orderly materials storage is confined to the designated area. The site supervisor shall coordinate all materials delivery to ensure proper placement of materials.

- Responsible Staff: Site Supervisor
- a) Building Products
  - All building products will be stored in contained areas within the construction site away from the elements. Storage containers will shall be used to protect stored materials. Material storage and stockpiling areas will be surrounded by haybales and silt fencing to prevent erosion.
- b) Pesticides, Herbicides, Insecticides, Fertilizers, and Landscape Materials
  - Pesticides and herbicides shall be used sparingly. Fertilizers should be restricted to the use of organic fertilizers only.
- c) Diesel Fuel, Oil, Hydraulic Fluids, Other Petroleum Products, and Other Chemicals
  - Vehicle fueling and maintenance shall occur off-site for the duration of the project.
- d) Hazardous or Toxic Waste
  - All import of hazardous or toxic materials onto the site shall be limited to those necessary for immediate work. No stockpiling of hazardous or toxic materials shall occur.
  - All hazardous materials must be clearly labeled and stored in a locked area.
  - A spill prevention and response plan shall be created by the site contractor to ensure that pollutants are not distributed into stormwater runoff.
  - All hazardous materials shall be disposed of off-site according to MA DEP and Federal EPA regulations.
- e) Construction and Domestic Waste

The site supervisor shall produce a written document received by all subcontractors and employees that delineates their responsibilities on site. The site supervisor shall document receipt of these instructions by obtaining the signatures of subcontractors and individuals that may enter the site and the date in which they were notified of their responsibilities. This document shall instruct all waste to be properly distributed to a designated area. The general contractor and site supervisor shall assemble a recycling and waste management area on the site, in the location indicated on the plans, after excavation and preliminary site grading have been completed. This area shall include dumpsters and storage areas for materials recycling and construction waste. Waste and recycling shall be removed from the site on a weekly basis as appropriate to the stage of construction.

  - Installation Schedule: Prior to start of Work
  - Maintenance and Inspection: The site supervisor shall inspect the waste and recycling area on a daily basis to ensure the proper sorting and disposal of materials. This shall also include evaluation that waste/recycling are confined to the designated area. The site supervisor shall maintain a log of individuals receiving these instructions.
  - Responsible Staff: Site Supervisor
- f) Sanitary Waste
  - Portable sanitary waste facilities shall be kept on site for the duration of the project for use by personnel on site.
  - Waste facilities shall be cleaned weekly and emptied as necessary by licensed personnel.



**APPENDIX F:**  
**LONG TERM BEST**  
**MANAGEMENT PRACTICES**  
**O&M PLAN**

**Long Term Best Management Practices**  
**Operation and Maintenance Plan**  
for  
**501 & 600 Griffin Brook Drive**  
**Methuen, Massachusetts**

September 3, 2024 revised October 22, 2024

The following operation and maintenance plan has been provided to satisfy the requirements of Standard 9 of the Mass DEP Stormwater Management Handbook associated with development of the site and associated infrastructure. The success of the Stormwater Management Plan depends on the proper implementation, operation and maintenance of several management components. The following procedures shall be implemented to ensure success of the Stormwater Management Plan:

1. The contractor shall comply with the details of construction of the site as shown on the approved plans.
2. The stormwater management system shall be inspected and maintained as indicated below.
3. Effective erosion control measures during and after construction shall be maintained until a stable turf is established on all altered areas.
4. A Stormwater Management Maintenance Log is included at the end of this Appendix.

**Basic Information**

Stormwater Management System Owner:	Griffin Brook Drive Owner LLC 55 Cambridge Street Burlington, MA 01803
Methuen Department of Public Services:	DPW Division Management 10 Ditson Place, Suite 100 Methuen, MA 01844 P: (978) 983-8545
Methuen Planning Division:	Searles Building 41 Pleasant Street Methuen, MA 01960 P: (978) 983-8560
Methuen Conservation Commission:	Searles Building 41 Pleasant Street Methuen, MA 01960 P: (978) 983-8650
Site Design Engineer Information:	The Morin-Cameron Group, Inc. 66 Elm Street Danvers, MA 01923 Phone: (978) 777-8586



**Erosion and Sedimentation Controls during Construction:**

The site and drainage construction contractor shall be responsible for managing stormwater during construction. Routine monitoring of disturbed soils shall be performed to ensure adequate runoff and pollution control during construction.

A sediment and erosion control barrier will be placed as shown on the Erosion and Sediment Control Plan prior to the commencement of any clearing, grubbing, and earth removal or construction activity. The integrity of the erosion control barrier will be maintained by periodic inspection and replacement as necessary. The erosion control barrier will remain in place until the first course of pavement has been placed and all side slopes have been loamed and seeded and vegetation has been established. Silt sacks shall be placed in new catch basins once constructed while construction activities are ongoing.

Operations and maintenance plans for the Stormwater Management construction phase and long term operation of the system have been attached to this report.

**General Conditions**

1. The site contractor shall be responsible for scheduling regular inspections and maintenance of the stormwater BMP's until the project has been completed. The BMP maintenance shall be conducted as detailed in the following long-term pollution prevention plan and on the approved design plans:  
"Site Plan of Land" in Methuen, Massachusetts, 501 & 600 Griffin Brook Drive prepared by The Morin-Cameron Group, Inc. dated September 3, 2024 as revised and approved by the City of Methuen, hereinafter referred to as the Site Plans.
2. All Stormwater BMP's shall be operated and maintained in accordance with the design plans and the following Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan.
3. The owner shall:
  - a. Maintain an Operation and Maintenance Log for the last three years. The Log shall include all BMP inspections, repairs, replacement activities and disposal activities (disposal material and disposal location shall be included in the Log);
  - b. Make the log available to the Methuen Planning Board, Conservation Commission and Department of Public Services upon request;
  - c. Allow members and agents of the Methuen Planning Board and Conservation Commission to enter the premises and ensure that the Owner has complied with the Operation and Maintenance Plan requirements for each BMP.
4. A recommended inspection and maintenance schedule is outlined below based on statewide averages. This inspection and maintenance schedule shall be adhered to at a minimum for the first year of service of all BMP's referenced in this document. At the commencement of the first year of service, a more accurate inspection/maintenance schedule shall be determined based on the level of service for this site.
5. A copy of all drainage maintenance reports shall be submitted to the Conservation Commission by hard copy or electronically at the end of each calendar yearly, and/or as otherwise required in the plan.

## **Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan (LTPPP)**

### **Vegetated Areas:**

Immediately after construction, monitoring of the erosion control systems shall occur until establishment of adequate vegetation ground cover. Afterwards, vegetated areas shall be maintained as such. Vegetation shall be replaced as necessary to ensure proper stabilization of the site.

Cost: Included with annual landscaping budget. Consult with local landscape contractors.

### **Paved Areas:**

Sweepers shall sweep paved areas periodically during dry weather to remove excess sediments and to reduce the amount of sediments that the drainage system shall have to remove from the runoff. The sweeping shall be conducted primarily between March 15<sup>th</sup> and November 15<sup>th</sup>. Special attention should be made to sweeping paved surfaces in March and April before spring rains wash residual sand into the drainage system.

Cost: Consult with local mechanical sweeping companies for associated costs if necessary.

Salt used for de-icing on the access driveways during winter months shall be limited as much as possible as this will reduce the need for removal and treatment. Sand containing the minimum amount of calcium chloride (or approved equivalent) needed for handling may be applied as part of the routine winter maintenance activities.

### **Deep Sump Hooded Catch Basins:**

The catch basin grates shall be checked quarterly and following heavy rainfalls to verify that the inlet openings are not clogged by debris. Debris shall be removed from the grates and disposed of properly. Deep sump catch basins shall be inspected four times per year and cleaned as needed when accumulated sediments exceeds 2' from the bottom of the sump (approximately 1/2 of the sump capacity). Catch basins shall be inspected annually to check oil build-up and outlet obstructions. Material shall be removed from catch basins and disposed of in accordance with all applicable regulations

Cost: Estimated \$50 - \$100 per cleaning per catch basin as needed. The Owner shall consult local vacuum cleaning contractors for detailed cost estimates.

Public Safety Concerns: Catch basins shall not be left open and unattended at any time during inspection, cleaning or otherwise. Broken or missing grates or frames shall be replaced immediately. At no time shall any person enter the basin structure unless measures have been taken to ensure safe access in accordance with OSHA enclosed space regulations.

### **Proprietary Water Quality Units (CDS):**

All Water Quality Units (e.g. Contech CDS) shall be inspected after every major storm event for the first 3 months after construction; a major storm event is 3.15 inches of rainfall in a 24-hour period (2 year storm). Thereafter, the system shall be inspected twice per year in April and October. The units shall be cleaned per manufacturer's instructions.

Cost: Estimated \$50 - \$100 per cleaning per unit as needed. The Owner shall consult local vacuum cleaning contractors for detailed cost estimates.

Public Safety Concerns: The manhole covers shall not be left open and unattended at any time during inspection, cleaning or otherwise. Broken covers or frames shall be replaced immediately.



**Pea Stone Filter Strip:**

The pea stone filter strip shall be checked for debris accumulation twice per year. Additional inspections should be scheduled during the first few months to make sure that the filter strip is functioning as intended. Trash, leaves, branches, etc. shall be removed from surface. Silt, sand and sediment, if significant accumulation occurs, shall be removed as required. Material removed from the filter strip shall be disposed of in accordance with all applicable local, state, and federal regulations. If stone becomes full of sediment, stone shall be removed and replaced with clean washed stone. The filter strip shall be kept free of woody vegetation and removal of woody vegetation shall be conducted between October 15<sup>th</sup> and April 15<sup>th</sup>. Any slope erosion shall be stabilized and repaired immediately and additional rip-rap added as required. Damaged sections shall be replaced with sod and secured to underlying soil with the use of landscaping staples or equivalent.

Cost: Consult with local landscaping for associated costs if necessary.

**Infiltration/Retention Basins (2 systems, 2 Outlet Control Structures)**

The best management practices shall be inspected after every major storm event for the first 3 months after construction; a major storm event is 3.30 inches of rainfall in a 24 hour period (2 year storm). Thereafter, the basin shall be inspected twice per year, typically in the spring and fall. If erosion or loss of vegetation is observed in the basin, it shall be repaired immediately and new vegetation shall be established. Trash, leaves, branches, etc. shall be removed from basins. The infiltration, detention basin and water quality swale shall be mowed twice per year. Reseed as required. Inspect swales to make sure vegetation is adequate, check dams are in place and functioning and slopes are not eroding. Check for rilling and gulying. Repair eroded areas and revegetate as needed.

**Rip-Rap Outfalls:**

The rip-rap outfalls shall be checked for debris accumulation twice per year. Additional inspections should be scheduled during the first few months to make sure that the outfall is functioning as intended. Trash, leaves, branches, etc. shall be removed from outfall. Silt, sand and sediment, if significant accumulation occurs, shall be removed as required by means of mechanical excavation. Material removed shall be disposed of in accordance with all applicable local, state, and federal regulations. The outfall shall be kept free of woody vegetation and removal of woody vegetation shall be conducted between October 15<sup>th</sup> and April 15<sup>th</sup>. Any slope erosion within the outfall shall be stabilized and repaired immediately and additional rip-rap added as required.

Cost: \$500-\$1000 per cleaning if excavator is necessary to remove sediment. The owner should consult local landscape contractors for a detailed cost estimate.

**Subsurface System (1 system, 1 Outlet Control Structure)**

The subsurface chamber system shall be monitored annually to ensure that it is draining properly. In the case that water remains in the system for greater than three (3) days after a storm event, an inspection is warranted and necessary maintenance or repairs should be addressed as necessary. The inspections shall be conducted by qualified personnel. Refer to retain-it owners maintenance manual included herein.

Cost: Consult with local landscaping companies for associated costs if necessary.

Public Safety Concerns: Manhole covers or inspection port covers shall not be left open and unattended at any time during inspection, cleaning or otherwise. Broken covers or frames shall be replaced immediately. At no time shall any person enter the subsurface structure unless measures have been taken to ensure safe access in accordance with OSHA enclosed space regulations.

**Outlet Control Structures (3):** The outlet structure shall be checked for debris accumulation twice per year, in the spring and fall. In the case that water remains in the infiltration system for greater than three (3) days after a storm event, an inspection is warranted and necessary maintenance or repairs should be addressed as necessary. Confirm that all orifices in the outlet structure are not obstructed by debris. The down gradient slope shall be monitored for surface breakout (i.e. weeping) after the conclusion of rain events. If surface breakout is noted, additional engineering consultation and remedial construction will be required. The inspections shall be conducted by qualified personnel.

Cost: \$50 - \$100 per cleaning per outlet structure as needed. If major repairs are required (i.e. full replacement, system pumping) the owner should consult local contractors for a detailed cost estimate.

**Overall Site Grading and Stormwater Management:**

After construction, and during the initial vegetation establishment period, the site should be inspected after every rainfall. Mowing, litter removal, and spot vegetation repair should be performed on a regular basis.

**Debris & Litter:**

All debris and litter shall be removed from the access driveways and parking lots regularly to prevent migration into the drainage system.

**Pesticides, Herbicides, and Fertilizers:**

Pesticides and herbicides shall be used sparingly. Fertilizers shall be restricted to the use of organic fertilizers only. All fertilizers, herbicides, pesticides, sand and salt for deicing and the like shall be stored in dry area that is protected from weather.

Cost: Included in the routine landscaping maintenance schedule. The Owner shall consult local landscaping contractors for details.

Public Safety Concerns: Chemicals shall be stored in a secure area to prevent children from obtaining access to them. Any major spills shall be reported to municipal officials.

**Prevention of Illicit Discharges:**

Illicit discharges to the stormwater management system are not allowed. Illicit discharges are discharges that are not comprised entirely of stormwater. Pursuant to Mass DEP Stormwater Standards the following activities or facilities are not considered illicit discharges: firefighting, water line flushing, landscape irrigation, uncontaminated groundwater, potable water sources, foundation drains, air conditioning condensation, footing drains, individual resident car washing, flows from riparian habitats and wetlands, dechlorinated water from swimming pools, water used for street washing and water used to clean residential building without detergents.

To prevent illicit discharges to the stormwater management system the following policies should be implemented:

1. Good Housekeeping Practices
  - The site shall be kept clean of litter and debris and continuously maintained in accordance with the Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan as noted above. All chemicals shall be covered and stored in secured location. Any land disturbances that change drainage characteristics shall be remedied to pre-disturbance characteristics (i.e. rutting from vehicles, land



disturbance from plowing, etc.) as soon as possible to ensure proper treatment of all stormwater runoff.

2. Provisions for Storing Materials and Waste Products Inside or Under Cover
  - All chemicals and chemical waste products shall be stored inside or in a secured covered location to prevent potential discharge. Any major spills shall be reported to municipal officials and a remediation plan shall be implemented immediately.
3. Vehicle Maintenance
  - Any vehicle maintenance shall be done with care to prevent discharge of illicit fluids. If fluids are accidentally spilled, immediate action shall be implemented to clean and remove the fluid to prevent discharge into the stormwater management system and/or infiltrating into the groundwater.
4. Spill Prevention and Response Plans
  - If a major spill of an illicit substance occurs, town officials (including but not limited to the Methuen Fire Department and find
  - Police Department) shall be notified immediately. A response plan shall then be implemented immediately to prevent any illicit discharges from entering the stormwater management system and ultimately surface waters of the Commonwealth.
5. Solid waste
  - All domestic solid waste shall be disposed of in accordance with all applicable local, state and federal regulations. Waste shall be placed into covered dumpsters and/or covered waste bins to prevent water intrusion and potentially contaminated runoff. No household chemicals, hazardous materials, construction debris or non-household generated refuse shall be disposed of in the on-site waste disposal containers. Domestic solid waste disposal and collection shall be coordinated with a qualified waste refuse company.

**Snow Storage:**

Property owner shall inform their snow removal contractor of the designated areas for snow storage shown on the Site Plans.

# Stormwater Management Maintenance Log

501 600 Griffin Brook Dr

Methuen, MA

The Following structures shall be inspected and maintained by the owner.

<u>BMP STRUCTURE</u>	<u>INSPECTION DATE</u>	<u>DATE WORK PERFORMED</u>	<u>WORK PERFORMED</u>	<u>COMMENTS</u>
CATCH BASIN CB-1				
CATCH BASIN CB-2				
CATCH BASIN CB-3				
CATCH BASIN CB-4				
CATCH BASIN CB-5				
CATCH BASIN CB-6				
CATCH BASIN CB-7				
CATCH BASIN CB-8				
CATCH BASIN CB-9				
CATCH BASIN CB-10				
CATCH BASIN CB-11				
CATCH BASIN CB-12				
CATCH BASIN CB-13				
CATCH BASIN CB-14				
CATCH BASIN CB-15				
CATCH BASIN CB-16				
CATCH BASIN CB-17				
CATCH BASIN CB-18				
CATCH BASIN CB-19				
CATCH BASIN CB-20				
DRAIN MAHOLE DMH-1				



# Stormwater Management Maintenance Log

501 600 Griffin Brook Dr  
Methuen, MA

DRAIN MAHOLE DMH-2				
DRAIN MAHOLE DMH-3				
DRAIN MAHOLE DMH-4				
DRAIN MAHOLE DMH-5				
DRAIN MAHOLE DMH-6				
DRAIN MAHOLE DMH-7				
DRAIN MAHOLE DMH-8				
DRAIN MAHOLE DMH-9				
DRAIN MAHOLE DMH-10				
DRAIN MAHOLE DMH-11				
DRAIN MAHOLE DMH-12				
DRAIN MAHOLE DMH-13				
WATER QUALITY UNIT WQU-1				
WATER QUALITY UNIT WQU-2				
WATER QUALITY UNIT WQU-3				
WATER QUALITY UNIT WQU-4				
OULET CONTROL STRUCTURE OCS-1				
OULET CONTROL STRUCTURE OCS-2				
OULET CONTROL STRUCTURE OCS-3				
OULET CONTROL STRUCTURE OCS-4				
INFILTRATION BASIN (P1)				
INFILTRATION BASIN (P2)				
INFILTRATION BASIN (P3)				

# Stormwater Management Maintenance Log

501 600 Griffin Brook Dr

Methuen, MA

INFILTRATION BASIN (P5)				
HEADWALL (HW-1)				
HEADWALL (HW-2)				



**APPENDIX G:  
ILLICIT DISCHARGE  
STATEMENT**

## Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement

I, William A. Schkuta, P.E., hereby notify the Methuen Planning Board that I have not witnessed, nor am aware of any existing illicit discharges at the site known as 501 & 600 Griffin Brook Drive in Methuen, Massachusetts. I also hereby certify that the development of said property as illustrated on the final plans entitled "Site Plan of Land," prepared by The Morin-Cameron Group, Inc. dated September 3, 2024 and revised October 2, 2024 and as revised and approved by the Methuen Planning Board and maintenance thereof in accordance with the "Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan" and "Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan" prepared by The Morin-Cameron Group, Inc dated September 3, 2024 and revised October 2, 2024 and as revised and approved by the Methuen Planning Board will not create any new illicit discharges. There is no warranty implied regarding future illicit discharges that may occur as a result of improper construction or maintenance of the stormwater management system or unforeseen accidents.

**Name:** William A. Schkuta, P.E.

**Company:** The Morin-Cameron Group, Inc.

**Title:** Owner's Representative

**Signature:** 

**Date:** 10/2/2024



**APPENDIX H:**  
**SOIL EVALUATION**  
**FORMS**



Commonwealth of Massachusetts  
City/Town of Methuen

## Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

### A. Facility Information

Griffin Brook Drive Owner, LLC

Owner Name

501 & 600 Griffin Brook Drive

Street Address

Methuen

City

MA

State

Map 220, Lots 9D & 9E

Map/Lot #

Zip Code

### B. Site Information

1. (Check one) ☐ New Construction ☐ Upgrade ☐ Repair N/A

2. Soil Survey Available? ☒ Yes ☐ No

If yes:

NRCS  
Source

715B & 717C  
Soil Map Unit

715B—Ridgebury and Leicester fine sandy loams, 3 to 8 percent slopes, extremely stony

717C—Rock outcrop-Charlton-Hollis complex, 3 to 15 percent

Shallow Ledge  
Soil Limitations

Soil Parent material

Landform

3. Surficial Geological Report Available? ☒ Yes ☐ No

If yes:

1958/Castle  
Year Published/Source

Qgm  
Map Unit

Description of Geologic Map Unit:

4. Flood Rate Insurance Map Within a regulatory floodway? ☐ Yes ☒ No

5. Within a velocity zone? ☐ Yes ☒ No

6. Within a Mapped Wetland Area? ☐ Yes ☒ No

If yes, MassGIS Wetland Data Layer:

Wetland Type

7. Current Water Resource Conditions (USGS):

2/2022  
Month/Day/ Year

Range: ☒ Above Normal

☐ Normal ☐ Below Normal

8. Other references reviewed:

MAGIS





Commonwealth of Massachusetts  
City/Town of Methuen

## Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

### C. On-Site Review *(minimum of two holes required at every proposed primary and reserve disposal area)*

Deep Observation Hole Number: 22-1      2/7/2022      30°F, Snow flurry      42°41'36"N ±      71°14'13.49"W ±  
    Hole #      Date      Time      Weather      Latitude      Longitude:

1. Land Use Woods      Mature trees      Some stones  
    (e.g., woodland, agricultural field, vacant lot, etc.)      Vegetation      Surface Stones (e.g., cobbles, stones, boulders, etc.)      Slope (%)

Description of Location: See plan

2. Soil Parent Material: : Friable coarse-loamy eolian deposits over friable coarse-loamy basal till derived from granite and gneiss      Landform \_\_\_\_\_      Position on Landscape (SU, SH, BS, FS, TS) \_\_\_\_\_

3. Distances from:      Open Water Body >100 feet      Drainage Way >25 feet      Wetlands >100 feet  
    Property Line >10 feet      Drinking Water Well >100 feet      Other \_\_\_\_\_ feet

4. Unsuitable Materials Present: ☐ Yes ☐ No      If Yes: ☐ Disturbed Soil      ☐ Fill Material      ☐ Weathered/Fractured Rock      ☐ Bedrock

5. Groundwater Observed: ☐ Yes      ☐ No      If yes: \_\_\_\_\_ Depth Weeping from Pit      \_\_\_\_\_ Depth Standing Water in Hole

#### Soil Log

Depth (in)	Soil Horizon /Layer	Soil Texture (USDA)	Soil Matrix: Color-Moist (Munsell)	Redoximorphic Features			Coarse Fragments % by Volume		Soil Structure	Soil Consistence (Moist)	Other
				Depth	Color	Percent	Gravel	Cobbles & Stones			
0-12	Ap	SL	10YR3/4						Gran	Fri	
12-132	C1	GrLS	2.5Y7/2				5-10	5	SG	Loose	Rounded gravels

Additional Notes:

Refusal @ 132", No ESHWT/No Observed water @132"



Commonwealth of Massachusetts  
City/Town of Methuen

## Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

### C. On-Site Review *(minimum of two holes required at every proposed primary and reserve disposal area)*

Deep Observation Hole Number: 22-2      2/7/2022      30°F, Snow flurry      42°41'36"N ±      71°14'13.49"W ±  
Hole #      Date      Time      Weather      Latitude      Longitude:

1. Land Use Woods      Mature trees      Some stones  
(e.g., woodland, agricultural field, vacant lot, etc.)      Vegetation      Surface Stones (e.g., cobbles, stones, boulders, etc.)      Slope (%)

Description of Location: See plan

2. Soil Parent Material: : Friable coarse-loamy eolian deposits over friable coarse-loamy basal till derived from granite and gneiss      Landform \_\_\_\_\_      Position on Landscape (SU, SH, BS, FS, TS) \_\_\_\_\_

3. Distances from:      Open Water Body >100 feet      Drainage Way >25 feet      Wetlands >100 feet  
Property Line >10 feet      Drinking Water Well >100 feet      Other \_\_\_\_\_ feet

4. Unsuitable Materials Present: ☐ Yes ☐ No      If Yes: ☐ Disturbed Soil      ☐ Fill Material      ☐ Weathered/Fractured Rock      ☐ Bedrock

5. Groundwater Observed: ☐ Yes ☐ No      If yes: \_\_\_\_\_ Depth Weeping from Pit      \_\_\_\_\_ Depth Standing Water in Hole

#### Soil Log

Depth (in)	Soil Horizon /Layer	Soil Texture (USDA)	Soil Matrix: Color-Moist (Munsell)	Redoximorphic Features			Coarse Fragments % by Volume		Soil Structure	Soil Consistence (Moist)	Other
				Depth	Color	Percent	Gravel	Cobbles & Stones			
0-48	Fill										Topsoil/Stone mix
48-52	Ab	10YR3/4	SL						Gran	Fri	
52-64	Bw	10YR5/6	SL						WBIky	VFri	
64-216	C1	2.5Y7/2	LS				5-10	5	SG	Loose	

#### Additional Notes:

Refusal @ 216", No ESHWT/No Observed water @216", Roots to 76"±





Commonwealth of Massachusetts  
City/Town of Methuen

## Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

### C. On-Site Review *(minimum of two holes required at every proposed primary and reserve disposal area)*

Deep Observation Hole Number: 22-3      2/8/2022      30°F, Snow flurry      42°41'36"N ±      71°14'13.49"W ±  
Hole #      Date      Time      Weather      Latitude      Longitude:

1. Land Use Woods      Mature trees      Some stones  
(e.g., woodland, agricultural field, vacant lot, etc.)      Vegetation      Surface Stones (e.g., cobbles, stones, boulders, etc.)      Slope (%)

Description of Location: See plan

2. Soil Parent Material: Friable coarse-loamy eolian deposits over friable coarse-loamy basal till derived from granite and gneiss      Landform \_\_\_\_\_      Position on Landscape (SU, SH, BS, FS, TS) \_\_\_\_\_

3. Distances from:      Open Water Body >100 feet      Drainage Way >25 feet      Wetlands >100 feet  
Property Line >10 feet      Drinking Water Well >100 feet      Other \_\_\_\_\_ feet

4. Unsuitable Materials Present: ☐ Yes ☐ No      If Yes: ☐ Disturbed Soil      ☐ Fill Material      ☐ Weathered/Fractured Rock      ☐ Bedrock

5. Groundwater Observed: ☐ Yes ☐ No      If yes: \_\_\_\_\_ Depth Weeping from Pit      \_\_\_\_\_ Depth Standing Water in Hole

#### Soil Log

Depth (in)	Soil Horizon /Layer	Soil Texture (USDA)	Soil Matrix: Color-Moist (Munsell)	Redoximorphic Features			Coarse Fragments % by Volume		Soil Structure	Soil Consistence (Moist)	Other
				Depth	Color	Percent	Gravel	Cobbles & Stones			
0-4	A/O	FSL	10YR3/4						Gran	Fri	
4-22	Bw	SL	10YR5/6						WBlky	Fri	Angular cobbles
22-48	C1	SL	2.5Y5/4						WBlky	Fri	
48-180	2C1	LS	2.5Y7/2				5-10		SG	Loose	SA rounded gravels

#### Additional Notes:

No refusal @ 180", No ESHWT/No observed water @180", Roots to 46"±



Commonwealth of Massachusetts  
City/Town of Methuen

## Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

### C. On-Site Review *(minimum of two holes required at every proposed primary and reserve disposal area)*

Deep Observation Hole Number: 22-4      2/7/2022      30°F, Snow flurry      42°41'36"N ±      71°14'13.49"W ±  
Hole #      Date      Time      Weather      Latitude      Longitude:

1. Land Use Woods      Mature trees      Some stones  
(e.g., woodland, agricultural field, vacant lot, etc.)      Vegetation      Surface Stones (e.g., cobbles, stones, boulders, etc.)  
Description of Location: See plan      Slope (%)

2. Soil Parent Material: : Friable coarse-loamy eolian deposits over friable coarse-loamy basal till derived from granite and gneiss      Landform      Position on Landscape (SU, SH, BS, FS, TS)

3. Distances from:      Open Water Body >100 feet      Drainage Way >25 feet      Wetlands >100 feet  
Property Line >10 feet      Drinking Water Well >100 feet      Other        feet

4. Unsuitable Materials Present: ☐ Yes ☐ No      If Yes: ☐ Disturbed Soil      ☐ Fill Material      ☐ Weathered/Fractured Rock      ☐ Bedrock

5. Groundwater Observed: ☐ Yes      ☐ No      If yes: 124" Depth Weeping from Pit             Depth Standing Water in Hole

#### Soil Log

Depth (in)	Soil Horizon /Layer	Soil Texture (USDA)	Soil Matrix: Color-Moist (Munsell)	Redoximorphic Features			Coarse Fragments % by Volume		Soil Structure	Soil Consistence (Moist)	Other
				Depth	Color	Percent	Gravel	Cobbles & Stones			
0-8	A/O	SL	10YR3/4						Gran	Fri	
8-36	Bw	SL	10YR5/6						WBIky	VFri	
36-120	C1	FLS	2.5Y7/2	112"	7.5YR5/8, 5Y6/1		5-10	5	SG	Loose	
120-142	C2	SL	2.5Y7/2						WBIky	Fri	Compacted

#### Additional Notes:

Roots to 82"±, ESHWT @ 112", Weep @ 124", Refusal @ 142"





## Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

### C. On-Site Review *(minimum of two holes required at every proposed primary and reserve disposal area)*

Deep Observation Hole Number: 22-5      2/7/2022      30°F, Snow flurry      42°41'36"N ±      71°14'13.49"W ±  
Hole #      Date      Time      Weather      Latitude      Longitude:

1. Land Use Woods      Mature trees      Some stones  
(e.g., woodland, agricultural field, vacant lot, etc.)      Vegetation      Surface Stones (e.g., cobbles, stones, boulders, etc.)      Slope (%)

Description of Location: See plan

2. Soil Parent Material: Friable coarse-loamy eolian deposits over friable coarse-loamy basal till derived from granite and gneiss      Landform \_\_\_\_\_      Position on Landscape (SU, SH, BS, FS, TS) \_\_\_\_\_

3. Distances from:      Open Water Body >100 feet      Drainage Way >25 feet      Wetlands >100 feet  
Property Line >10 feet      Drinking Water Well >100 feet      Other \_\_\_\_\_ feet

4. Unsuitable Materials Present: ☐ Yes ☐ No      If Yes: ☐ Disturbed Soil      ☐ Fill Material      ☐ Weathered/Fractured Rock      ☐ Bedrock

5. Groundwater Observed: ☐ Yes ☐ No      If yes: \_\_\_\_\_ Depth Weeping from Pit      \_\_\_\_\_ Depth Standing Water in Hole

#### Soil Log

Depth (in)	Soil Horizon /Layer	Soil Texture (USDA)	Soil Matrix: Color-Moist (Munsell)	Redoximorphic Features			Coarse Fragments % by Volume		Soil Structure	Soil Consistence (Moist)	Other
				Depth	Color	Percent	Gravel	Cobbles & Stones			
0-3	A/O	SL	10YR3/4						Gran	Fri	
3-22	Bw	GrSL	10YR5/6				15-20		VWBkly	VFri	
22-168	C1	FLS	2.5Y7/2				5-10		SG	Loose	

#### Additional Notes:

Roots to 52"±, No ESHWT/No Observed Water @ 168", Refusal @ 168"



Commonwealth of Massachusetts  
City/Town of Methuen

## Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

### C. On-Site Review (minimum of two holes required at every proposed primary and reserve disposal area)

Deep Observation Hole Number: 22-6      2/7/2022      30°F, Snow flurry      42°41'36"N ±      71°14'13.49"W ±  
Hole #      Date      Time      Weather      Latitude      Longitude:

1. Land Use Woods      Mature trees      Some stones  
(e.g., woodland, agricultural field, vacant lot, etc.)      Vegetation      Surface Stones (e.g., cobbles, stones, boulders, etc.)      Slope (%)

Description of Location: See plan

2. Soil Parent Material: Friable coarse-loamy eolian deposits over friable coarse-loamy basal till derived from granite and gneiss      Landform \_\_\_\_\_      Position on Landscape (SU, SH, BS, FS, TS) \_\_\_\_\_

3. Distances from:      Open Water Body >100 feet      Drainage Way >25 feet      Wetlands >100 feet  
Property Line >10 feet      Drinking Water Well >100 feet      Other \_\_\_\_\_ feet

4. Unsuitable Materials Present: ☐ Yes ☐ No      If Yes: ☐ Disturbed Soil      ☐ Fill Material      ☐ Weathered/Fractured Rock      ☐ Bedrock

5. Groundwater Observed: ☐ Yes ☐ No      If yes: \_\_\_\_\_ Depth Weeping from Pit      \_\_\_\_\_ Depth Standing Water in Hole

#### Soil Log

Depth (in)	Soil Horizon /Layer	Soil Texture (USDA)	Soil Matrix: Color-Moist (Munsell)	Redoximorphic Features			Coarse Fragments % by Volume		Soil Structure	Soil Consistence (Moist)	Other
				Depth	Color	Percent	Gravel	Cobbles & Stones			
0-3	A/O	SL	10YR3/4						Gran	Fri	
3-26	Bw	SL	10YR5/6				15-20		WBlky	Fri	

#### Additional Notes:

Refusual @ 26", Ledge diving(towards golf course), Test pit at top of knoll, No C present, No ESHWT/No observed @ 26"





Commonwealth of Massachusetts  
City/Town of Methuen

## Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

### C. On-Site Review *(minimum of two holes required at every proposed primary and reserve disposal area)*

Deep Observation Hole Number: 22-7      2/8/2022      30°F, Snow flurry      42°41'36"N ±      71°14'13.49"W ±  
Hole #      Date      Time      Weather      Latitude      Longitude:

1. Land Use Woods      Mature trees      Some stones  
(e.g., woodland, agricultural field, vacant lot, etc.)      Vegetation      Surface Stones (e.g., cobbles, stones, boulders, etc.)      Slope (%)

Description of Location: See plan

2. Soil Parent Material: : Friable coarse-loamy eolian deposits over friable coarse-loamy basal till derived from granite and gneiss      Landform \_\_\_\_\_      Position on Landscape (SU, SH, BS, FS, TS) \_\_\_\_\_

3. Distances from:      Open Water Body >100 feet      Drainage Way >25 feet      Wetlands >100 feet  
Property Line >10 feet      Drinking Water Well >100 feet      Other \_\_\_\_\_ feet

4. Unsuitable Materials Present: ☐ Yes ☐ No      If Yes: ☐ Disturbed Soil      ☐ Fill Material      ☐ Weathered/Fractured Rock      ☐ Bedrock

5. Groundwater Observed: ☐ Yes ☐ No      If yes: \_\_\_\_\_ Depth Weeping from Pit      \_\_\_\_\_ Depth Standing Water in Hole

#### Soil Log

Depth (in)	Soil Horizon /Layer	Soil Texture (USDA)	Soil Matrix: Color-Moist (Munsell)	Redoximorphic Features			Coarse Fragments % by Volume		Soil Structure	Soil Consistence (Moist)	Other
				Depth	Color	Percent	Gravel	Cobbles & Stones			
0-5	A/O	FSL	10YR3/4						Gran	Fri	
5-26	Bw	SL	10YR5/6						WBlky	Fri	
26-122	C1	LS	2.5Y7/2				5-10		WBlky	VFri	
122-146	2C1	SL	2.5Y7/2	122"	7.5YR5/8, 5Y6/1				SABK	Firm	

#### Additional Notes:

Roots to 48", 2C1=compacted with stratified lenses, Refusal @ 146", ESHWT@122" (lenses), No observed water @ 146"



Commonwealth of Massachusetts  
City/Town of Methuen

# Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

## C. On-Site Review (minimum of two holes required at every proposed primary and reserve disposal area)

Deep Observation Hole Number: 22-8      2/8/2022      30°F, Snow flurry      42°41'36"N ±      71°14'13.49"W ±  
Hole #      Date      Time      Weather      Latitude      Longitude:

1. Land Use Woods      Mature trees      Some stones  
(e.g., woodland, agricultural field, vacant lot, etc.)      Vegetation      Surface Stones (e.g., cobbles, stones, boulders, etc.)      Slope (%)

Description of Location: See plan

2. Soil Parent Material: : Friable coarse-loamy eolian deposits over friable coarse-loamy basal till derived from granite and gneiss      Landform      Position on Landscape (SU, SH, BS, FS, TS)

3. Distances from:      Open Water Body >100 feet      Drainage Way >25 feet      Wetlands >100 feet  
Property Line >10 feet      Drinking Water Well >100 feet      Other        feet

4. Unsuitable Materials Present: ☐ Yes ☐ No      If Yes: ☐ Disturbed Soil      ☐ Fill Material      ☐ Weathered/Fractured Rock      ☐ Bedrock

5. Groundwater Observed: ☐ Yes ☐ No      If yes: 112" Depth Weeping from Pit             Depth Standing Water in Hole

### Soil Log

Depth (in)	Soil Horizon /Layer	Soil Texture (USDA)	Soil Matrix: Color-Moist (Munsell)	Redoximorphic Features			Coarse Fragments % by Volume		Soil Structure	Soil Consistence (Moist)	Other
				Depth	Color	Percent	Gravel	Cobbles & Stones			
0-4	A/O	FSL	10YR3/4						Gran	Fri	
4-18	Bw	SL	10YR5/6						WBlky	Fri	
18-34	C1	SL	2.5Y5/4						WBlky	VFri	
34-108	2C1	LS	2.5Y7/2				5-10		SG	Loose	SA Rounded
108-118	2C2	SL	2.5Y7/2	108"	7.5YR5/8, 5Y6/1				Platy/SABK	Firm	

### Additional Notes:

Valley between knolls, Weep @ 112", Refusal @ 118", ESHWT @ 108"





Commonwealth of Massachusetts  
City/Town of Methuen

## Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

### C. On-Site Review *(minimum of two holes required at every proposed primary and reserve disposal area)*

Deep Observation Hole Number: 22-9      2/8/2022      30°F, Snow flurry      42°41'36"N ±      71°14'13.49"W ±  
Hole #      Date      Time      Weather      Latitude      Longitude:

1. Land Use Woods      Mature trees      Some stones  
(e.g., woodland, agricultural field, vacant lot, etc.)      Vegetation      Surface Stones (e.g., cobbles, stones, boulders, etc.)      Slope (%)

Description of Location: See plan

2. Soil Parent Material: Friable coarse-loamy eolian deposits over friable coarse-loamy basal till derived from granite and gneiss      Landform \_\_\_\_\_      Position on Landscape (SU, SH, BS, FS, TS) \_\_\_\_\_

3. Distances from:      Open Water Body >100 feet      Drainage Way >25 feet      Wetlands >100 feet  
Property Line >10 feet      Drinking Water Well >100 feet      Other \_\_\_\_\_ feet

4. Unsuitable Materials Present: ☐ Yes ☐ No      If Yes: ☐ Disturbed Soil      ☐ Fill Material      ☐ Weathered/Fractured Rock      ☐ Bedrock

5. Groundwater Observed: ☐ Yes ☐ No      If yes: \_\_\_\_\_ Depth Weeping from Pit      \_\_\_\_\_ Depth Standing Water in Hole

#### Soil Log

Depth (in)	Soil Horizon /Layer	Soil Texture (USDA)	Soil Matrix: Color-Moist (Munsell)	Redoximorphic Features			Coarse Fragments % by Volume		Soil Structure	Soil Consistence (Moist)	Other
				Depth	Color	Percent	Gravel	Cobbles & Stones			
0-8	A	SL	10YR3/4						Gran	Fri	
8-26	Fill	SL/Mix									
26-38	Bb	FSL	10YR6/8						Mass	Firm	
38-68	Cd	FSL	2.5Y6/3						Mass	VFirm	
68"+/-	Cr										Weathered bedrock

#### Additional Notes:

Lawn/Woods line off volleyball court, Refusal @ 68", No ESHWT/No Observed water @ 68"



Commonwealth of Massachusetts  
City/Town of Methuen

## Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

### C. On-Site Review (minimum of two holes required at every proposed primary and reserve disposal area)

Deep Observation Hole Number: 22-10      2/8/2022      30°F, Snow flurry      42°41'36"N ±      71°14'13.49"W ±  
Hole #      Date      Time      Weather      Latitude      Longitude:

1. Land Use Woods      Mature trees      Some stones  
(e.g., woodland, agricultural field, vacant lot, etc.)      Vegetation      Surface Stones (e.g., cobbles, stones, boulders, etc.)      Slope (%)

Description of Location: See plan

2. Soil Parent Material: : Friable coarse-loamy eolian deposits over friable coarse-loamy basal till derived from granite and gneiss      Landform      Position on Landscape (SU, SH, BS, FS, TS)

3. Distances from:      Open Water Body >100 feet      Drainage Way >25 feet      Wetlands >100 feet  
Property Line >10 feet      Drinking Water Well >100 feet      Other        feet

4. Unsuitable Materials Present: ☐ Yes ☐ No      If Yes: ☐ Disturbed Soil      ☐ Fill Material      ☐ Weathered/Fractured Rock      ☐ Bedrock

5. Groundwater Observed: ☐ Yes ☐ No      If yes:        Depth Weeping from Pit             Depth Standing Water in Hole

#### Soil Log

Depth (in)	Soil Horizon /Layer	Soil Texture (USDA)	Soil Matrix: Color-Moist (Munsell)	Redoximorphic Features			Coarse Fragments % by Volume		Soil Structure	Soil Consistence (Moist)	Other
				Depth	Color	Percent	Gravel	Cobbles & Stones			
0-4	A/O	FSL	10YR3/4						Gran	Fri	
4-28	Bw	SL	10YR5/6				5	5	WBlky	Fri	Angular grav/cob
28-64	C1	LS	2.5Y7/2				5-10		SG	Loose	

#### Additional Notes:

Refusal @ 64", No ESHWT/No Observed water @ 64", Roots to 48"±





Commonwealth of Massachusetts  
City/Town of Methuen

# Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

## C. On-Site Review (minimum of two holes required at every proposed primary and reserve disposal area)

Deep Observation Hole Number: 22-11      2/8/2022      30°F, Snow flurry      42°41'36"N ±      71°14'13.49"W ±  
Hole #      Date      Time      Weather      Latitude      Longitude:

1. Land Use Woods      Mature trees      Some stones  
(e.g., woodland, agricultural field, vacant lot, etc.)      Vegetation      Surface Stones (e.g., cobbles, stones, boulders, etc.)      Slope (%)

Description of Location: See plan

2. Soil Parent Material: : Friable coarse-loamy eolian deposits over friable coarse-loamy basal till derived from granite and gneiss      Landform \_\_\_\_\_      Position on Landscape (SU, SH, BS, FS, TS) \_\_\_\_\_

3. Distances from:      Open Water Body >100 feet      Drainage Way >25 feet      Wetlands >100 feet  
Property Line >10 feet      Drinking Water Well >100 feet      Other \_\_\_\_\_ feet

4. Unsuitable Materials Present: ☐ Yes ☐ No      If Yes: ☐ Disturbed Soil      ☐ Fill Material      ☐ Weathered/Fractured Rock      ☐ Bedrock

5. Groundwater Observed: ☐ Yes ☐ No      If yes: \_\_\_\_\_ Depth Weeping from Pit      \_\_\_\_\_ Depth Standing Water in Hole

### Soil Log

Depth (in)	Soil Horizon /Layer	Soil Texture (USDA)	Soil Matrix: Color-Moist (Munsell)	Redoximorphic Features			Coarse Fragments % by Volume		Soil Structure	Soil Consistence (Moist)	Other
				Depth	Color	Percent	Gravel	Cobbles & Stones			
0-4	A/O	FSL	10YR3/4						Gran	Fri	
4-22	Bw	SL	10YR5/6						WBlky	Fri	
22-84	C1	LS	2.5Y7/2				5-10		SG	Loose	

### Additional Notes:

Corse sand and decomposed bedrock at bottom, Roots to 58"±, Refusal at 84"



Commonwealth of Massachusetts  
City/Town of Methuen

## Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

### C. On-Site Review *(minimum of two holes required at every proposed primary and reserve disposal area)*

Deep Observation Hole Number: 22-12      2/8/2022      30°F, Snow flurry      42°41'36"N ±      71°14'13.49"W ±  
    Hole #      Date      Time      Weather      Latitude      Longitude:

1. Land Use Woods      Mature trees      Some stones  
    (e.g., woodland, agricultural field, vacant lot, etc.)      Vegetation      Surface Stones (e.g., cobbles, stones, boulders, etc.)      Slope (%)

Description of Location: See plan

2. Soil Parent Material: : Friable coarse-loamy eolian deposits over friable coarse-loamy basal till derived from granite and gneiss      Landform \_\_\_\_\_      Position on Landscape (SU, SH, BS, FS, TS) \_\_\_\_\_

3. Distances from:      Open Water Body >100 feet      Drainage Way >25 feet      Wetlands >100 feet  
    Property Line >10 feet      Drinking Water Well >100 feet      Other \_\_\_\_\_ feet

4. Unsuitable Materials Present: ☐ Yes ☐ No      If Yes: ☐ Disturbed Soil      ☐ Fill Material      ☐ Weathered/Fractured Rock      ☐ Bedrock

5. Groundwater Observed: ☐ Yes      ☐ No      If yes: \_\_\_\_\_ Depth Weeping from Pit      \_\_\_\_\_ Depth Standing Water in Hole

#### Soil Log

Depth (in)	Soil Horizon /Layer	Soil Texture (USDA)	Soil Matrix: Color-Moist (Munsell)	Redoximorphic Features			Coarse Fragments % by Volume		Soil Structure	Soil Consistence (Moist)	Other
				Depth	Color	Percent	Gravel	Cobbles & Stones			
0-4	A/O	FSL	10YR3/4						Gran	Fri	
4-16	Bw	SL	10YR5/6						WBIky	Fri	
16-30	C1	SL	2.5Y5/4				5-10	5	WBIky	Fri	Angular grav and cob
30-60	2C1	LS	2.5Y7/2				5-10	5	SG	Loose	Sub-angular grav and cob

#### Additional Notes:

Roots to 44"±, Refusal @ 60", No ESHWT/No Observed water @ 60"





Commonwealth of Massachusetts  
City/Town of Methuen

## Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

### C. On-Site Review *(minimum of two holes required at every proposed primary and reserve disposal area)*

Deep Observation Hole Number: 22-13      2/8/2022      30°F, Snow flurry      42°41'36"N ±      71°14'13.49"W ±  
    Hole #      Date      Time      Weather      Latitude      Longitude:

1. Land Use Woods      Mature trees      Some stones  
    (e.g., woodland, agricultural field, vacant lot, etc.)      Vegetation      Surface Stones (e.g., cobbles, stones, boulders, etc.)      Slope (%)

Description of Location: See plan

2. Soil Parent Material: : Friable coarse-loamy eolian deposits over friable coarse-loamy basal till derived from granite and gneiss      Landform \_\_\_\_\_      Position on Landscape (SU, SH, BS, FS, TS) \_\_\_\_\_

3. Distances from:      Open Water Body >100 feet      Drainage Way >25 feet      Wetlands >100 feet  
    Property Line >10 feet      Drinking Water Well >100 feet      Other \_\_\_\_\_ feet

4. Unsuitable Materials Present: ☐ Yes ☐ No      If Yes: ☐ Disturbed Soil      ☐ Fill Material      ☐ Weathered/Fractured Rock      ☐ Bedrock

5. Groundwater Observed: ☐ Yes      ☐ No      If yes: 120" Depth Weeping from Pit      \_\_\_\_\_ Depth Standing Water in Hole

#### Soil Log

Depth (in)	Soil Horizon /Layer	Soil Texture (USDA)	Soil Matrix: Color-Moist (Munsell)	Redoximorphic Features			Coarse Fragments % by Volume		Soil Structure	Soil Consistence (Moist)	Other
				Depth	Color	Percent	Gravel	Cobbles & Stones			
0-4	A/O	FSL	10YR3/4						Gran	Fri	
4-24	Bw	SL	10YR5/6						WBIky	Fri	
24-45	C1	SL	2.5Y5/4				5-10	5	WBIky	Fri	Angular grav and cob
45p-154	2C1	GrLS	2.5Y7/2				5-10	5	SG	Loose	Sub-angular grav and cob

#### Additional Notes:

Roots to 40"±, Weep/ESHWT @ 120" (Follows valley), Refusal @ 154", Large stones @ 64"



Commonwealth of Massachusetts  
City/Town of Methuen

# Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

## C. On-Site Review *(minimum of two holes required at every proposed primary and reserve disposal area)*

Deep Observation Hole Number: 22-14      2/8/2022      30°F, Snow flurry      42°41'36"N ±      71°14'13.49"W ±  
Hole #      Date      Time      Weather      Latitude      Longitude:

1. Land Use Woods      Mature trees      Some stones  
(e.g., woodland, agricultural field, vacant lot, etc.)      Vegetation      Surface Stones (e.g., cobbles, stones, boulders, etc.)  
Slope (%)

Description of Location: See plan

2. Soil Parent Material: : Friable coarse-loamy eolian deposits over friable coarse-loamy basal till derived from granite and gneiss      Landform      Position on Landscape (SU, SH, BS, FS, TS)

3. Distances from:      Open Water Body >100 feet      Drainage Way >25 feet      Wetlands >100 feet  
Property Line >10 feet      Drinking Water Well >100 feet      Other \_\_\_\_\_ feet

4. Unsuitable Materials Present: ☐ Yes ☐ No      If yes: ☐ Disturbed Soil      ☐ Fill Material      ☐ Weathered/Fractured Rock      ☐ Bedrock

5. Groundwater Observed: ☐ Yes ☐ No      If yes: \_\_\_\_\_ Depth Weeping from Pit      \_\_\_\_\_ Depth Standing Water in Hole

### Soil Log

Depth (in)	Soil Horizon /Layer	Soil Texture (USDA)	Soil Matrix: Color-Moist (Munsell)	Redoximorphic Features			Coarse Fragments % by Volume		Soil Structure	Soil Consistence (Moist)	Other
				Depth	Color	Percent	Gravel	Cobbles & Stones			
0-4	A/O	FSL	10YR3/4						Gran	Fri	
4-18	Bw	SL	10YR5/6						WBIky	Fri	
18-36	C1	SL	2.5Y5/4				5-10		WBIky	Fri	Angular grav and cob
36-68	2C1	LS	2.5Y7/2				5		Mass	Fri	Angular grav

### Additional Notes:

Roots to 48"±, Minimal gravel in 2C1, No ESHWT/No Observed water @ 68", Ledge follows valley





Commonwealth of Massachusetts  
City/Town of Methuen

# Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

## C. On-Site Review (minimum of two holes required at every proposed primary and reserve disposal area)

Deep Observation Hole Number: 22-15      2/8/2022      30°F, Snow flurry      42°41'36"N ±      71°14'13.49"W ±  
Hole #      Date      Time      Weather      Latitude      Longitude:

1. Land Use Woods      Mature trees      Some stones  
(e.g., woodland, agricultural field, vacant lot, etc.)      Vegetation      Surface Stones (e.g., cobbles, stones, boulders, etc.)      Slope (%)

Description of Location: See plan

2. Soil Parent Material: : Friable coarse-loamy eolian deposits over friable coarse-loamy basal till derived from granite and gneiss      Landform \_\_\_\_\_      Position on Landscape (SU, SH, BS, FS, TS) \_\_\_\_\_

3. Distances from:      Open Water Body >100 feet      Drainage Way >25 feet      Wetlands >100 feet  
Property Line >10 feet      Drinking Water Well >100 feet      Other \_\_\_\_\_ feet

4. Unsuitable Materials Present: ☐ Yes ☐ No      If Yes: ☐ Disturbed Soil      ☐ Fill Material      ☐ Weathered/Fractured Rock      ☐ Bedrock

5. Groundwater Observed: ☐ Yes ☐ No      If yes: \_\_\_\_\_ Depth Weeping from Pit      \_\_\_\_\_ Depth Standing Water in Hole

### Soil Log

Depth (in)	Soil Horizon /Layer	Soil Texture (USDA)	Soil Matrix: Color-Moist (Munsell)	Redoximorphic Features			Coarse Fragments % by Volume		Soil Structure	Soil Consistence (Moist)	Other
				Depth	Color	Percent	Gravel	Cobbles & Stones			
0-3	A/O	FSL	10YR3/4						Gran	Fri	
3-18	Bw	SL	10YR5/6				5		WBlky	Fri	Angular grav
18-60	C1	LS	2.5Y7/2				5-10		Mass	Fri	Angular grav and cobb

### Additional Notes:

Roots to 40"±, Refusal @ 60", No ESHWT/No observed water @ 60", @ top of valley



Commonwealth of Massachusetts  
City/Town of Methuen

## Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

### C. On-Site Review *(minimum of two holes required at every proposed primary and reserve disposal area)*

- Deep Observation Hole Number: 22-16      2/8/2022      30°F, Snow flurry      42°41'36"N ±      71°14'13.49"W ±  
Hole #      Date      Time      Weather      Latitude      Longitude:
1. Land Use Woods      Mature trees      Some stones  
(e.g., woodland, agricultural field, vacant lot, etc.)      Vegetation      Surface Stones (e.g., cobbles, stones, boulders, etc.)      Slope (%)
- Description of Location: See plan
2. Soil Parent Material: : Friable coarse-loamy eolian deposits over friable coarse-loamy basal till derived from granite and gneiss      Landform \_\_\_\_\_      Position on Landscape (SU, SH, BS, FS, TS) \_\_\_\_\_
3. Distances from:      Open Water Body >100 feet      Drainage Way >25 feet      Wetlands >100 feet  
Property Line >10 feet      Drinking Water Well >100 feet      Other \_\_\_\_\_ feet
4. Unsuitable Materials Present: ☐ Yes ☐ No      If yes: ☐ Disturbed Soil      ☐ Fill Material      ☐ Weathered/Fractured Rock      ☐ Bedrock
5. Groundwater Observed: ☐ Yes      ☐ No      If yes: \_\_\_\_\_ Depth Weeping from Pit      \_\_\_\_\_ Depth Standing Water in Hole

#### Soil Log

Depth (in)	Soil Horizon /Layer	Soil Texture (USDA)	Soil Matrix: Color-Moist (Munsell)	Redoximorphic Features			Coarse Fragments % by Volume		Soil Structure	Soil Consistence (Moist)	Other
				Depth	Color	Percent	Gravel	Cobbles & Stones			
0-4	A/O	FSL	10YR3/4						Gran	Fri	
4-26	Bw	SL	10YR5/6						WBIky	Fri	
26-68	C1	LS	2.5Y7/2				5-10	5	SG	Loose	SA rounded grav

#### Additional Notes:

Roots to 40"±, Refusal @ 68", No ESHWT/No observed water @ 68"





Commonwealth of Massachusetts  
City/Town of Methuen

## Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

### C. On-Site Review *(minimum of two holes required at every proposed primary and reserve disposal area)*

Deep Observation Hole Number: 22-17      2/8/2022p      30°F, Snow flurry      42°41'36"N ±      71°14'13.49"W ±  
Hole #      Date      Time      Weather      Latitude      Longitude

1. Land Use Woods      Mature trees      Some stones  
(e.g., woodland, agricultural field, vacant lot, etc.)      Vegetation      Surface Stones (e.g., cobbles, stones, boulders, etc.)      Slope (%)

Description of Location: See plan

2. Soil Parent Material: : Friable coarse-loamy eolian deposits over friable coarse-loamy basal till derived from granite and gneiss      Landform \_\_\_\_\_      Position on Landscape (SU, SH, BS, FS, TS) \_\_\_\_\_

3. Distances from:      Open Water Body >100 feet      Drainage Way >25 feet      Wetlands >100 feet  
Property Line >10 feet      Drinking Water Well >100 feet      Other \_\_\_\_\_ feet

4. Unsuitable Materials Present: ☐ Yes ☐ No      If Yes: ☐ Disturbed Soil      ☐ Fill Material      ☐ Weathered/Fractured Rock      ☐ Bedrock

5. Groundwater Observed: ☐ Yes      ☐ No      If yes: \_\_\_\_\_ Depth Weeping from Pit      \_\_\_\_\_ Depth Standing Water in Hole

#### Soil Log

Depth (in)	Soil Horizon /Layer	Soil Texture (USDA)	Soil Matrix: Color-Moist (Munsell)	Redoximorphic Features			Coarse Fragments % by Volume		Soil Structure	Soil Consistence (Moist)	Other
				Depth	Color	Percent	Gravel	Cobbles & Stones			
0-4	A/O	FSL	10YR3/4						Gran	Fri	
4-24	Bw	SL	10YR5/6						WBIky	Fri	
24-150	C1	LS	2.5Y7/2				5-10	5	SG	Loose	

Additional Notes:

Roots to 48"±, Refusal @ 150"



Commonwealth of Massachusetts  
City/Town of Methuen

## Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

### F. Certification

I certify that I am currently approved by the Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to 310 CMR 15.017 to conduct soil evaluations and that the above analysis has been performed by me consistent with the required training, expertise and experience described in 310 CMR 15.017. I further certify that the results of my soil evaluation, as indicated in the attached Soil Evaluation Form, are accurate and in accordance with 310 CMR 15.100 through 15.107.

Signature of Soil Evaluator

Will Schkuta, SE#14030

Typed or Printed Name of Soil Evaluator / License #

2/14/2022

Date

06//302022

Expiration Date of License

Name of Approving Authority Witness

Approving Authority

**Note:** In accordance with 310 CMR 15.018(2) this form must be submitted to the approving authority within 60 days of the date of field testing, and to the designer and the property owner with Percolation Test Form 12.

**Field Diagrams:** Use this area for field diagrams:

See Plan.



**APPENDIX I:  
MANUFACTURER  
BROCHURES**





**CONTECH**  
ENGINEERED SOLUTIONS

**CDS<sup>®</sup>**  
**Hydrodynamic Separator**





# The experts you need to solve your stormwater management challenges



## Your Contech Team

Contech is the leader in stormwater management solutions, helping engineers, contractors and owners with infrastructure and land development projects throughout North America.

With our responsive team of stormwater experts, local regulatory expertise and flexible solutions, Contech is the trusted partner you can count on for stormwater management solutions.



### **STORMWATER CONSULTANT**

*It's my job to recommend the best solution to meet permitting requirements.*



### **STORMWATER DESIGN ENGINEER**

*I work with consultants to design the best approved solution to meet your project's needs.*



### **REGULATORY MANAGER**

*I understand the local stormwater regulations and what solutions will be approved.*



### **SALES ENGINEER**

*I make sure our solutions meet the needs of the contractor during construction.*

**Contech is your partner in stormwater management solutions**





## Unique screening technology for stormwater runoff – CDS®



The CDS hydrodynamic separator uses swirl concentration and continuous deflective separation to screen, separate and trap trash, debris, sediment, and hydrocarbons from stormwater runoff.

At the heart of the CDS system is a unique screening technology used to capture and retain trash and debris. The screen face is louvered so that it is smooth in the downstream direction. The effect created is called "Continuous Deflective Separation." The power of the incoming flow is harnessed to continually shear debris off the screen and to direct trash and sediment toward the center of the separation cylinder. This results in a screen that is self-cleaning and provides 100% removal of floatables and neutrally buoyant material debris 4.7 mm or larger, without blinding.

CDS is used to meet trash Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) requirements, for stormwater quality control, inlet and outlet pollution control, and as pretreatment for filtration, detention/infiltration, bioretention, rainwater harvesting systems, and a variety of green infrastructure practices.



# CDS® Features and Benefits

FEATURE	BENEFIT
Captures and retains 100% of floatables and neutrally buoyant debris 4.7mm or larger	Superior pollutant removal
Self-cleaning screen	Ease of maintenance
Isolated storage sump eliminates scour potential	Excellent pollutant retention
Internal bypass	Eliminates the need for additional structures
Multiple pipe inlets and 90-180° angles	Design flexibility
Clear access to sump and stored pollutants	Fast, easy maintenance



## APPLICATION TIPS

- Because of its internal peak bypass weirs, CDS systems can provide cost savings by eliminating the need for additional structures.
- Pretreating detention, infiltration, and green infrastructure practices with CDS can protect downstream structures and provide for easy maintenance.
- The CDS an ideal solution for retrofit applications due to its compact footprint and configuration flexibility.

## The CDS® Screen

### A fundamentally different approach to trash control ...

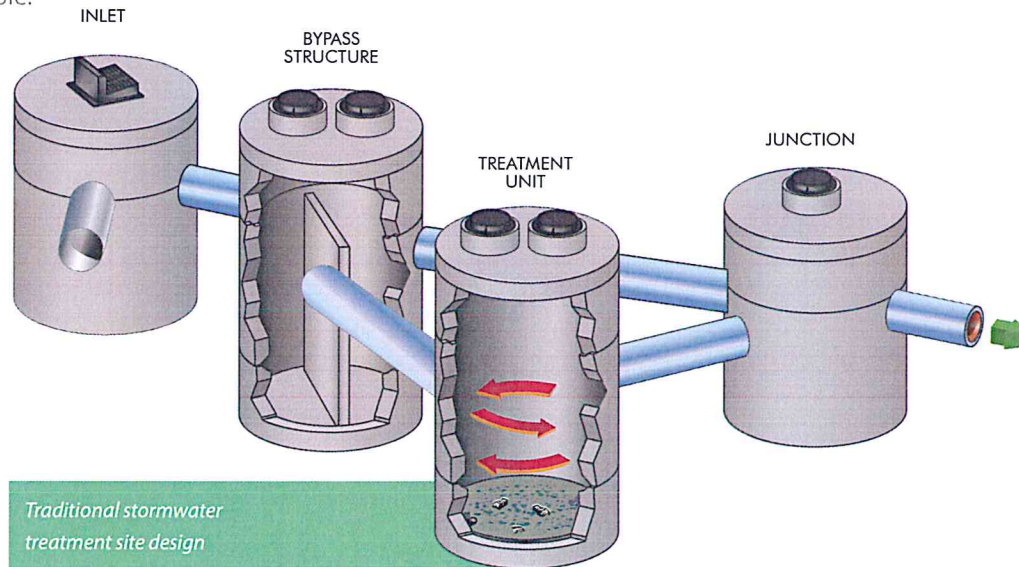
Traditional approaches to trash control typically involve "direct screening" that can easily become clogged, as trash is pinned to the screen as water passes through. Clogged screens can lead to flooding as water backs up. The design of the CDS screen is fundamentally different. Flow is introduced to the screen face which is louvered so that it is smooth in the downstream direction. The effect created is called "Continuous Deflective Separation." The power of the incoming flow is harnessed to continually shear debris off the screen and to direct trash and sediment toward the center of the separation cylinder.



# CDS® Design Configuration

## Why use traditional stormwater design when ONE system can do it all ...

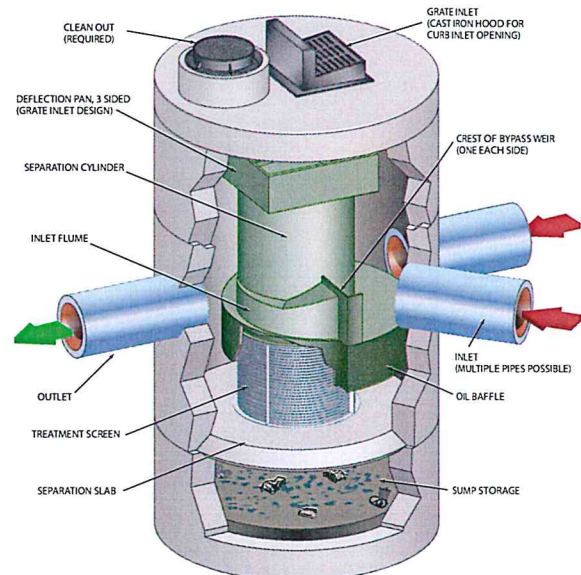
The CDS effectively treats stormwater runoff while reducing the number of structures on your site. Inline, offline, grate inlet, and drop inlet configurations available. Internal and external peak bypass options also available.



A Traditional Stormwater Treatment Site Design  
would require several structures on your site.  
With CDS, one system can do it all!

## CDS® Advantages

- Grate inlet option available
- Internal bypass weir
- Accepts multiple inlets at a variety of angles
- Advanced hydrodynamic separator
- Captures and retains 100% of floatables and neutrally buoyant debris 4.7 mm or larger
- Indirect screening capability keeps screen from clogging
- Retention of all captured pollutants, even at high flows
- Performance verified by NJCAT, WA Ecology, and ETV Canada



Learn More:

[www.ContechES.com/cds](http://www.ContechES.com/cds)



# CDS® Applications

CDS is commonly used in the following stormwater applications:

- Stormwater quality control – trash, debris, sediment, and hydrocarbon removal
- Urban retrofit and redevelopment
- Inlet and outlet protection
- Pretreatment for filtration, detention/infiltration, bioretention, rainwater harvesting systems, and Low Impact Development designs



*CDS® provides trash control*



*CDS® pretreats a bioswale*

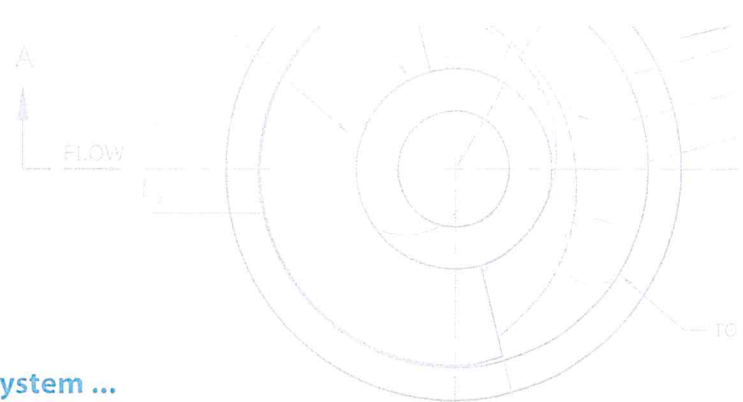
## Select CDS® Certifications and Verifications

CDS has been verified by some of the most stringent stormwater technology evaluation organizations in North America, including:

- Washington State Department of Ecology (GULD) - Pretreatment
- New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (NJDEP)
- Canadian Environmental Technology Verification (ETV)
- California Statewide Trash Amendments Full Capture System Certified\*

*\*The CDS System has been certified by the California State Water Resources Control Board as a Full Capture System provided that it is sized to treat the peak flow rate from the region specific 1-year, 1-hour design storm, or the peak flow capacity of the corresponding storm drain, whichever is less.*

**Save time, space and money with CDS**



## CDS® Maintenance

### Select a cost-effective and easy-to-access treatment system ...

Systems vary in their maintenance needs, and the selection of a cost-effective and easy-to-access treatment system can mean a huge difference in maintenance expenses for years to come.

A CDS unit is designed to minimize maintenance and make it as easy and inexpensive as possible to keep our systems working properly.

#### INSPECTION

Inspection is the key to effective maintenance. Pollutant deposition and transport may vary from year to year and site to site. Semi-annual inspections will help ensure that the system is cleaned out at the appropriate time. Inspections should be performed more frequently where site conditions may cause rapid accumulation of pollutants.



*Most CDS® units can easily be cleaned within thirty minutes.*

#### RECOMMENDATIONS FOR CDS MAINTENANCE

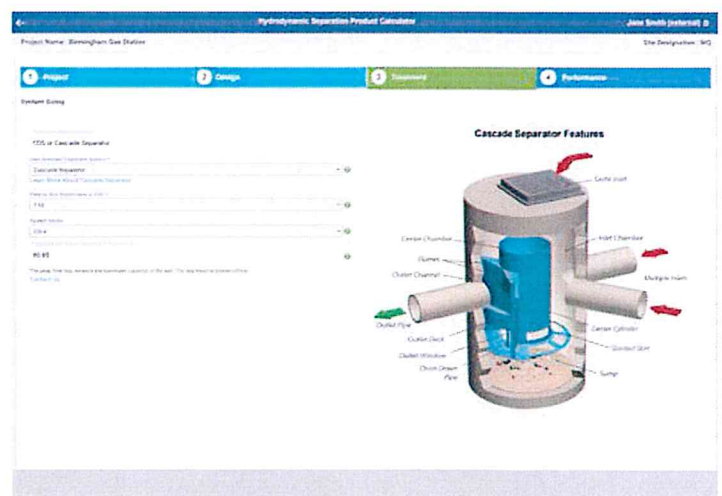
The recommended cleanout of solids within the CDS unit's sump should occur at 75% of the sump capacity. Access to the CDS unit is typically achieved through two manhole access covers – one allows inspection and cleanout of the separation chamber and sump, and another allows inspection and cleanout of sediment captured and retained behind the screen. A vacuum truck is recommended for cleanout of the CDS unit and can be easily accomplished in less than 30 minutes for most installations.

## Hydrodynamic Separator Selection & Sizing Tool

### Quickly prepare designs for estimates and project meetings ...

Part of the Contech Design Center, this free, online tool fully automates the layout process for identifying the proper hydrodynamic separator for your site.

- Multiple sizing methods available.
- Site-specific questions ensure the selected unit will comply with site constraints.
- Multiple treatment options may be available based on regulations and site parameters.
- Follow up reports contain a site-specific design, sizing summary, standard detail, and specification.



Learn More:

[www.ContechES.com/designcenter](http://www.ContechES.com/designcenter)



# A partner you can rely on



STORMWATER  
SOLUTIONS



PIPE  
SOLUTIONS



STRUCTURES  
SOLUTIONS

Few companies offer the wide range of high-quality stormwater resources you can find with us — state-of-the-art products, decades of expertise, and all the maintenance support you need to operate your system cost-effectively.

## THE CONTECH WAY

Contech® Engineered Solutions provides innovative, cost-effective site solutions to engineers, contractors, and developers on projects across North America. Our portfolio includes bridges, drainage, erosion control, retaining wall, sanitary sewer and stormwater management products.

## TAKE THE NEXT STEP

For more information: [www.ContechES.com](http://www.ContechES.com)

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## **TECHNICAL OPERATIONS MANUAL**

retain-it, LLC  
560 Salmon Brook Street  
Granby, CT 06035  
(860) 413-3050



retain-it ®

## Technical Operations Manual

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- Storage and Attenuation Modules

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- Daily Operation and Long Term Maintenance

- System Operation

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- Visual Inspection Guide

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  - Pollution Storage Capacities

    - Oil and Grease

    - Sediments

    - Trash and Debris

- Standard Maintenance

- Emergency Spill Conditions

Sample Maintenance Log

## **Description**

retain-it ® is a subsurface Storm Water Management system constructed of precast concrete structures. They are installed in a side by side configuration creating a continuous internal flow channel integrated throughout the system. Systems are constructed with designated inlet and outlet modules, some with multiple inlets and outlets depending on the site storm water system layout. Infiltration systems typically have an inlet and sidewalls/ base constructed on a stone infiltration blanket with geofabric installed at the native soil interface. Other systems incorporate outlet flow control devices. Detention systems are typically lined with a watertight membrane and have inlet and outlet control devices.

The retain-it ® system can consist of multiple varying layouts, with no two the same. Given this, it should be noted that the operation and maintenance requirements are very similar regardless of the intended layout. It is important that the end user know the specific elements of each system so as to understand how best to optimize it's operation.

## **Engineering Design Specifications**

The maintenance staff should be familiar with the engineering design specifications. Staff should obtain the approved drawings, specifications and calculations for review. Although, most systems are similar in design and installation, some have design specifics that may require special operation and maintenance procedures.



## System components

The systems are broken down into modules designed for various applications. The following generally describes the basic modules and related functions. See plan for system layout.

**Standard Structure modules:** consist of varying configurations of a similar precast concrete structure. In general, the footprint of all modules is 8' x 8'. The height is determined by the hydraulic design requirements and is manufactured in 3', 4' & 5' or custom ordered sizes (inside height dimension) increments. The roof/base is an H-20 loading, 8" thick (roof)/6" thick (base), in some cases cast into the legs (walls) of the structure. In other cases, the unit will be specified to be installed "upside down" with a separate 8" thick slab applied as a roof section. It is not uncommon for an access hole to be specified in the units' roof sections. Wall sections typically include some combination of solid or perforated sections with beams, weirs, orifices or an open window section developing internal flow channels within the system. Depending on the design, any possible combination can be found, and shall be referenced on the design drawing.

Typically, the modules are placed on 6" of structural stone leveling pad wrapped in a Mirafi 140 N (or 160 N) geofabric. Detention systems require a minimum of a 30 mil HDPE water tight liner with padded material to protect against rips or tears.

**Inlet/Outlet modules:** consist of a modified standard structure designed to receive the on-site drain pipes, directing flows into or out of the system. They may also consist of a structure with an inlet grate installed on top of the roof slab. In some cases the module shall be installed “upside down” with a separate roof slab.

Depending on the design application, the modules may specify additional “sump” depths at a lower elevation than the rest of the system or the installation of precast concrete splash pads, outlet elbows and tees, or flow splitter devices. Other modules may have a trash rack grate or filter installed. Outlet modules typically have flow control devices such as riser pipes with orifices and overflow weirs. Some have connections to under drain systems installed in the stone base.

Typically the inlet/outlet pipes will be installed in precast holes with size, location and elevation as determined by design. On watertight systems (detention) a rubber boot shall be supplied for a watertight connection between the structures, the water tight membrane and the pipe. On recharge systems (infiltration) a hole will be supplied and a masonry filled joint will suffice. On internal elbows and tees a hole will be supplied per specification and a masonry filled joint or an optional rubber boot may be used for installing pipes. Additional pipe straps may be specified.

These modules generally are supplied with a minimum 24” diameter access manhole to grade for inspection and maintenance purposes. Design options may specify alternative access methods, including larger diameter manholes, hatchways, ladders and safety features. Please note that entering a completed system is considered a “confined space” governed by all pertinent OSHA requirements for entry.



**Storage and Attenuation Channel modules:** consist of a standard structure with varying configurations of solid/perforated walls, internal beams, weirs, and open “windows” as per design specification. All internal flow control devices’ sizes, locations, shapes, elevations and general configurations shall be per design specifications. Internal flow channel configuration shall be per hydraulic design. Storage modules number and size are designed to contain a given volume, whereas the schematic layout configuration determines the hydraulic flow routing.

In general, the storage and attenuation channel modules dictate the average module height. Note that the “base” of the system is thus designated as the bottom of the module structure, where additional depth below the “base” indicates the structural stone leveling layer with the fabric wrap and shall be credited for additional storage volume. All elevations above the “base” describe the module storage volume, the structure column and cover requirements to finish grade.

**Treatment and Specialized modules:** consist of standard structures that have been modified to perform some form of water quality treatment or the conditioning of flow characteristics for a specific application. Configurations including elevation and dimensional specific locations, hydraulically sized control piping, under drains, pumps, flow control devices, or solids/liquid storage areas specified to design.

In storm water management applications, treatment units are used for oil and water separation, trash and debris collection or suspended solids separation. But configurations for advance treatment may incorporate chemical additive pumps, recirculation pumps, screens, filters, absorbent pads, sand or media filters or other design specifications.

Others system types include pumps for water harvesting, sumps, flow splitters, velocity reduction inducers or other configurations per design specification.

These modules shall all be equipped with a minimum 24" diameter access manhole for inspection and maintenance.



## **General Operations Guide**

**Installation per Design:** Operation is simple to follow where the installation was performed in accordance with the design specifications, drawings and calculations. Specifics shall be identified in the design drawings. As-built drawings will benefit the locating of specific design modules where the system has been buried below a parking lot area. Optional access manholes or removable grates may be installed above every inlet/outlet pipe and at critical design elements designated by the design.

**Daily Operation and Long Term Maintenance:** In general, daily usage of the system is self sufficient and will operate without requiring any outside assistance, except for periodic inspection to verify optimal performance and maintenance for removal of collected pollutants. A longer term maintenance program should incorporate a more thorough inspection of the all elements of the system to verify proper operating condition. This is more important with the infiltration type of systems where the soil infiltration surface may become restricted due to fine particle build up. Long term maintenance should include provisions for cleaning and removal of collected solids, oils and debris from the system.

**System Operation:** The system operational function is initiated according to rainfall runoff flows entering the structure. Internally, the runoff flows in a set pattern or sequence throughout the module layout in accordance with the hydraulic design conditions. The flows primarily operate on system head derived from the changes in elevation from the internal water surface and the outlet invert elevation. Some designs incorporate internal flow controls to satisfy hydraulic conditions that enhance water quality treatment or other intended purposes. Modified systems may incorporate a pump, but in general there are no mechanical apparatus required.

End user operations primarily consist of inspection and maintenance of the system over time.

**Periodic Inspection:** Important note - All storm water management systems react differently depending on the conditions that are characteristic to the contributing water shed. Variables such as storm intensity, runoff flow rates, site geology, surface stabilization and pollution load will affect the system operation. As does the inspection and maintenance frequency to ensure optimum effectiveness.

Inspections should be done periodically, with a greater number scheduled during the system start up and less frequently as the operator becomes familiar with the system performance characteristics. It is recommended that the end user keep records of the performance using the inspection log record sheet found in the back of this manual. These records shall identify the cycle of maintenance “system calibration” required for the specific applications based on the contributing water shed variables operating under “normal” conditions.

Please note that immediate maintenance may be required during “non-normal” events such as during adverse weather conditions or emergency fuel spills. See information on emergency spills in this manual.

Visual inspection of all assessable components shall be performed throughout the lifetime of the system. Access has been supplied at critical points to monitor hydraulic performance and removed pollutants buildup.



**Standard Maintenance:**

After construction has been completed and all disturbed surfaces have been stabilized by means of vegetation, asphalt or concrete surfaces, and all drainage system components have been constructed and are free of construction debris and sediments; then the storm water management system can be considered in an operational status.

Periodic visual inspections will help to identify issues of concern. The usual indicators are signs of slow flows, backed up water, visible oil, trash and debris or an excessive amount of sediment in the storage area.

Normal operational flows can be observed to flow freely at the predicted design elevations, from the inlet to the outlet module, following a serpentine path thru the storage and attenuation modules. Note that some modules are designed to permanently retain water where others may hold water and slowly release it over a typical 24 hour period. During a storm water event, the flows and water surface elevations will fluctuate from a low flow to a high flow/ storage status. The storage modules should fill during the event and drain down within a 24 hour period after the event has stopped. All pipes, orifices, weirs and standpipes should pass flows freely and at optimum capacity.

Standard maintenance is performed using a vacuum truck to suction the accumulated sediments, oils and greases and trash and debris from the system. Whereas an on-site maintenance staff can remove these items by hand, it is preferred that the vacuum truck be used as dictated by specific system conditions. When a specialized module designed to have a permanent water level is used, the vacuum truck should pump the liquid level down to inspect the below water elevation structures and sump storage areas.

Oils and greases can be handled by on-site staff by utilizing absorbent products that soak up the oils (and not) converting the oils from a liquid into a manageable solid form. These oil soaked absorbent materials should be disposed of in an approved manner.

Sediments, trash and debris shall be removed and disposed of in an approved manner.

Any indications of hazardous material, determined by visual inspection, testing, smell or abnormality, should be reported and handled per appropriate regulations.

## **Flow Conditions**

System operators should familiarize themselves with proper hydraulic flow condition indicators, acceptable depths of sedimentation, debris and trash build up, and concentrations of oils and greases.

*Hydraulic flow conditions* are those that are established by the design as either a flow/storage or as a water quality treatment function. Both have performance characteristics that can be visually identified so as to determine the effective and efficient operation of the system.

The engineering design drawings should note the various expected water surface level elevations that are achieved during different design storms within the various modules. Since it is difficult for a visual inspection to coincide with the exact time given water elevations are predicted, the following guidelines are given for evaluation.



## **Visual Inspection Guide:**

### Internal Flow Evaluation

Low flow: water should flow freely from the inlet to the outlet, travelling the intended attenuation path thru the system with the water surface elevation below the structure beam height (12" deep), the system should drain completely 24 hours after a storm event,

Medium flow: the system should hold and maintain a water level during the 24 hour storm event and yet continually fill as the storm increases or drain downward as the event recedes. Flow within the system should occur freely from inlet to outlet only being restricted when a flow control structure has been integrally designed in place. Flow control devices may result in a water level backing up either temporarily or permanently; noting devices such as water quality modules may require a permanent water level to operate properly (see water quality treatment). Other system applications should drain completely 24 hours after a storm event.

High flow: the system should fill to the maximum design storm water level elevation (hydraulic grade line) per design. In most cases, that is the highest storage elevation available in the system, at the underside of the module top slab, or the invert of the overflow pipe. As the storm event recedes, the water level should begin to drain down via flow thru the system and discharge. The system should drain completely within 24 hours after a storm event.

## **Pollutant Storage Capacities**

### Oil and Grease

Oil and Grease Collection (with optional Oil water separator module specified) - Oil and grease accumulation is generally a function related to vehicle parking lot and drive areas, oil generating land uses or emergency spill conditions. It is important to maintain the system from accumulating excessive volumes of oils in that they may wash over into other sections of the system potentially clogging and reducing the infiltration capacity, blocking control devices and contaminating the overall system. The following standards apply.

Oil should not accumulate more than a visible sheen on the water surface in the oil water separation module only. A sheen is described as a fine, thin oil layer on the water surface identified by the glossy rainbow colors. A dipstick (dry wooden stick) can be used as a probe to determine the thickness of oil on the surface.

Accumulated oils could be associated with insufficient maintenance or a potential large volume oil resource. Any accumulation of oil should be promptly maintained by an experienced waste handler. Emergency spills such as those generated by an accidental spill shall be contained and removed immediately before the next storm event. Spills shall be handled in accordance with local environmental regulations. See spill and accumulated oil maintenance procedures.



## Sediments

Sediments (with optional primary grit module or sedimentation modules specified) - Sediments shall be periodically removed from the system as they accumulate within the designated storage modules. The inlet modules are generally equipped with a sediment storage sump located in the base of the inlet structure. Inspection should be performed after major storm events or a minimum of annually, unless a different inspection cycle has been determined to be sufficient. Inspection shall consist of using a probe to determine the presence of and depth of the accumulated solids. Access is via the 24" manhole.

Note that excessive volumes of sediments will reduce the performance and efficiency of the system. Regional accumulations of solids such as those associated with ice and snow, may result in large springtime volumes of sand and gravels used for traction and ice control.

## Trash and Debris

Trash and Debris (with optional trash and debris module specified) - Trash and debris accumulates in the inlet module in three forms; floating debris, neutrally buoyant, and heavy material. The floating debris is visible from the access manhole floating on the water surface in the form of but not limited to wood, paper, plastic, foam, bottles and cans. The neutrally buoyant material resides below the surface and combines with the natural flow regime of the system. It is hard to detect and can only be recognized when at a high concentration appears as a thickening of the water viscosity. Heavier material will simply settle to the sump base and combine with the sediments.

Note that trash and debris typically cause the most problems when they become lodged in a flow control device such as an outlet elbow, riser pipe, and orifice or weir structure. This can be detected visibly when the system is pumped down during maintenance. It can also be evaluated as a condition when flow is impeded and the water level backs up higher than the design elevations.

## **Emergency Spill Conditions (with optional emergency spill control module specified):**

Emergency spill conditions are defined as an excessive accumulation of hydrocarbons such as oil, gasoline, diesel fuel, transmission oil or antifreeze usually resulting from an accidental discharge. Excessive accumulation is described as any amount larger than a thin "sheen" visible on the water surface.

Care should be given in handling these types of fluids. The incident should be reported to the appropriate authorities and should be mitigated by a hazardous waste consultant approved for such matters.



retain-it ®

Maintenance Log

Storm Water Management System

Location:

ID #:

Date

Inspection Notes

Inspector

**Note the following conditions:**

Inlet Module

Outlet Module

Water Quality Module

Oil Elbow

Oil Accumulation

Sedimentation Accumulation

Trash and Debris Quantity

Flow Conditions

Flow Control Outlet Structure

Overflow Pipe

## **APPENDIX J: REFERENCES AND SOURCES**



## **References and Sources:**

- Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook and Stormwater Standards, February 2008
- City of Methuen Code of Ordinances, Revised September, 2017
- City of Methuen GIS database,  
<https://mimap.mvpc.org/map/index.html?viewer=Methuen>
- United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service, Web Soil Survey